The Fresno Weekly Republican.

VOL. XXIII. FRESNO, FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1899.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION

City of Angels in All Her Glory.

Fifteen Thousand Teachers Will Be Present.

The City is Beautifully Decorated and the Teachers Are Being Royally Entertained.

LOS ANGELES, July 10.—It is conservatively estimated that tonight there are 8000 teachers in the city, and when the president's gavel falls tomorrow at the opening session of the N.E.A. convention this number will be reinforced by large delegations from the far East and one or two of the middle states. Indeed, not until Wednesday morning will the special flyer from Chicago arrive with the Illinois contingent. As the New York guests have telegraphed ahead that eighty rooms be reserved for them, it is confidently asserted that when registration is completed there will be names of over 10,000 teachers on the rolls as being in attendance on their convention. And the preparations for their reception are all completed. At 8 o'clock this evening as one instantaneous flash over 10,000 incandescent and 500 arc lights twinkled welcome to the multitudes that lined the principal streets. And these were in addition to the ordinary city lights, and the efforts of the merchants who have in very many instances lighted up their premises with lights in variegated colors. The park, upon which the pavilion faces and wherein the general sessions of the convention will be held, is made bright as day, and a band is entertaining the throng that fills every avenue.

When the work of the convention begins tomorrow it will be carried on in specialized form, each department having its own meeting place and an opportunity being thus afforded for the teachers to attend to the department work in which they have special interest and also participate in the various forms of recreation provided. The city teachers have kept open house at the headquarters and have dispensed luscious fruit with fruit punch and lemonade to the visiting teachers. The reception rooms were transferred into a bower of roses and presented a typical appearance. Tomorrow will also be set apart as a Los Angeles day and the local teachers will again receive their incoming guests.

This afternoon between 200 and 300 of the visitors went on a special excursion to Mount Lowe and after dark viewed the expanse beneath, dotted with towns, and in the distance the Pacific ocean in the light of the immense search light at the observatory. The descent was made and the party returned by 10 o'clock.

But while sight seeing has monopolized the attention of some, the attendance at the opening session of the Indian school service institute was quite large, there being nearly 1000 teachers present.

Mayor Eaton extended the hospitality of the city to the assembled visitors and was supported by the leading educators of the state. Major R. H. Pratt of the Carlisle school was among those who responded. He made a strong plea for the education of Indian children and stated that he had come to the institute to fight, and intended setting forth some plain truths while in the city. Dr. Merrill Gates, former president of Amherst college, and now secretary to the Board of Indian Commissioners, stted that the pupils at the Carlisle school will earn this year $25,000 by their own work during the summer vacation.

The band from the Indian school at Perris and also the girls mandolin club from the same school won credit for the several selections rendered. Several of these boys have recently been selected to form part of the band the government purposes sending to the Paris exposition. When the second session of the national council of education was called to order this morning by the president, Professor A. K. Taylor, principal of the normal school at Emporia, Kansas, there was a large attendance of delegates. An interesting report on school hygiene was read by Hon. W. T. Harris, United States commissioner of education, Washington, D.C., it having been prepared by the following committee, appointed by President Schaeffer at the meeting of the department of superintendence at Chattanooga, Tenn., last year: W. T. Harris, Washington, D.C.; F. A. Hill, Boston, Mass.; J. R. Kirk, Jefferson City, Mo., F. Soldan, St. Louis; A. P. Marble, New York; E. O. Lyte, Millersville, Pa., W. E. Wilson, Providence, R.I.; W. L. Bryan, Bloomington, Ind., and W. A. Mowry, Hyde Park, Mass.

A discussion followed the reading of the report with the result that a committee was appointed to present to the board of directors a request from the superintendents of the different departments asking that the former recommended appropriation of $1200 to be used as premiums for prize essays on school hygiene and for the purpose of defraying expenses of further investigations along the line of proper school room ventilation. The committee appointed is as follows: Professor A. R. Taylor of Emporia, Kas., the president of the national council; Dr. Harris of Washington, D.C.; Dr. George P. Brown of Illinois; Dr. King, of Iowa, and Dr. Aaron of Colorado.

A lengthy and comprehensive paper was read by Professor Charles Keyes, principal of the high school at Holyoke, Mass., on the differentiation has obtained in practice, and ended at the justification for each type of school. Professor Keys proceeded to draw a few warranlable conclusions.

"The existence of so many courses," he remarked, "is due to the conviction that there is no warrant for the assumption that either the same order or same combination of studies is the best means to highest self realization for all pupils. Judged by the completeness with which they help those who receive their training to make the most of themselves, those courses may be said to stand on nearly or quite equal footing. As preparation for life's work, the course of a good latin school, that of an English high school, or that of a scientific school seem equally efficient and equally deficient. The power one gets from history and science another gleans from classics and mathematics, and so on. The failure that one makes of latin another makes of mathematics, and still a third of history. The reasonable deduction is not simply election of courses, but election of subjects.

Must not the ideal high school cease to prescribe any but the essential tool of progress? If its business is to give the pupil four years of opportunity 'to make the most of himself' in a high sense of the expression, must it not content itself with insisting that he shall do four full years of thorough work, comprising continuous effort along some line, and such additional subjects as he, under wise council, shall elect."

The report of the committee on state normal schools presented by Professor Z. X. Snyder, president of the state normal school at Greeley, Colo., dealt with the function of the normal school in relation to the faculty; those preparing to teach; the child; the social mind or society; and the subjects to be studied. Valuable statistics were embodied in the report, the data on the several subjects dealt with representing the labor of all the members of the committee. In concluding, Professor Snyder said:

"The preparation of teachers for the elementary schools has everywhere been regarded as the special function of the state normal schools, although where the means were at hand, very excellent work has been done in the preparation of teachers for high schools and academies. Some states have made provision for a general system of normal schools; others have centered their efforts upon one large institution. The latter plan has made it easier to adopt as a satisfactory standard of admission, but from the nature of the case, it has failed to supply teachers in sufficient numbers for all the rural schools. The states with a system of normal schools have thus far not succeeded in furnishing an adequate supply of teachers trained at normal schools. New York has gone farthest in the direction of requiring candidates to avail themselves of professional training.

Professor L. D. Harvey, Superintendent of Public Instruction at Madison, Wis., read a paper on the subject: "Do We Need a University Trust?" in which he has summed up the problems offering for solution: (1) How to secure to the people of the respective states the highest grade of instructional work possible in the regular collegiate courses and at the same time to convince the people generally that this is the first notice of the university. (2) To organize those departments of graduate work for which there is the greatest demand, not from the professors, but from graduates from the collegiate courses to the extent to which the funds available will warrant, after provision is made for carrying on the undergraduate work at the highest degree of efficiency.

(3) To limit the number of lines of graduate work offered so as to make it possible for facilities for doing whatever increasing the demands for appropriations so as to weaken the support of the people through their representatives in the legislature.

At the evening session Dr. E. C. Hewitt, Bloomington, Ills., read an interesting paper on "Psychology for the Teacher," basing his remarks on recent articles in the Atlantic Monthly and the Educational Review by Professor Hugo Munsterberg of Cambridge.

The piece de resistance of the session was the paper read by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Columbia University, New York, on the "Educational Progress of the Year."

There will be one more session of the national council Tuesday morning and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon the N.E.A. convention proper will open.

MINING ACCIDENT.

An Explosion in a Calaveras Mine.

SAN ANDREAS, July 10.—Telephonic information has just been received of an accident at the Melones mine, at Robinson's Ferry, seven miles below Angel's Camp. Nicholas May, an employe, was blown to pieces by an explosion of giant powder. The explosion happened in the tunnel and was of such magnitude as to bring down the overhanging walls of loose rock. Three miners were at work beyond the explosion and are imprisoned alive in the tunnel tonight. W. C. Ralston, manager of the mine, is having everything done in his power to reach the men before they are suffocated. The explosion was heard ten miles away. May has a brother at Sonora. The names of the imprisoned miners cannot be had tonight.

This group of mines, controlled and leased developed under the management of William C. Ralston, extends in a line to Carson hill, in the direction of Angel's Camp. The South Carolina tunnel runs a distance of 3000 feet through the chain of claims. It was in this tunnel that the shift of miners were working.

May, the man killed by the explosion, came to the mouth of the tunnel with the first lot of men quitting work for the day. Apparently he had forgotten something and re-entered the tunnel. Not long afterward came the awful explosion, which cannot be explained satisfactorily tonight. The explanation is advanced that May committed suicide. If this be the case he did not know of his three fellow workmen who were further along in the tunnel, or perhaps he did not care and set the powder off regardless of results.

The terrific explosion, heard for miles around, brought down enough rock in the tunnel to shut the remaining three miners off from escape. A fearful volume of powder smoke will suffocate them before the rescuers can reach them. A large shift of men is at work clearing the fallen rock as rapidly as possible. The fragments of May's body were brought to the surface tonight.

ADMIRAL DEWEY.

Program Citizens of Washington Have for His Reception.

NEW YORK, July 10.—A special to the World from Washington says:

A letter has been sent to Admiral Dewey, through Secretary Long, telling him of the program citizens of Washington have arranged for his reception. Secretary Long will present to Admiral Dewey on the east front of the capitol in the presence of the President and citizens of Washington the sword voted to him by congress. The President has approved the program.

TAMMANY FOR BRYAN.

A Tammanyite Says They Will Follow Bryan Anywhere.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Colonel "Timmie" Oliver, a well known New York politician, and a member of Tammany Hall, is in the city on his way to Alaska. He asserts that the rank and file of Tammany Hall will be "solid" for Bryan.

When asked if Tammany would stand a free silver platform he promptly replied: Tammany will endorse and follow Bryand anywhere even if the party were to put sheetiron into the platform.

Schilling's Best tea sold only in Packages

RAILROAD ACCIDENT

Two Lady Delegates Killed.

Special Passenger Runs Into a Freight.

Thirteen Other Passengers More or Less Seriously Injured.

STOCKTON, July 10.—A Burlington special train of nine coaches, on the way from St. Louis to Los Angeles, loaded with teachers to attend the National Educational Association convention, now in session, crashed into a freight train within 200 yards of the depot at Newman, Stanislaus county, at 2:30 this morning, with the result that two ladies were killed and thirteen other passengers injured.

The train was going at the rate of forty miles an hour, and the freight train was taking water on the main track.

The freight immediately took fire, and an empty coach, way car and three flatcars were burned. The members of the Newman Volunteer Fire Department turned out and it was through their efforts that the remainder of the freight train was saved and that the passenger train did not catch on fire at all.

There were no baggage cars between the locomotive of the special and the tourist sleeper, so, when the collision came, the tender of the locomotive crashed into the sleeper, killing the two ladies in the forward berth and injuring thirteen other occupants of the same car. The fact of there being no baggage car between the engine and the sleeper caused a great deal of comment at Newman, where it is believed that, had the baggage car been in place there would have been no one killed and but few, if any, injured. None of the other coaches left the track.

The passengers of the special are, for the most part, stopping at the Russ House, where they are being cared for, and word has been sent by the Southern Pacific Company that all the special passengers will be taken to San Francisco on the 2 o'clock train today, while the bodies of the killed will be shipped East tomorrow.

No one was allowed to look at the bodies this morning, pending the arrival of the Coroner, who was expected at noon.

Following is the list of the killed and injured:

KILLED.

MISS ADDIE HARRIS, No. 3025 Dillingham street, St. Louis.

MRS. LENA THOMPSON, Seneca Falls, New York.

Injured: Miss Clara Morehouse, No. 211 Upton avenue, Battle Creek, Mich.; Mrs. Elizabeth White, 1256 Isadore street, St. Louis; Miss May Oliver, 2322 Virginia avenue, St. Louis; Miss Edna Duglish, 2622 Washington avenue, St. Louis; Miss Sallie H. Smith, 3634 West Pine street, St. Louis; Miss Gertrude Rosenberg, 1119 Rutger street, St. Louis; Miss Lucila Wehmeier, 333 Koskiusko street, St. Louis; Edwin D. Luckey, 1332 Union boulevard St. Louis; Robert G. Mills, Lake Creston, S. D.; Miss G. L. Morse, Philadelphia; Calvin Bullock, St. Louis.

Miss Harris was instantly killed, the side of her head being crushed in. She was taken out dead. Mrs. Thompson, a neiderly lady, lived about five minutes after being taken from the wreck but did not speak.

A special telephone message to the Mail states that the freight train should have taken the siding at Ingomar, but that the orders had been picked up by some outsider, whose name could not be learned. The Burlington special had the right of way over the Southern Pacific track; but a statement is also made that there was no light out back of the freight train, which consisted of twenty-eight cars. The train hands all refuse to talk or make any statement whatever.

The Coroner arrived on the scene at 1 o'clock, and it was expected that the inquest would be held within an hour.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—The Eastern passengers who were on the sleeping car which was wrecked in the railroad collision at Newman, arrived in this city tonight. None of them were seriously hurt and all went to hotels.

Mr. Robert Mills, of Lake Preston, South Dakota, who was reported to have been badly injured, stated that his wounds were slight. He was hit on the head and fainted but soon recovered, but little the worse for his experience.

Mis Eliza White of St. Louis, who was erroneously stated to have died of her injuries, was more frightened than hurt, though she had a marvelous escape. She was in an upper berth and was caught between the top of the tender and the roof of the sleeper. She was extricated from her perilous position with much difficulty. Miss May Oliver, of St. Louis, had one ankle badly sprained, and this was the worst injuries sustained by any of the survivors.

The bodies of the two dead ladies were left at Newman and will be sent to their former homes after the inquest.

Mr. R. R. Holt, of St. Louis, occupied an upper berth in the second tier from the front of the car. When he heard the shock of the collision he jumped to the floor and alighted uninjured. He thought that the train had fallen through a bridge but when he saw by the light of the blazing freight cars ahead what had happened, he reassured the ladies that the train had been derailed and all managed to make hasty toilettes. Before the train to which the survivors were transferred reached this city, agents of the railroad had settled with the passengers for their individual losses. They were detained an hour at Tracey, near the San Joaquin river, by the derailing of a portion of a train just ahead of them on which were the members of the Twentieth Century Club of America, but fortunately the accident, caused by a misplaced switch, had no serious results.

The people who have thus been diverted from their route to the Educational Convention at Los Angeles, will proceed to that city tomorrow. They are all anxious for their Eastern friends and relatives to know that all are well and in good spirits, notwithstanding their unpleasant experiences. Most of them, however, saved little or nothing from the wreck and will in some cases be obliged to almost entirely replenish their wardrobes. None know just how the accident occurred, as nearly all were asleep at the time.

TRACEY, July 10.—The last four cars of the regular passenger train from Los Angeles were derailed by the frog of a switch at his place about 4 o'clock this afternoon. No one was injured and the division superintendent being on the train the passengers were quickly transferred and inside of twenty minutes were again on their way to San Francisco.

RUSSIA'S CROWN PRINCE

Grand Duke George, Brother to the Czar, No More.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 10.—The Grand Duke George, brother to the Czar, is dead.

He was the Czarewitch, the nearest heir to the throne, the three children of Emperor Nicholas all being girls. Since the ascension of Nicholas Grand Duke George has been the duly recognized Crown Prince, though it was known, of course, that the birth of a son to his brother might at any time deprive him of that position.

The Grand Duke George of Russia was born April 27, 1871, and had been in ill health for a number of years, suffering from consumption.

The late apparent died at the imperial palace in the Caucasus, where he had been residing for his health.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

The Sperry Flour Co.'s Mill at Chico Burned.

CHICO, July 11.—The most destructive fire ever seen in Chico occurred here this afternoon at 4 o'clock when fire was discovered in the engine room of the Sperry Flour Company mill. Despite the desperate efforts of the mill hands and farm employes the flames spread rapidly to all parts of the building. The large warehouse adjoining was soon in flames, the heat being so intense that the firemen were driven back. The tall water tower and stables of General Bidwell caught from cinders and it appeared as though the Bidwell mansion would also be destroyed, but willing helpers saved this magnificent mansion. A strong south wind prevailed at the time and carried the burning brands several miles in the country. Several grain fields started by the cinders but hundreds of men quenched them before much damage was done.

In the mills and warehouses a large amount of grain was stored, it all being totally destroyed. The loss to the Sperry Company is estimated at $90,000, which is partially covered by insurance. General Bidwell's loss is about $6000 and $2000 insurance.

MRS. MAYBRICK

Will Not Be Liberated But Must Serve Her Term

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Greatly as officials regret it, information received by Secretary Hay from Ambassador Choate leads to the opinion that Mrs. Maybrick will have to remain in prison for the murder of her husband in 1889. Failing in the present effort to secure the woman's release, it is authoritatively stated that the present administration will do nothing further to obtain her freedom.

Ambassador Choate has been doing everything in his power to cause favorable action by the British government upon the request that Mrs. Maybrick be liberated. He has found the higher officials favorable to a compliance with the request, but permanent under officials seem to be of the opinion that the ends of British justice have not yet been served. If Mrs. Maybrick should be compelled to serve out her sentence she will not be set free until 1909. She will begin the eleventh year of her imprisonment in a few days and it had been hoped by the authorities that her release would then be granted.

ANDREW D. WHITE.

Congratulates the Christian Endeavorers.

DETROIT, Mich., July 10.—In response to a cablegram sent by President Clarke after the Christian Endeavor peace conference on Saturday, the following was today received from Andrew D. White, president of the American peace commissioners:

"Clarke, president Christian Endeavor meeting, Detroit: American delegation to peace conference sends sincere thanks for the message and congratulates you and all friends of peace for the great success achieved prevailing for a permanent tribunal of arbitration. WHITE, President.

HOLLS, Secretary.

COLUMBIA—DEFENDER

Will Meet Again on the Twentieth of July.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Oliver Iselin said today that the Columbia and Defender will have their next meeting on July 20th. From that time they shall race until one of the boats shall have won three races. The course shall be off Newport.

Weather Conditions.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—Weather conditions and general forecast:

The following maximum temperatures were reported from stations in California today:

Eureka 58, Fresno 100, Los Angeles 75, Red Bluff 98, San Luis Obispo 78, San Diego 70, Sacramento 88, Independence 96, Yuma 102.

The pressure has risen slowly off the coast of California. Elsewhere west of the Rocky Mountains it has remained nearly stationary. Thunder storms are reported in Utah and Southern Idaho.

The temperature has fallen along the central coast of California. In the great valleys of California the temperatures are about normal.

Northern California—Fair Wednesday; northerly winds in the valleys; brisk westerly winds on the coast with fog.

Southern California—Fair Wednesday; fresh westerly winds.

Hanford's Decision.

SEATTLE, July 11.—In the United States district court today Judge Hanford discharged from custody S. A. Sylvester who is wanted in North Dakota for embezzlement. Sylvester has been in jail about one year. The state supreme court ordered him returned to North Dakota, but this decision was disregarded by Judge Hanford who holds that the federal court has jurisdiction over extradition cases.

Good Digestion makes pure blood. Strengthen the stomach with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It will cure your Indigestion and Nervousness.

See that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the Bottle.

LONDON FINANCES

English Money Market Uneasy.

The Rates of Interest Have Not Fallen.

Yet the Universal Cry is There is Not Money Enough to Go Around.

NEW YORK, July 11.—The Times' London financial correspondent cables:

Our money market has been a little topsy turvyish this week. The bill brokers were working the rates down below 2 per cent in the full belief that money will be cheap. It has not fallen as expected. On the contrary, it has been scarce and dear. Instead of paying back all loans due the Bank of England, the market has had to renew a portion, and the bank charged 3½ and for the last two days 4 per cent for three and four day advances. Then the two biggest banks that usually hold from £20,000,000 to £25,000,000 sterling in bills between them have been holding off the market. Either they would not buy at all or they refused to take bills at less than 2½ per cent. The bankers, therefore, were thrown back on floating credits in the market, for which often 2 and sometimes 2½ and 3 per cent has been charged. Even so the Bank of England has been master of the position. Perhaps greater ease will come next week, but in any case extreme cheapness is not possible.

We are doing an enormous trade and a still more enormous finance business as the returns of the bankers' clearing house of the past week prove. They show an increase of £58,000,000 on last year's total for the same week, and at £253,212,000 represent the highest week's total ever known. Throughout the provinces it is just the same. The country banks find local employment for their money and can spare less for London. Gold is still going to Scotland, instead of coming back as it usually does at this period of the year. The foreign banks, too, loan more and more on London, yet the universal cry on the continent is that there is not enough money to go around and the bank of Amsterdam has twice put up its rate within three weeks.

Paris has got through the bourse settlement without a big smash, but the market has been crippled and sulky ever since. Its condition being such that the greatest caution is necessary. Were a bear war to arise, upsetting the Kaffir share market, I am afraid to think what the consequences might be. Both in Paris and here, perhaps knowledge of the danger is the greatest safeguard against war.

India is to have a gold standard. Such is the probable decision of the committee now sitting. This means that £20,000,000 at least in gold must be collected to form a basis of the gold reserve. Money must be borrowed, and doubtless could be with comparative ease, but the effect of this artificial demand for the metal must be important on the rates of discount everywhere and not least here. The bank, perhaps, is keeping a hand on the market in anticipation, and it is quite right to do so in any case, with the home credits demands so great and as affairs are shaping abroad.

The New Mexican conversion loan is granted at by many. "No catch in it shall take my money," old stagers say. Nevertheless the prospect is good for Mexico and not bad for the investors, especially if $5,000,000 of the stock is already sold in New York. That will give Americans an interest in the government of the country, perhaps, to prevent trouble when Diaz' reign is over. Our great fear is lest the Mexican bonds should nearly represent Diaz' life annuity. But meanwhile one big stock deal in one-half dozen big markets is better than a bundle of small ones mostly held by German banks and financiers and for this reason the conversion is likely to be a success.

Copper is admirably manipulated and the thing has some appearance of being able to keep a hold on the market for many months. Iron is also rising and shipyards are feverishly busy.

STRIKE THREATENED.

The Coat Tailors in New York Threaten to Strike.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The coat tailors, it is reported, are preparing to go out on strike for an advance in wages and a reduction of hours of labor. They are said to number between 10,000 and 12,000, and of these 2500 are women and girls. Most of these people formerly belonged to the Brotherhood of Tailors that is affiliated with the United Garment Workers of America, but they bolted and formed an independent national organization.

They are not, however, affiliated with any central body and in the event of a strike it is said they cannot expect any outside aid, not even from the clothing cutters.

The Brotherhood of Tailors now numbers about 1000 members, but these have better wages and are generally better off than the independents. Some time ago the independent union asked the United Garment Workers whether it would support it in the event of a strike, and were told that it would not, unless the independents were better organized. Nevertheless, the independents held a mass meeting last week and speeches were delivered urging the men to go out on strike.

Henry White, general secretary of the United Garment Workers, said: "The independents asked us several times to stand by them in a strike; but we told them that they must first organize thoroughly. I believe that the men will strike, but strikes of the east side have always been costly affairs and I do not think that we will have anything to do with the coming strike. The men will probably win as this is the busy season, but in six weeks they will lose all the ground that they may win, because they always become lax and careless after a victory."

Will Go Free.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—Lewis McElroy, the young porter of Hotel Richelieu, this city, who is charged with stealing $5000 worth of jewelry from a trunk of a guest, will escape punishment. The goods have been recovered and are safe in the custody of Chief of Police Lees, and word has been sent to Chicago, where McElroy was captured, that because of the unwillingness of the woman who was robbed to prosecute McElroy would have to be released. Mrs. Wolff a wealthy widow, from whom the goods were stolen, is a resident of Boston.

TEXAS FLOOD.

The Life Saving Bureau Report Much Good Work Done.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The life saving bureau has received the following telegram from Superintendent Hutchings at Galveston, Texas, who with a force of life savers, had been operating in the flooded districts:

"Have rescued 512 people. Seven to fifteen feet of water on the cotton and cane plantations. Some drowned; many narrow escapes. Have surf boat and borrowed boat and seven men operating now under keepers. Water receding."

Delicious Hot Biscuit

are made with Royal Baking Powder, and are the most appetizing, healthful and nutritious of foods.

Hot biscuit made with impure and adulterated baking powder are neither appetizing nor wholesome.

It all depends upon the baking powder.

Take every care to have your biscuit made with Royal, which is a pure cream of tartar baking powder, if you would avoid indigestion.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CUBA FOR ANNEXATION

President McKinley Favors It.

The Question to Be Submitted to a Vote.

The President Inclines to the Opinion That the Cubans are Anxious to Become Americans.

NEW YORK, July 11.—According to a correspondent of the World at Washington, President McKinley is working energetically upon a plan to submit the question of independence or annexation to the people of Cuba. He believes that they would vote for annexation.

Reports from Governor General Brooke indicate a contrary view but the President has received confidential letters from influential representatives of commercial interests and from other sources in and about Havana which have convinced him that General Brooke is mistaken and that the people in the western portion of the island, as well as those in the eastern portion, would gladly vote for a territorial government under the greater republic.

These confidential reports reveal a good deal more discord among the American provincial rulers than is usually believed to exist. The policy applied to the government of the provinces in the western end of the island—Pinar del Rio, Havana and Matanzas—which are directly under the supervision of General Brooke, is for instance radically different from that inaugurated by General Leonard Wood, military commander of Santiago.

The government of Santiago is looked upon by the President as more desirable than that in the western provinces. General Wood, while here recently, made a personal report to the President, who indorsed his policy and urged its continuance.

General Wood, it is learned, made many suggestions, which will be published for the guidance of the commanders of other Cuban provinces.

The President inquired particularly as to the extent of the sentiment for and against annexation.

"I am firmly convinced," said General Wood, "that annexation would be carried by four to one in Santiago. The people of that province and I believe the majority of the other provinces do not want independence. They have realized many benefits from the temporary government we have given them and are anxious to secure these benefits permanently.

"I have encouraged American enterprises in Santiago by giving Americans the preference. I do not believe there has reached you from Santiago the complaints of discrimination against Americans that come from Havana.

"Americans who have established themselves in Santiago and endeavored to extend their operations to other provinces, tell me that they have been repulsed by the American commanders and that English enterprises have been given the preference."

Complaints of the unwarranted consideration shown European enterprises in Havana and other western provinces to the detriment of American interests, have reached the President from many sources and it is not improbable that a change in the administration of the Cuban government will soon be made.

It is stated upon very high authority that the President desires General Brooke's attendance in Washington in the capacity of confidential adviser and is contemplating the substitution in his place of General Wood, governor general of Cuba.

So strong is the President's tendency toward annexation that it is expected that an effort will be made in congress at the coming session to rescind the resolution providing for Cuban independence and to substitute a plan by which the matter may be submitted to a vote of the people of the island.

STEAMER QUEEN FROM DAWSON

Congressional Party Returns.

The Steamer Brings Down Much Gold.

Congressman Payne Made it a Point to Enquire Into the Boundary Question.

VICTORIA, B.C., July 11.—The steamer Queen arrived here tonight with 350 passengers, excursionists, returning miners from Dawson; some of the disappointed prospectors from Atlin and Gold variously estimated at from $350,000 to $1,000,000. The captain is authority for the latter amount, the passengers placing the treasure at almost any sum between the two figures given. The Queen left Juneau Saturday at 7 a.m., making the trip to Victoria in the quick time of 65 hours.

Among the wealthiest men from Dawson is John Wilkinson of San Francisco, who brings 200 pounds of gold dust from El Dorado and Bonanza. S. T. Hill, a mining expert from South Africa, returned after making a flying trip to Dawson. He brought out $10,000 in dust.

Charles V. Parker of Toronto came down in the verge of death from consumption and scurvy. He was transferred to an ambulance and taken to a steamer leaving for Vancouver tonight in an effort to reach home before he dies. Dr. Mathilda Wallin will accompany him on his journey home. Parker had an awful trip from the interior, arriving at Skaguay broke. The passengers on the Queen raised a collection to pay his passage home.

Among the passengers are Hon. Z. E. Payne, son and daughter; Congressman and Mrs. Dalzell, Congressman and Mrs. Hull, Congressman and Mrs. G. W. Steele and Congressman John D. Heatwole, who have made the round trip. Congressman Payne expresses himself immensely delighted with the trip. He says although he had not much time to investigate he has taken some opportunity to inquire into the Alaskan boundary question to enable him to form a more correct opinion on that vexed question.

Congressman Hull says every man in both houses should make a trip to Alaska, the boundless possibilities of which much impressed him. The party are enthusiastic about their reception all along the line.

SEATTLE, July 11.—Congressmen Payne, Steel, Hull Dalzell and Heatwole, who arrived here today from Alaskin, are very much impressed with their trip.

Congressman Payne, who is a member of the joint high commission, refused to discuss the boundary question or the proposed modus vivendi. He anticipates no trouble over a settlement of the dispute. Congressman Steel said:

"We are to big to ever go to war over the Alaskan boundary. The subject will in time adjust itself and be settled. At this time the interest centers in the proposed shifting of the boundary as proposed in the modus vivendi, which would throw the Porcupine mining district, temporarily at least, under British laws. It is not easy to see instantly just how the question will be settled to the entire satisfaction of all, but I do believe it will be adjusted so as not to disturb the amicable settlement of the entire boundary controversy which is now in the hands of the joint high commission. I am interested in that as a Congressman and all American citizens should be. I realize we have a great country in Alaska and I feel pretty sure that the present Congress is not going to fritter any of it away.

Congressman Hull is opposed to giving up a foot of the northern territory, and does not hesitate to say that it would certainly result in great commercial loss, were a port given to the British on Lynn canal. It would affect in a way the whole country and coast.

"We have nothing to concede to Great Britain in the way of territory," said Congressman Hull. "It is not that we have acquired something that does not belong to us that was owned by the crown. We have nothing to do with that boundary. We stand simply upon the rights of possession acquired by the Russian purchase. There has been no new demarkation of boundary. England never questioned the boundary from 1825 to 1867.

"We will not go behind the original treaty by which we acquired all the rights of Russia, and therefore we will accept nothing less than the territory accorded us under that treaty."

After spending a few days on Puget Sound the congressional party will return to Washington.

MISS IVAN FAVRE.

Secretary Hay Does Not Think She is Entitle to Damages.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The secretary of state has sent Embassador Cambou of France an answer to the latter's recent letter submitting the claim of Miss Ivan Favre for $10,000 damages attributed to the capture of the French steamer Olinde Rodrigues, on which she was a passenger, by the cruiser New Orleans during the blockade of San Juan.

The secretary says the French steamer was first observed by the cruiser Yosemite on July 5th and that an officer of the Yosemite went on board and noted in the log of the Rodriguez that a blockade of San Juan was in progress. Miss Favre subsequently took passage at Port Au Prince on July 13th. On July 17th the Rodriguez put in an appearance off San Juan whereupon she was captured by the New Orleans. The prize was taken to Charleston on July 22d and on August 5th all the passengers were released by the court order and turned over to the French company.

From the facts cited the secretary states that the United States naval authorities could not be charged with any negligence in the circumstances attending the capture.

WICKERSHAM'S WILL.

Frank G. Wickersham of Fresno Files a Contest.

SANTA ROSA, July 11.—A contest over the estate of the late Isaac G. Wickersham, the millionaire banker of Petaluma, was filed by his son, Frank G. Wickersham, of Fresno, today. The contestant alleges in his complaint that the will was made under the influence of relatives, that he had been discriminated against and that the document was made while his father was of unsound mind. The contestant protested against the probate of the will being allowed, and, after consideration, Judge Burnett set September 5 as the date for a hearing of the case.

The contestant is represented by R. Porter Ashe, and the defense has secured the services of ex-Congressman Thomas J. Geary. The case promises to be a sensational one. Isaac G. Wickersham was the most wealthy man in Sonoma county, and his estate is valued at much over a million dollars.

VESSELS DUE

That are Expected to Bring Much Gold.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 11.—Several vessels are now due from St. Michael, Alaska. Among them are the Roanoke and Alliance of this city and the Garronne of Vancouver, B. C.

Unusual interest attaches to their arrival for the reason that late advices from Dawson by way of the upper Yukon river indicate that they will bring a large amount of gold dust. The total amount is estimated all the way from two to five millions. In addition to the gold it is expected that they will bring definite and detailed information from the newly discovered Cape Nome and Golofin Bay districts.

Battleship Iowa.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 11.—The battleship Iowa floated out of the drydock at the Port Orchard naval station tonight. She started out at 7:30 and by 8:20 was anchored in the sound. The event was witnessed by a large number of excursionists from this city. While in the dock the Iowa was thoroughly cleaned and bilged keels were put on.

CROCKER TO VINEYARDISTS

Will Give an Increased Price

For Grapes if He Can Get Contracts Enough.

He Makes a Flattering Offer to Grape Growers of Sonoma County.

HEALDSBURG, July 6—Henry J. Crocker has written a letter to the vineyardists in this section inviting attention to a proposition he is making to the wine growers of the state. He says in part:

"The average price of grapes for the last ten years has been $10.50 per ton. With absolute control I feel such confidence in my ability to increase this value that I will pay you cash on delivery $14 per ton for all the standard varieties, and $12 per ton for Missions and Malverses.

"Contracts will be made separately with each individual grape grower for seven years, and should I secure enough contracts to make the project feasible, I feel sure that the capital which was interested in the success of the wine makers will gladly come forward in the grape growers' interest, and the result will be a benefit to the various branches of the industry. If I fail to secure the contracts I will be compelled to drop the project."

The growers are as yet undecided whether or not to accept this offer. Many of them hope that still better prices may yet be obtainable.

TRIAL OF SPEED

Between the Shamrock and Britannia.

NEW YORK, July 6.—A dispatch to the Herald from London says: There is to be a trial of speed between the Shamrock and the Britannia. Wednesday morning Sir Thomas Lipton and Mr. Fife landed at Southampton from a short cruise on Sir Thomas' steam yacht Erin, and it was decided that the Shamrock is not to sail for America without some trial with another yacht.

The Daily Mail is authoritatively informed that the spin will take place between the Shamrock and Britannia at the end of the week or at the beginning of the next.

The contest will take place off The Needles.

To give an idea of the new boat's spars, it may be stated that the girth of the mainmast at the crosstrees is upwards of sixty inches, while the spinnaker boom from the deck reaches above that point. A steel boom and a steel gaff have been shipped. The immense area of the mainsail may be gathered from the fact that the canvas from which it is made weighs nearly twenty-one hundred weight.

SENTENCE OF DEATH.

A Los Angeles Burglar to be Executed at Dawson.

LOS ANGELES, July 6.—Jim Stevens, who was implicated in the attempted tunnel robbery of the First National bank here in July, 1896, is now under sentence at Dawson City for murder. This fact was made known to Chief Glass in a letter from S. B. Steele, the chief commanding the northwest mounted police at Dawson City, Yukon Territory.

The letter was in response to one from Chief Glass asking Chief Steele to look out for Jim Stevens and J. Stewart, who were wanted here for the sensational attempt to rob the First National bank three years ago. The letter also states that Stewart has not been located.

San Pedro Harbor.

LOS ANGELES, July 6.—Ernest Heidmaier, the principal in the San Pedro breakwater contract, is in the city. Mr. Heidmaier will remain in this vicinity for some time. He says that the breakwater job is to be hereafter pushed. The average delivery of stone on the work during June was one barge load a week. The delivery in July is to be three loads per week, with more as the work progresses. The preliminaries of the big undertaking are now all about completed.

A Good Showing.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Chief Quartermaster Palmer, of the department of the Lakes, broke all records last month in sending recruits to the Philippines. Between June 5th and July 2d, 1114 men enlisted in Chicago and its vicinity were sent to San Francisco to embark for Manila. Of this number 75 were colored recruits. The work of enlisting men to reinforce General Otis' army will be carried on all summer. Major George B. Davis succeed Major Fred A. Smith as chief commissary officer of the department of the Lakes today by order of Secretray of War Alger. Major Davis has been attached to the staff of the commissary-general at the Capitol. Major Smith is directed to join his regiment, the First United States infantry, now at Pinar del Rio, Cuba.

Weather Conditions.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The following maximum temperatures were reported from stations in California today:

Eureka 56, Fresno 98, Los Angeles 84 Red Bluff 90, San Luis Obispo 72, San Diego 76, Sacramento 94, Independence 96, Yuma 104.

The pressure has risen slowly over the southern half of the Pacific slope. The usual summer low temperature overlies Arizona and southeastern California.

The temperature has risen rapidly over the Rocky Mountain slope except near Los Angeles and San Diego, where there has been a rise of from 4 to 6 degrees.

There is a vertical thermal gradient of 1 degree rise per every 200 feet elevation.

Conditions are favorable for warmer weather in the interior of the state Friday.

A maximum wind velocity of 36 miles per hour from the northeast is reported at [illegible].

Northern California—Fair Friday; warmer in the interior; fresh northerly winds and probably the beginning of a [illegible] further; westerly winds on the coast with surface fog.

Southern California—Fair Friday; continued warm weather; northerly winds.

Made His Escape.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Willard E. Baker, formerly employed by the Adams Express Company in Boston, and wanted there for embezzlement, has made his escape from the officers sent out here to take him back east, and has not yet been recaptured. He was recently arrested at Seattle, and after unsuccessfully fighting extradition proceedings, was turned over to Inspectors Dugan and McMemomy, who brought him to this city. In company with his guards, Baker started to the Oakland ferry to take the 6 p. m. train for the east, but at about 5:15 he managed to give the two officers the slip at the foot of Market street. The regular police force was at once notified, but no clue as to Baker's hiding place has yet been found.

Result of War Tax.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—United States Revenue Collector John C. Lynch has just finished his yearly report of receipts from the First District of California. The collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, were $3,724,478.96, which is more than double the receipts of the previous year, when they were $1,450,869.42. The increase is mainly due to the special war tax which has been in force just one year.

Failed to Agree.

CHICO, July 6.—The board of trustees of the Chico Normal school met in this city for the purpose of selecting a president of the school. After being in session for several hours and failing to agree, they adjourned to meet at some future date.

THREE IN MANILA

Affairs in the Philippines Improving.

Many of the Natives Do Not Openly Espouse Uncle Sam for Fear of Aguinaldo.

NEW YORK, July 6.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: The departure of President Schurman will leave at Manila three members of the commission—Major-General Otis, Professor Worcester and Colonel Denby. It will be the duty of the last two named to continue the work of establishing home rule within the lines held by the administration troops, in the hope that the example will be followed by Filipinos outside the lines and show them the beneficient purposes of this government. Professor Worcester and Colonel Denby will also aid General Otis in the conduct of any peace negotiations which may follow future operations of the American troops.

Mr. Schurman's dispatch on the whole is very encouraging and the authorities are much gratified at the conditions he reports having found at the point visited. It is evident from what the officials say, that Mr. Schurman believes the suppression of Aguinaldo's insurrection means the establishment of peace througout the archipelago. He is confident that many of the people throughout the southern islands do not openly express themselves in favor of an American protectorate solely because of their fear of Aguinaldo and his Tagal army.

Mr. Schurman speaks well of the Sultan of Sulu, and it is evident that he feels that there is no danger of trouble from him in case the United States observes the treaties which exist between him and the Spanish government. Mr. Schurman makes a number of recommendations regarding home rule for some of the southern islands, and they will probably be adopted by the President.

The conditions in Negros were found to be of a highly satisfactory character by Mr. Schurman, and home rule will undoubtedly be given immediately to the people of that island, although some modifications in the plan of government they submitted to the President of the commission were necessary before they received his approval.

State School Money.

SACRAMENTO, July 6.—State Superintendent of Public Instruction T. J. Kirk has completed the apportionment of school money. The total amount apportioned is $1,035,758.87. As there are 847,634 school children in the state, according to the shcool census taken last year, this will give $2.97 for each child.

Bankruptcy Laws.

CHICAGO, July 6.—A conference of referees charged with the administration of the bankruptcy act of 1898 has been called to meet in Chicago on July 25. The program of the convention will include addresses and special papers by those experienced in bankruptcy litigation; discussion of topics pertinent to the law of bankruptcy, and the promotion of a uniform method of procedure before the referees in the several districts; also recommendations to the committees in Congress of such amendments to the law as will promote its objects and simplify and expedite its administration.

Felt at Kings City.

KINGS CITY, July 6.—A sharp shock of earthquake of about twenty seconds duration was experienced here at 12:19 o'clock this afternoon, resulting in the stopping of clocks and a general shakeup. The vibrations were from north to east to southeast. No material damage was done.

Two Distinct Shocks.

MODESTO, July 6.—Two distinct shock of earthquake were felt at Modesto about 12:15 today. The duration of each shock was about 10 seconds, the vibration being from east to west. No material damage was done.

A Small Increase.

VISALIA, July 6.—County Assessor J. F. Gibson has finished his assessment of property in Tulare county for the present year. In 1898 Visalia's assessment list footed up to $1,181,215. In 1899 property valuation is placed at $1,200,612, showing a gain in this city of about $20,000.

Pure, clean blood and a healthy liver result from the use of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the "famous little pills." They cure constipation, biliousness and sick headache. At Fresno Pharmacy. Dr. C. Paddock, prop., 1162 I street. *

Off for China.

NEW HAVEN, July 6.—Charles S. Leavenworth of New Haven will leave today for San Francisco, where he will embark for Shanghai, China. He will begin his duties as professor of history at Nan Yang college, Shanghai, the middle of August.

Mr. Leavenworth has been doing special work at Yale. He will be accompanied by Professor Stiles, formerly of Columbia, who is to take charge of the department of economics in the Shanghai University.

Nan Yang College is supported by the Chinese government and every graduate is given a position in the service of the government.

NEW CODE COMMISSIONERS

Will be Freeman, Van Fleet and Denis.

Bulla Has Kept the Old Board in Office.

The New Appointments May be Announced at Any Time Now.

LOS ANGELES, July 6.—Governor Henry T. Gage was at his office in the Douglass building for a short time this morning. He left after hurriedly examining his mail, and returned again in the afternoon. He has his address of welcome to the assembled teachers of the N. E. A., which will be delivered next Tuesday afternoon, nearly prepared.

The Governor has informed several of his intimate friends here that he has formally decided to appoint as Code Commissioners Judge Freeman of San Francisco, former Supreme Justice Van Fleet of Sacramento, Republicans, and George J. Denis of Los Angeles, Democrat. All of these names have been published as gossip. They are, however, today for the first time printed as official. The present commission has practically completed all of its labors, its final reports being now in the hands of the printer.

It can be stated authoritatively that but for the fact that Senator Robert N. Bulla is a member of the commission, the new board would have been announced long ago. The Governor was willing to allow the ins to remain as long as possible out of compliment to Mr. Bulla.

CHICAGO & ALTON

Locomotive Engineers Are Dissatisfied.

The Engineers Are Strengthening Their Organization But Do Not Want to Strike.

CHICAGO, July 6.—The Tribune says: A conference was held at the Grand Pacific hotel yesterday between Chief P. M. Arthur and a committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and General Manager C. H. Chappell and General Solicitor W. H. Brown of the Chicago and Alton railroad, to consider grievances which the Brotherhood had against that road.

All at the meeting were non-communicative when it was over, but it is understood that while the officers of the road agree in a general way to right the grievances of the engineers, the results were not satisfactory to the latter. The Brotherhood has been strengthening its organization by taking into membership every engineer on the system, but a strike is not considered likely.

Mr. Chappell, when asked last night regarding the result of the meeting and whether the grievances of the men had been adjusted, said he had nothing to say.

IN SERVIA.

A Bold Attempt to Assassinate the Former King.

BELGRADE, Servia, July 6.—Former King Milan, father of King Alexander of Servia, narrowly escaped assassination here this evening. The would-be murderer is under arrest. He fired four revolver shots, one of which slightly grazed his majesty and wounded in the hand Adjutant Lukitch, who was with him.

BELGRADE, Servia, July 6.—At the time the attack was made, about half past six, King Milan was driving through Michael street in an open carriage. The would-be assasian has not been identified by the police. On his return to the palace King Milan received the congratulations of the members of the cabinet and the diplomatic corps upon his escape. Later in the evening King Alexander drove through Michael street and was enthusiastically received by the populace.

Raised $500.

OURAY, Colo., July 6.—A committee appointed by the local Miners' Union has raised $500 by popular subscription for the families of the imprisoned Coeur d'Alene miners. The money was forwarded to Idaho today.

A New Order of Things.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The Southern Pacific Company on July 1, 1898, issued an order that no more liquor be sold in their depots after July 1, 1899. In the interval the restaurant men and saloon men were to dispose of their stock and prepare for the new order of things. All have complied with the new order.

For years the liquor trade at railroad depots grew. At all terminals and junctions, and not a few ordinary stations, a saloon was run on the property of the company, generally in the depot building. It was not the ordinary retail trade that injured the railroad people but the flask trade. Several small riots resulted on excursion trains from the too free use of bottled spirits, and it was finally decided to abolish the saloon entirely.

The most rigid rules have existed for some time regarding the use of liquors by employees while on duty, and this new order is believed to be an additional safeguard against any possible lapses.

ROBERT BONNER DEAD.

Founder and Publisher of the New York Ledger.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Robert Bonner, publisher of the New York Ledger and owner of famous horses, died at his home in this city at 7.40 tonight. Mr. Bonner had been ill for some months, yet was able to be about until about ten days ago. Death was due to a general breaking down of the system.

There were with him when he died Robert Edward Bonner and Francis Bonner, his sons; Mr. and Mrs. Bonner, son and daughter-in-law, and Mr. and Mrs. Francis Ford, daughter and son-in-law.

Mr. Bonner enjoyed remarkable health until a year ago, when his life long friend, Rev. Dr. John Hall, died. A second shock to him was the death of his son, Andrew Allen Bonner, on December 27th last. After this Mr. Bonner's temperament changed completely. He made few trips to his magnificent farm near Tarrytown, and contented himself with a short drive daily.

A week ago Tuesday he took his last drive. On his return home his case was so serious that several doctors were called in for consultation with his family physician, Dr. Munn. He became much worse on the following day and since then took no nourishment. He lost consciousness early this morning and remained in that condition to the end.

Names of the Dead.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 6.—Dr. Leroy S. Townsend, who has been in charge of the hospital in the Copper River district, arrived here today. He went into the Copper River country in February, 1898. He confirms previous reports of fatalities in that section. He gives the following official list of those who died in the hospital at Copper River since February, 1898:

ANDREW HOFFER, Dorchester, Wis., died of scurvy.
A. B. GAINES, Roslyn, Wash.
SAM W. BAKER, San Francisco.

The former addresses of the following are unknown:

H. C. SHAW.
NICK UHAN.
S. MILLIGAN.
JACK HEYDAN.
DAN CUSHMAN.
DAN MANARD.
DAN McCLOUGHLIN.
WESLEY SCHNEIDEGER.
A. LOUIS.
J. E. HACKETT.
BROWN.

Fifteen men are known to have perished in Valdez glacier.

ALL BELONGS TO AMERICA

Fairbanks States His Position.

Senator Foster Also Against Concessions.

No Reason for Giving Canada a Port on the Seaboard.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—A special to the Chronicle from Seattle says:

The revenue cutter McCulloch reached port early this morning with United States Senator C. W. Fairbanks of Indiana and party on board. The party came ashore soon after the cutter anchored and went to Tacoma as the guests of United States Senator Foster of Washington. The trip in northern waters has occupied three weeks. Wrangel, Juneau, Sitka, Skagway and other points of interest were visited. At every port Senator Fairbanks was received with the greatest spirit. Several monster receptions were held in his honor. The citizens of Alaska lost no opportunity to impress upon him their loyalty and desire to remain under the Stars and Stripes.

Senator Fairbanks refused to talk to reporters on his views on the Alaskan boundary question, after having personally investigated the situation along the Southeastern Alaskan coast. He said to a friend, however, that there was no doubt but that the United States should hold every foot of soil to which there was any rightful claim. He said that there seemed to be no valid reason for giving Canada a port on the seaboard and that the people of Alaska deserved better treatment from the government.

Senator Fairbanks was willing to talk for publication on any other point of his trip. He said: "The voyage to Alaska on the McCulloch P. has been most delightful. The weather has been much better than we expected and we escaped storms at sea. Too much cannot be said about the hospitality and loyalty of the Alaskan people. They claim that the government has not been giving them sufficient attention, and there may be something in it. They entertained us royally in their cities and gave us every assistance in our investigations. I will visit on the Sound for a few days and then return to Indiana."

While at Skaguay the Fairbanks party made a trip into British territory over the White Pass and Yukon railway. They saw the Canadian police stationed at the summit of the range considerably inside the alleged American boundary line. The Porcupine creek miners put their grievances before the joint high commissioner. They showed how they would suffer under the terms of the temporary agreement, which puts the Porcupine district under the British flag. Senator Fairbanks made a thorough investigation of all points at issue and interviewed many prominent men on the subject.

Regarding boundary matters that were discussed during the four weeks spent in Alaska, Senator Foster of Washington declined to speak. "Personally," he said, "I am opposed to yielding an inch of United States territory. A careful investigation, however, demonstrates that there may be different constructions placed upon the treaties involved as regards channels, the situation of lesser islands and the like. But, in the main, the United States is plainly given a strip of territory north of Portland canal or thereabouts ten marine leagues inland except where a well-defined mountain range places the boundary nearer the coast. This strip runs up to Mount St. Elias.

"Many contend at the passes that the watershed back of Skaguay and Dyea is the dividing line. On the one side are the headwaters of the Yukon and on the other the streams flowing into Lynn canal are formed. Between these two districts there is a chain of mountains, thus, in the opinion of some, bringing the boundary line some eighteen miles nearer the coast. This seems to be a fair expression of the American view of the boundary question. By this construction of the treaty it is held, England will receive the benefit of every point that can be fairly and honestly granted.

"On the other hand, however, the Canadians and many of the Englishmen hold that the boundary should be drawn thirty miles or ten marine leagues inland from the headlines. By such a construction, of course, Lynn canal would be an inlet into Canadian territory and ten marine leagues inland from the headlines at the entrance would be many miles south of Skaguay and Dyea and hence Canada and England would have the coveted port of entry without question of doubt. As I look upon it personally, Lynn canal is a part of the sea or ocean. Therefore, it would be unfair to draw a line thirty miles inland from the headlines at the entrance to ends of water of that nature and call it the boundary under the treaty."

MICA AXLE GREASE

It's easy to haul a big load up a big hill if you grease the wagon wheels with MICA Axle Grease

Open box and learn why it's the best grease ever put on an axle. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

LE BRUN'S FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 3 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1. Sold only by Geo. H. Monroe, Sole Agent, 1926 Mariposa Street, Fresno, Cal.

G & G CURE.

ENLISTMENT OF VOLUNTEERS

The Order Published Yesterday.

Eight New Majors Were Also Named.

State Lines Are Obliterated and the Men First Enlisting Will be First Mustered In.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The order for the enlistment of volunteers for the service in the Philippines was published today, and seven more colonels to command the regiments were appointed. There are yet two colonels to be designated. Eight majors were also named. The recruiting will not be begun until some time next week, the exact date not yet having been fixed. Recruiting stations will be opened in every state and territory, and as fast as the men are enlisted they will be sent to the regiments to be assigned to companies. State lines are obliterated, and the first men enlisted will be the first men mustered in. The assignement to companies will be by the officer commanding and he will be at liberty to organize a company composed of men from one state if he finds it convenient or practicable. The organization of the ten regiments in this country will not make any difference in the organization of regiments in the Philippines by General Otis. His regiments will be in addition to those hereafter to be known as the Twenty-sixth to the Thirty-fifth, inclusive, and will be numbered from the Thirty-sixth upward. It is expected that three regiments will be organized in the Philippines, the regiments organized in the United States and the Philippines increasing the army 650 officers and 17,666 men, if there should be three full regiments formed by General Otis.

The colonels appointed today are under orders to proceed at once with the organization of regiments. Some of the officers are now in the city and have been consulting the different bureau officers with regard to equipment and supplies for the men as they join the regiments.

CARRIG-PARKER FIGHT.

A District Court Judge Grants an Injunction.

DENVER, July 6.—Judge Rucker in the District Court this evening granted an injunction against the Fire and Police Board to prevent its interfering with the Carrig-Parker fight before the Colorado Athletic Club tomorrow night.

The city council has not yet passed an ordinance to supplement the Cannon law, and City Attorney Ellis has advised the Fire and Police Board that it can not legally permit prize fights until the council fixes the license fee. Under the Cannon law the minimum fee is $1000, and Manager Flato has deposited that amount with the clerk of the court.

In Vancouver.

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 5.—General Leigh, president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, is here for the purpose of studying the conditions surrounding the Oriental traffic of the Empress line of steamers.

THE VALLEY ROAD.

E. P. Ripley to be Elected Its Next President.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—President E. P. Ripley of the Santa Fe is to be elected president of the San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley road at the annual meeting on July 18th next. He will succeed Claus Spreckels. Whether the latter will remain a director of the company is not known. It is likely that Captain A. F. Poyson will be retained as a director and vice president. Probably Robert Watt will also be retained as a director and vice president.

Whatever changes are made in the personnel of the directors and officers of the Valley road will be due to the fact that the Santa Fe now owns all of its stock and will on and after July 18th assume active charge of all of the company's affairs.

One of the important matters that will demand the attention of the directors at the annual meeting is the proposed consolidation of the several Santa Fe properties in the state.

ARE NOW DUE.

The Transport Ships Are Daily Expected at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The United States transports Newport and Ohio are now out twenty-three days from Manila and the Second Oregon volunteers aboard. They should reach here next Wednesday or Thursday. The returning troops will be given a warm welcome. The harbor commissioners have placed the tug Governor Markham at the disposal of the Governors of California and Oregon, who will be on hand to meet the troops. The transportation department of the government is making arrangements for sending the Oregonians home. The Newport and Ohio will be followed by the Tenth Pennsylvania. Hancock with Batteries A and B of the First Utah and remains of the First Nebraska. Warren with the First Colorado and Sherman with the First California.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Fresno County W.C.T.U. at Selma the following resolutions were adopted.

Whereas: It has pleased an all wise Providence to remove by death from our midst our beloved sister and president of W.C.T.U. of Magnolia District Mrs. Reda Davis, therefore be it

Resolved. That the W. C. T. U. of Fresno County extend to her husband and relatives our sincere and heartfelt sympathy in their great bereavement. And be it further

Resolved: That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Fresno Union and published in the Fresno Republican and the Fresno Democrat.

MRS. ESTES,
MRS. E. S. DICKEY,
FLORENCE CHAPMAN,
Committee.

Has Resigned.

ROCHESTER, July 6.—Big Dan Brouthers, the famous baseball player, has resigned from the Rochester Eastern league team and retired from the game. He says: "I can't hit them square on the nose as I did once." Brouthers is mayor of Wippingers Falls, where he runs a hotel.

A BURLINGTON WRECK.

Many Passengers Injured and Fireman Killed.

KANSAS CITY, July 7.—A northbound passenger train on the Burlington road went through a culvert near Waldron, Mo., 17 miles north of Kansas City, at 10.20 o'clock last night. Fireman Charles Welty of St. Joseph, Mo., was killed and several passengers are reported to have been seriously injured. The names of the injured cannot be obtained at this hour.

A heavy rain tonight washed out 200 feet of roadbed near the point where the wreck occurred, and the water there is reported to be two feet over the track. The foundations of the culvert are supposed to have been washed away. Shortly after midnight wrecking trains carrying surgeons were dispatched from Kansas City, Leavenworth and St. Joseph.

Officials state only five or six passengers were hurt and that the only person killed is Fireman Welty. The train is No. 23, running from Kansas City to Omaha.

Heavy Loss by Fire.

COULTERVILLE, July 6.—A fire broke out in the residence of Mrs. Bogollos here today. The facilities for fighting the flames were poor and within two hours the entire business portion of Coulterville, including three hotels and four general merchandise stores, are in ashes. Altogether 67 buildings were destroyed. The loss is estimated at $250,000.

Will Appeal for Funds

LOS ANGELES, July 6.—The board of managers of the Ransome Industrial Home held a meeting today to formulate plans for the inauguration of a movement to erect a permanent building for the rescue work of the home. Some two years ago Mrs. Elizabeth E. Thomas gave two lots as a site for the building, but the money necessary to prosecute the work has never been raised. An appeal for the necessary funds has been made to all citizens of the city.

THE DAMAGES.

The Cotton Loss From the Texas Flood

Will Not be as Heavy as at First Reported, Though it Will be Large.

NEW YORK, July 6.—News of the flooding of the cotton fields in the Brazos valley, Texas, while not tending appreciably to lower quotations on the cotton exchange, had the effect of steadying prices. The brokers are waiting for fuller reports of the extent of the devastation before estimating the effect of the floods upon the cotton trade. Several large dealers who were spoken to at the exchange, said that consequences of the submerging of the cotton fields would not be felt immediately. The result mostly to be feared, they said, was the probability of the ground being useless for replanting purposes. If that should prove to be the case, the cotton trade may for some time be affected to some extent, but not seriously, for the reason that the plantations now under water yield a very small proportion of the total cotton output of this country.

Henry Hentz, one of the leading cotton men of this city, said: "The eleven counties south of Waco, through which the Brazos river passes, it is estimated, produce 450,000 bales of cotton, but I do not believe that the whole crop has been lost. It is hardly conceivable that the entire counties have been flooded and, in fact, I have received dispatches stating that the first reports of the disaster were exaggerated. A telegram which has just come to me from Paris, Texas, states that the estimates of the damage has been put down to 200,000 bales. When it is considered that this amount is less that two per cent of the entire cotton output of this country last year, the loss, after all, is not serious. Moreover, the rains which flooded the lowlands will be beneficial to the highlands."

The optimistic view taken by Mr. Hentz is no solace to the shipping lines that carry freight between this port and Texas. "The overflowing of the Brazos river," said one of the officials of the Mallory steamship line, "will cause very severe losses to the shipping companies running to Texas. Take our line, for instance. We carry more cotton than any other kind of freight, and if the destruction to the plantations is as great as has been reported, it will be a hard thing for us and for commerce generally between this port and Texas."

Many of the local banks have correspondents in Texas, but none of them are yet able to estimate how much, if anything, they are likely to lose through the disastrous floods. At the office of Latham, Alexander and Company, the leading cotton brokers of this city, it was said that no special advices had yet been received from the devastated districts.

Committed to Napa.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Patrick Donovan, who killed Alexander Jardin with a hatchet in the vestibule of St. Rose's church last May, has been committed to the Napa asylum for the insane. Donovan developed the hallucination that Jardin was trying to have him expelled from the church choir, of which he was a member.

Arrivals at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The local United States immigration bureau reports 606 arrivals at his port during the month of June. Of these 193 were Japanese, 196 English, 156 Scotland 131, Germany 26, Portugal 22, Scandinavia 19, Ireland 19, France 16, Hawaii 18. Amount of money brought $38,771.

Will Admitted to Probate.

The will of Alfred William Reid, who died in Douglas county, Illinois, was yesterday admitted to probate in this county, and Thomas C. Reid was appointed administrator. The estate in this county is valued at $15,000. The administrator's bond was fixed in the sum of $4000.

A FEW POINTERS.

The recent statistics of the number of deaths show that the large majority die with consumption. This disease may commence with an apparently harmless cough which can be cured instantly by Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, which is guaranteed to cure and relieve all cases. Price 25c and 50c. For sale by all druggists.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW

A Hopeful Review of Financial Affairs.

Strong, Healthy Market All Over the Country.

All Indications Favor a Total Export Trade Little Below That of Last Year.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Bradstreet's financial review tomorrow will say:

The formal announcement of last Friday week that the lease of the Boston and Albany has been ratified by the New York Central directors gave a further decided impetus to speculation on last Saturday.

The market, accordingly, closed decidedly strong for the three days' holiday, and totally disregarded both the advance of call loan rates to 5@6 per cent and the heavy reduction of bank reserve shown by the clearing house averages for the week. The speculative world is inclined to regard these two last mentioned circumstances as well as the maintenance of relatively high call loan rates since the holiday, as a temporary effect of the enormous July interest and dividend disbursements. The fact that on Saturday the Vanderbilts, grangers and standard railroad shares rose sharply and attracted nearly all the attention, showed the direction which the movement was inclined to take. It may also be specially mentioned that Pennsylvania shares were a feature, rising to 137¾, which shows the importance the street attached to the alleged presence of its president, Mr. Cassatt, at the ratification of the Central-Albany lease. There have been rumors that a compact had been made by which the Pennsylvania is to acquire control of the New York and Hartford railroad. That, however, is deemed impracticable and undesirable, and the only valid deduction that can be drawn from the circumstances in question is that unusual harmony prevails in the trunk line situation.

London prices for Americans advanced on Monday and Tuesday when the New York and other American markets were closed. When the market re-opened on Wednesday it had the bullish report to support it as well as the general expectation that a large part of the extraordinary July disbursements, amounting to $120,000,000 to $150,000,000 would find their way into Wall street for investment. The manipulation was mainly directed to advancing prices in various parts of the list. Pools and prominent houses were active in connection with their specialties, while the hand market presented a decidedly firm appearance.

There, however, appeared to be a disposition to take profits in the Vanderbilt and Granger shares, which caused recessions from the early high prices for these securities and a number of specialties and low price shares came to the front. The industrial, too, once more became more active and exhibited the influence of speculative support and buying. These tendencies asserted themselves more significantly in Thursday's trading, the tone of the market on Monday being strong in the main, but were irregular in different parts of the list and more of a disposition to pay attention to the firmness of call money and the failure of rates to relax immediately. On Friday the tone was generally firm and was not affected by official denials of the exaggerated reports about the Vanderbilt-Pennsylvania alliance. The junior Vanderbilt stocks were strong features and advances were also recorded in most of the Gould properties.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

Holiday observances and semi-annual stock taking have worked toward quiet in general trade and industry, but it is significant of the favorable conditions ruling in this as compared with previous years, that trade advices point to rather more than the average business being done, notwithstanding the checks to demand shipments above mentioned. Additional results of the season's work brought to light are fully as favorable as those in Bradstreet's review last week and furnish an adequate basis for the general air of confidence with which the business world faces the latter half of the year. Bank clearing returns fully bear estimates given last week, pointing to unprecedented totals and enormous gains for the six months' period over preceding years, while Bradstreet's report as to prices points to a steady strengthening of quotations of staples and exceptionally few decreases in prices registered in June. All indications favor a total export trade little below that of last year's phenomenal total, what little falling off there has been shown being due to reduced European takings of American food products. Preliminary reports as to railroad gross earnings indicate exceptionally good showings for the month and the half yearly period, the gain is in fact being the heaviest reported this year.

Distributive business on seasonable account is naturally on a small scale, but orders for fall delivery are reported particularly liberal and making favorable comparisons with last year.

A strong situation is found in the woolen trade. Prices of better grades have been advanced this week on active demand from dealers and manufacturers and in sympathy with the advance at London. The manufactured product is strong and the new season opens well.

Rather more strength is noted in lumber. Sugar has sympathized with the tendencies of foreign markets, in which speculative activity has figured conspicuously. The extension of the guarantee period on refined grades gives color to earlier reports that competition will not be especially bitter during the canning season.

Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 3,258,972 bushels against 3,268,898 last week, 2,728,612 in the corresponding week last year, 2,502,608 bushels in 1897, 2,167,076 in 1896 and 2,137,237 in 1895.

Business failures for the week number 196 as against 158 last week and 241 last year.

Business failures in Canada number 25 as compared with 23 last week.

NEW YORK, July 7.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review tomorrow will say:

Failures for first half of 1899 with banking and financial included, as in all accounts published, were 4481 with liabilities $49,664,661. Commercial failures were 8483 with liabilities of $42,062,934, of which $16,723,354 were manufacturing, $23,011,874 were trading. On the second quarter failures were the smallest ever reported in that quarter for the 25 years for which quarterly reports have been made by this agency.

The average per firm in business $12.20, and the ratio of defaulter liabilities to solvent exchanges, 62 cents per $1000, are both the smallest ever known in any quarter.

In ten of the fourteen branches of manufacturing, failures were smaller than in the same quarter of four of the previous five years. The larger failures are for $100,000 or more and were only two in trading for $224,065, less than a tenth of the smallest previous year and only fifteen in all, for $2,417,150, from a fifth to a tenth of previous years. The decrease in small failures is worth special study.

Wheat declined ¾ of a cent, exports being but 2,250,000 bushels for the week, flour included, against 2,643,149 last year for both coasts, although western receipts were 3,960,523 bushels, against 618,492 last year. If the farmers actually carried over 65,000,000 bushels or more a year ago, after $1.25 to $2 per bushel had been paid at Chicago for some months, as one farming journal estimates, they need the education which they are getting, but the claim still entirely fails to account for their liberal selling this year at lower prices. Contradictory guesses and hopes continue but this year is very hard on predictions.

Failures for the week have been 119 in the United States against 229 last year and 26 in Canada against 17 last year.

NEW COMMISSION.

New Canal Commission Preparing for Work.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The Isthmian canal commission, the successor of the Nicaragua canal commission, are considering the details of the work before the various commissions, the personnel of which was announced about a week ago. Lieutenant Sidney A. Staunton, flag lieutenant on Admiral Sampson's cruiser, the New York, was chosen secretary to the commission. The Panama canal section of the commission will probably visit Paris and arrangements are making to that end.

The work of the old commission under the previous appropriation is being rapidly wound up, owing to the decision of the treasury department that the old appropriation does not hold over, except in the case of contracts already entered into. This will throw the printing of the Nicaragua report on the appropriation. The report has just reached the public printer so that its publication is a matter of the distant future.

The observation work begun by the old commission is being kept up and four additional men will be sent to the field by Saturday's steamer from New York. They are J. O. Jones of Alabama and Thomas F. Boltz of Philadelphia, both with the expedition last year and Stanford A. Harris of North Carolina and W. C. G. Magruder of Washington, both new appointees.

The commission is hurrying to make up its field plans and it is thought the majority of the members will sail for the isthmus by the end of July.

FEIGN INSANITY.

Convicts Seek Release from Solitary Confinement.

SAN QUENTIN PRISON, July 6.—For several days sensational reports have been in circulation regarding the behavior of the seven convicts recently placed in the incorrigible cells. This evening the rumors crystallized into definite statements from an authoritative source that Convict Jacob Oppenheimer is trying the insanity dodge to secure his release. This morning he attempted to butt his brains out against the sides of his cell.

"Sir" Harry Westwood Cooper has given way to fits of despondency and weeping and today sent a letter to Warden Aguirre with the request that he be given a Bible.

As soon as the guards on duty observed Oppenheimer's attempt, or pretended attempt, at suicide, the warden was notified, and hastily repairing to the murderous prisoner's cell told him that if he did not desist he would be placed in a straight-jacket and kept there for a month. This threat had the desired effect and Oppenheimer has since remained quiet.

Cooper was not given a Bible, as the rule under which convicts are confined in the incorrigible cells permits them neither to converse with those in the adjoining apartments nor to have any reading matter.

Will Resume.

SAN LUIS OBISPO, July 6.—After having been closed since the bank failures here last March, the County Bank today announced that it would be reopened for business on August 1st and elected ex-Superior Judge V. A. Gregg president, vice W. L. Boehee, deceased.

A Sale Set Aside.

Judge Webb yesterday made an order in the matter of the estate of J. W. Williams, deceased, setting aside the confirmation of the sale of real property belonging to the estate. Only the sum of $55 had been paid on the purchase price and all parties to the transaction consented to the cancellation of the sale. Thomas R. Brown, the executor, was directed to refund to Jean Camy the $55 advanced on the purchase price.

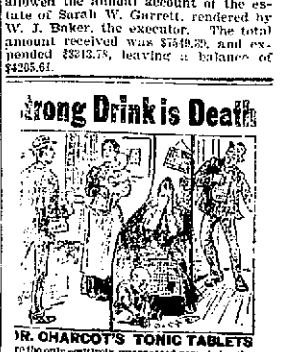
A Son of His Father.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Major G. C. Quay has been mustered out as a major of volunteers, but retains his rank as captain and quartermaster. He is a son of Senator Quay of Pennsylvania.

Martial Law.

BELGRADE, Servia, July 10.—Martial law has been declared throughout the department of Belgrade, including this city, owing to discoveries during the course of the inquiry into the recent attempt on the life of former King Milan. Judge Webb yesterday approved and allowed the annual account of the estate of Sarah W. Garrett, rendered by W. J. Baker, the executor. The total amount received was $7549.29, and expended $3313.78, leaving a balance of $4205.51.

Strong Drink is Death



DR. CHARCOT'S TONIC TABLETS

is the only positively guaranteed remedy for the vital fluids, Nervousness and Melancholy caused by strong drink.

WE GUARANTEE FOUR BOXES to cure any case with a positive written guarantee or refund the money, and to destroy the appetite for intoxicating liquors.

THE TABLETS CAN BE GIVEN WITHOUT KNOWLEDGE OF THE PATIENT.

STRONG DRINK causes Misery, Poverty and Death. Upon receipt of $10.00 we will mail you four (4) boxes and positive written guarantee to cure or refund money. Single boxes $3.00.

GEORGE H. MONROE, Sole Agent, 1938 MARIPOSA ST., Fresno, Cal.

THE ENGLISH OIL TRADE

John R. Bartlett's Success in England.

The Linseed and Cotton Seed Interests Combining.

The New Concern is Neither a Trust or a Monopoly, But an Amalgamation.

NEW YORK, July 8.—A dispatch from London, England, says: The complete success of John R. Bartlett's campaign in the English Oil Seed Trade is assured. When he came to England five months ago the managers of the linseed and cotton seed crushing mills and refineries were competing sharply with one another and adopting no methods for self-preservation. He has drawn 60 per cent of this great trade into an amalgamated company. His plan of operations has been adopted by a majority of the trade, including all the strongest companies and firms. He has made contracts with seventeen corporations and firms and purchased 28 mills and 12 oil refineries with plant, business and good will.

The British oil and cake mills, limited, has been organized to carry into effect these agreements made by him and his brokers and conduct the business for the common advantage of the majority of the trade. The share capital and debenture stock of the consolidated company is £3,250,000, but £500,000 is reserved for future development of the business. The first issue, amounting to $1,750,000, will be offered to the public next week; £1,450,000 has already been underwritten and the remainder will probably be covered in a few days.

The British oil and cake mills, limited, is an exact reproduction of similar amalgamations in America with the single difference in detail that the stock is not watered. There has been no over-capitalization, the good will of each business having been purchased on a hard cash basis of actual dividend earning capacity.

The strongest companies in London, Hull, Liverpool, Glasgow, Gloucester and other centers of the oil seed industry have sold out their business and property to the consolidated company of which Hugh Collin Smith and the chief managers of the mills and refineries are the directors. The business will be managed for the common benefit by the combined practical knowledge of the directors. Mr. Bartlett will probably be vice chairman of the new company. Lord Wantage and Reginald Abelsmith are trustees for the debenture stockholders.

The new company is neither a trust nor a monopoly, but simply one of many industrial amalgamations which are formed here as readily as in America. English law sanctions such consolidations and they receive the support of the greatest financiers and there is no popular agitation against them. The promoters of the reorganization of the oil seed trade have been influenced by the increased severity of competition in the purchase of supplies and the distribution of products and have taken concerted action to secure what they consider a fair trading profit. The consolidated company will be powerful enough to control production but the natural effect of economies in the purchase of seed, the disposal of products and the improvement of plants will be the reduction of prices to the English oil trade.

While allowing Mr. Bartlett to carry out his own plan without modification, the British trade is acting entirely for itself and independently of any American trade amalgamation. There is as yet no concerted action between the trades of the two countries nor any attempt to regulate prices by an international trust or combine. Some basis of common action may be arranged in the future.

IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION

Steps to Establish a Reserve Supply for the Navy.

NEW YORK, July 8.—A special dispatch to the Herald from Washington says:

Steps will soon be taken by Rear Admiral O'Neill, chief of ordnance, to establish a reserve supply of ammunition for the naval service. He has not decided how much powder and how many shells shall be purchased, but it is understood that the entire appropriation of $500,000 will be used, though some of the smokeless powder may be manufactured at the government factory being established at Indiana head. Congress will probably be asked at the next session to make another appropriation of $500,000 in order to obtain the necessar. quantities for reserve. Besides ammunition, the department has $250,000 for the purchase of reserve guns for auxiliary cruisers and contracts for these weapons will soon be placed.

Not Yet Settled.

CHICAGO, July 8.—The question of wages was not reached at yesterday's meeting of the officers of the American Tinplate Company and representatives of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin workers, the entire meeting being taken up in a discussion of the demand of the men for a shut down of the works for six weeks during the summer session.

The plants of the big tin plate combine are shut down pending a settlement of the wage question. The men ask for a 20 per cent increase in wages. So far the company has only been willing to concede an advance of 11 per cent on the scale, but mutual concessions are expected at today's conference.

Sues for Damages.

CHICAGO, July 8.—For alleged boycotting and blacklisting, George Minchliffe, a brick manufacturer, instituted suit today for $100,000 damages against the Chicago Masons' and Builders' Association and a number of the largest brick manufacturers here. He claims his business was ruined because he refused to join the brick trust.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

Twenty-Two Courts Have Been Prepared for the Occasion.

CHICAGO, July 8.—The annual tennis tournament to decide the championship of the West, in both singles and doubles, began today at the Kenwood Country Club. The tournament will continue for a week. In all sixty players are entered, and among them are the best in the country. Never before, with one exception, have so many entered for championship honors in a tennis tournament. The exception was at Newport five years ago, when 87 players participated.

Some players have entered who have not engaged in championship contests for at least two years. Prominent among them is Carr Neel, who held the championship prior to the time when it was won by the present holder, Kreigh Collins.

At the Kenwood Club there are 22 courts, and they have been put in the very best condition.

The entries in doubles have not yet been given out, but Secretary Gardner says that 28 teams will compete. The value of the prizes aggregate over $500. Hackett and Allen, the Yale champions, are looked upon to make a strong bid for the honor in doubles.

Entrance Into Detroit.

CHICAGO, July 8.—A special to the Tribune from Lansing, Mich., says: The Detroit Terminal Railroad Company, capitalized at $500,000, filed articles of association with the secretary of state today. The company will build 16 miles of standard gauge road from Detroit to Slocum Junction, the avowed purpose being to furnish a terminal for the Pennsylvania and other lines which now stop at Toledo and which have been seeking an entrance into Detroit for several years.

A Great Barbecue.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 8.—It is claimed that Attorney General Taylor is sure of the Republican nomination for Governor at the state convention next week, even without the delegates to be selected at various county conventions today. As this will leave contests next week to the candidates for minor places on the state ticket, the Chamber of Commerce have arranged for an extra attraction next Wednesday afternoon, the first day of the Republican state convention here. They will give a great barbecue with Burgoo on the elaborate menu.

Whist Congress.

CHICAGO, July 8.—The ninth annual congress of the American Whist League will open in the banquet hall of the Auditorium hotel Monday afternoon and lovers of the game from other places are arriving to attend. It is expected that between 300 and 400 whist players will be present to participate in the tournament. There are four principal trophies for which special contests are held. The first is the Hamilton trophy, in which teams of four from different clubs compete. This trophy is held by the winning team until the next congress. Teams of four play for the A.W.L. trophy, but the winners of it are subject to challenge for six months after the tournament. If a western team wins it at the congress after six months it goes to the eastern team making the next best score. For the Minneapolis trophy there are pair contests and games will be played for the Brooklyn trophy. During the tournament play will begin every afternoon at 2 o'clock and in the evening at 8 o'clock. Between 75 and 100 hundred tables will be prepared in the banquet hall for progressive games. For the first time in the history of the league women will largely participate in the tournament.

THE CHAMPION.

Jim Jeffries Arrived in San Francisco.

He Was Met by a Large Crowd of Admirers and a Brass Band.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Champion Jim Jeffries arrived from the East this afternoon. He was met by large crowds of admirers with a brass band and escorted to the Palace hotel, where he held a reception, among those present being his father, who has been preaching on street corners in this city for several weeks. This evening Jeffries was escorted from his hotel to Woodward's pavilion by a procession of carriages headed by a brass band. He boxed three rounds with Alex Greggains and four rounds with his brother, Jack Jeffries, illustrating the last round of the fight with Fitzsimmons. Jeffries looked remarkably well and his improvement in boxing was noticeable to all those who had seen the champion in his early battles in this city. A crowd of 4000 people was present and was very enthusiastic over the big fellow's work. The remainder of the program consisted of three 10-round bouts between local amateurs, none of which went the limit. In the featherweight contest Savage knocked out Ed Wiley of Sacramento in three rounds.

Welterweight Charles Thurston defeated Charles Postie in three rounds.

Heavyweight Gus Costur defeated Billy Myers in five rounds.

Jeffries will remain in the city but a few days, leaving on Sunday evening for Los Angeles, but will soon return and appear at a benefit for the Reliance Club of Oakland.

ST. LOUIS, July 8.—The Perfectos had their batting clothes on today and captured two games from the exiles. St. Louis came near losing the first through loose fielding, but a batting rally in the tenth won out for them. Score: First game:

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	4	7	1
St. Louis	5	17	6

Batteries—Young and O'Connor; Criger, Knepper and Schrecongost.

Second game:

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	6	14	3
Cleveland	2	7	4

Batteries—Sudhoff and Criger; Hughey and Sugden.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The Phillies got two hits in each of the sixth and ninth innings with Brooklyn today, thereby escaping a shutout. In the other seven Hughes dished up an assortment of curves that the visiting sluggers could not touch. Attendance 8700. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	2	4	1
Brooklyn	6	9	1

Batteries—Fraser and McFarland; Hughes and Smith.

PITTSBURG, July 8.—Pittsburg split even in the series with Chicago by shutting them out without a run. Attendance 3600. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	6	10	3
Chicago	0	4	2

Batteries—Leever and Schriver; Phyle and Donahue.

BALTIMORE, July 8.—But one game was played here today with Washington, and Baltimore won that after a somewhat featureless contest. Attendance 2470. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	4	12	1
Washington	1	7	1

Batteries—Hill and Robinson; Weyhing and Slagle.

SOCIETY NEWS FROM LONDON

Mrs. John W. Mackay Reopens Her House.

The Fourth Very Generally Celebrated.

The Queen Presents Maurice Grau With a Handsome Silver Ink Stand.

LONDON, July 8.—Although a few great balls are still in sight the London season is already waning. People are flitting into the country much earlier than usual. Next week will be given over to Newmarket where there are numerous house parties for the second July meeting. During the following week the season winds up with the Duchess of Portland's ball. There are still several fashionable weddings in prospect, the most notable being that of the Earl of Shaftebury and Lady Constance Grosvenor, who will have fifteen bridesmaids, while many persons are looking forward with great interest to the reception to be given by the Duke and Duchess of Sutherland at Staffordhouse July 26, to the members of the Anglo-American league and their friends, at which Mr. Joseph H Choate, the United States ambassador and Mrs. Choate, and many prominent Americans and English will be present.

After a long period of mourning, Mrs. John W. Mackay has reopened her beautiful house on Carltonhouse Terrace. She gave two big dinners during the week which were followed by wonderful music.

London has been much enlivened during the week by the visit of the officers and a large number of cadets belonging to the United States training ship Monongahela, who have been spending five days' leave at the Metropole, energetically, sightseeing, riding in electric cars and generally enjoying themselves.

The Fourth of July was never so universally celebrated by Americans in London as was the fourth of Tuesday last. In addition to the celebrations at the Hotel Cecil and the United States ambassy, there were a large number of private luncheons, dinners and river parties. Mr. and Mrs. John Meiggs Ewen of Chicago took a large party of Americans in a steam launch from their place at Datchet to Maidenhead, while the employes of the Commercial Cable Company with Mr. George Ward of New York, general manager of the company, celebrated in a similar manner on a big launch gayly bedecked with American flags.

Thursday was speech day at Harrow, the first under the new headmaster, Dr. Wood, and attracted a great crowd of distinguished people to the school.

Thursday afternoon the last meeting of the Four-in-Hand Club occurred at the Horse Guards' parade. It was undoubtedly the smartest of the season. There were twenty-two coaches in line.

The Duke of Marlborough's team was greatly admired. He was accompanied by the Duchess, Lady Norah Churchill and Lord Cairns. In the evening occurred the Duchess of Devonshire's ball within the beautiful grounds of the Devonshire house, with illuminations and supper tent exactly the same as on the occasion of the famous jubilee fancy dress ball. It proved to be the most brilliant of the season. The musicale given by Mrs. Alfred Harmsworth, the same evening, attracted a crowd of fashionable people to the Grafton galleries, whose spacious rooms were decorated with such a wealth of roses as never before seen in London. The program, which was also on the most lavish scale, included Paderewski, Coquelin, Leonora Jackson, David Bispham, Susanne Adams and Maurice Farkoa.

A representative of the Associated Press has interviewed the Countess of Aberdeen and others regarding the practical results likely to accrue from the national council of women. Lady Aberdeen, who is an enthusiastic admirer of the American and Canadian delegates, said: "Every one of them was a skilled expert and most of them were skilled speakers, whom the congress was delighted to hear, which can not be said in regard to many of the other speakers. The Americans, as a rule, were better informed, more decided in opinion and further advanced on the leading topics than any of the other delegations. They fairly outstripped the English women who, however, were better informed than the continental delegates in general knowledge of the subjects pertaining to women.

"Mrs. Sewall won the congress from the first. Her extraordinary tact in dealing with such a large gathering was remarkable.

"Miss Susan B. Anthony's powerful advocacy of women's claims distinctly added to her already great reputation.

"Regarding the results the grand consummation has been reached of wielding together a cosmopolitan body of thoughtful women. Twenty-five years hence the leaven of today will have leavened the whole world and the irresistible force of public opinion will have raised women to their proper sphere."

Miss Susan B. Anthony dwelt enthusiastically on the work of the council and said:

"We have already taken the outer trenches of the world's thought."

Senator Mark Hanna says he regards former Congressman John Dewitt Warner's denouncement of him and other prominent men before the Brooklyn Democratic Club Tuesday night as cabled here as being due to disappointment. He adds that "it could only have gained the public ear through its extravagance;" that when he speaks of "Hanna syndicates" he knows he "talks nonsense" while when he uses the names of General Eagan, Captain Carter and Secretary Alger to "discredit President McKinley" American good sense "simply swashes it aside as claptrap."

"Mr. Warner, however," the Senator continued, "strikes other ground in praising the Filipinos, and I greatly mistake my countrymen if, when the time arrives, they don't both clear Congress of the kind of patriotism exemplified by Mr. Warner and sweep the rebels out of every nook in the Philippines."

In spite of the many counter attractions and the hot weather, most of the theatres fared well this week. "An American Citizen" is doing well at the Duke of York's theatre, and Nat Goodwin will prolong its run.

As a souvenir of the performance at Windsor, July 4, when Grau's company presented the opera of "Il Pagliacci" before a large gathering of royalties, the Queen has presented Maurice Grau with a handsome silver inkstand with the royal monogram, and has presented Suzanne Adams with a gold bracelet with the Queen's initials.

Owing to the shock of Augustin Daly's death, Ada Rehan will be unable to undertake the leading part in the Drury Lane drama especially written for her by Cecil Raleigh. It is hoped, however, that Miss Rehan will be able to appear at Drury Lane in a short Shakespearian season next spring.

ANOTHER JURY DISAGREE

In the Malodorous Case From Firebaugh.

The concluding testimony in the Diamond case was taken in Justice St. John's court yesterday morning. General Kittrell, the acting attorney for the defense, insisted that the District Attorney should not waive the opening argument as he had done in the Laveroni case. Deputy District Attorney D. S. Church then stated the case for the People, going over the evidence.

In his argument in defense of the prisoner, General Kittrell woke the echoes of the Justice Court. He had known, he said, the defendant for fifteen years, and he was sure that she was prosecuted because she was unfortunate and helpless, not through any crime of her own. The General paid his compliments to the witnesses for the prosecution in turn.

In his concluding argument Mr. Church declared that if the jury should decide according to the law and the evidence, they would bring in a verdict of guilty.

The court did not charge the jury until after noon, and at 3:30 they reported themselves as unable to agree and were discharged. They stood seven for conviction and five for acquittal.

The court set the time for the retrial of Laveroni on July 18th. The two other vagrancy cases have been set for July 19th and 20th.

OPEN INSTALLATION

Of Friendship Rebekah Lodge Last Wednesday Night.

On Wednesday evening Friendship Rebeka lodge installed the following officers at open installation: Tillie Doyle, N. G.; Grace Pickford, V. G.; Olive Matheson, P. G.; Mary Mawhinny, chaplain; Florence Murray, secretary; George Colquhoun, financial secretary; Genevieve Swain, treasurer; Maggie Brooks, warden; Lizzie Cronkhite, conductress; Thursey Barrett, R. S. to N. G.; Kitty McCarty, L. S. to N. G.; Gretie Naher, R. S. to V. G.; Margaret Holden, L. S. to V. G.; Mollie Vaughn, R. S. S.; Christina Wilson, L. S. S.

The grand officers were: Lizzie Chapman, deputy district president; Lizzie Cronkhite, grand marshal; Mrs. Brown, grand warden; Mrs. Sollars, grand secretary; Mrs. Mawhinny, grand treasurer and Kittie McCarty, grand inside guard.

MINERS BADLY TREATED

Are Collecting Proofs to Make a Demand for Their Rights.

SKAGUAY, Alaska, July 1. Fully 1000 American miners in Atlin, who purchased provincial mining licenses from the British Columbia officials which permitted them to prospect and develop gold bearing properties, and which licenses by subsequent legislation were cancelled and the holders deprived of all existing property ownership or developing privileges, are banding together and collecting necessary proofs to warrant the state department prosecuting claims for damages. The aggregate demand will exceed three million dollars. The miners think their claims for damages have far more merit than did that of the British Columbia sealers. Ex-Congressman Colonel James Hamilton Lewis, of Seattle, will be retained by the miners, it is stated.

Swimming Party.

A private party was given at the Fresno swimming baths Friday night by Dr. and Mrs. Meux, Miss Mary Meux, Miss Tempe Meux, Miss Annie Meux, Miss May Pierce, Miss Blanche Pierce, Miss Ethel Baird, Miss Pearl Russell, Miss True Aiken, John W. Meux, C. Pierce, J. S. Meux, Mrs. L. M. Sale, Mrs. Francis Irby. The last named three are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Meux from Memphis, Tennessee.

Pleasant Surprise Party.

A surprise party was given Miss Ada Gard at her home Friday evening. The chief attraction of the evening was the singing of Misses Ada Gard and Rose Nettleton, Mr. Lou Frembling and Will Jackson. At an early hour in the morning refreshments were served. The guests were as follows: Myrtle Drennen, Arthur Nettleton, Edna Reed, Will Brooks, Solomon Redford, Frank Cole, Pearl Babcock, Ralph Humphrey, Georgia Babcock, Walter Brooks, Myrtle Hogue, Chester Crane, Gertie Hedrick, Carl Frembling, Safaronica Spivey, Milton Bonds, Clara McIndoo and Bertie Drennen.

Token of Esteem.

W. M. Harrell, chief deputy in the County Assessor's office, was presented with a fine silver nutbowl by his associates in office yesterday. It is gold lined, with the letters "W. M. H." engraved up on it. Mr. Harrell thanked his friends for their kindness and spoke with feeling of the pleasant relations that had been maintained between them.

Charged With Perjury.

The preliminary examination of Alfred Hacker, charged with perjury, took place in Recorder Cosgrave's court yesterday afternoon. Some time ago Hacker was tried in the superior court for assault with a deadly weapon on the person of Dr. Bryant, a neighbor of his living in the foothills. Hacker took the stand in his own behalf and swore that Bryant had committed an assault on him and that in striking Bryant he acted in self defense. This, it is claimed, constituted the perjury. The case was taken under advisement by Recorder Cosgrave.

Damaged by Fire.

VISALIA, July 8.—At 10:45 this morning fire broke out in the commodious residence of S. B. Patrick, and it was greatly damaged. The house had just been completed and is one of the finest residence structures in this city. It required an hour and a half to subdue the fire. The building was newly fitted and furnished throughout.

Gold Coming.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 6.—Advices from Dawson say that the steamer Robert Kerr left there June 20th with over $2,000,000 worth of gold dust for St. Michaels.

MAN ABOUT TOWN

Stories Heard on the Street.

Where John Nourse Would Put an Exhibit.

Mr. Gordon Does Not Object to Being Caricatured—Told About Grady.

John C. Nourse has an idea. Now, that is not very remarkable, as Mr. Nourse has had ideas before. This idea, however, has not to do with the price of flour nor crude petroleum, nor menageries and is not one of those jokes that the aforesaid John C. loves to perpetrate on his friends. The retired grocer removed his pipe from his mouth long enough the other day to turn his idea loose. They were talking about exhibits and the best place to put them in order to advertise the wonderful resources of Imperial Fresno. Various locations were suggested.

"I have a better place in mind than any of those," said Mr. Nourse, tapping his pipe on his heel. "If you want to find a place where the exhibit will be appreciated, where, in fact it will be strikingly attractive, put it out in the Colorado desert—all alone in the burning sand, where there is neither sight nor sign of vegetation. Then people will just feast their eyes on it as long as Uncle Collis will let them. It will be an oasis in the desert, and if it will not fulfill the fondest dreams of the Hundred Thousand Club, I'll swap my oil wells for Major Dennett's smile."

John C. then mopped the crude perspiration from his brow and sold a block of oil stock within the next hour.

"Speaking about costly mistakes," observed Stephen Arthur, the accountant, the other day, "a man should never allow his wife to learn bookkeeping and above all things should not teach her himself, unless he wishes to suffer for his folly. Now, my wife wanted to learn bookkeeping. I told her that the best way was to start right in keeping books. That was, I thought, practical. Well, she got a set of books, and began opening accounts with the butcher, the baker and the other suppliers of the household. Well, that was all right. In fact, I think every wife should keep such a set of books, but—"

"But what?" queried an interested listener.

"Well, you see," continued Mr. Arthur, "it's all right up to that point. But when I wanted to draw out any money, then I encountered the rub. Bookkeeping should be confined strictly to mercantile establishments for the sake of domestic felicity."

It seems to me that the energetic correspondents for the San Francisco papers, who usually are extremely active, especially in painting the wires a pale yellow with saffron dispatches, were very derelict in their duty in not sending to the metropolitan papers a picture of our charming goddess of liberty. These papers published the photo of every goddess from the reigning queen of Milpitas to the fourth of July divinity of Hollister, while Fresno's celestial one did not smile from the printed metropolitan page. What wouldn't one of the yellow journals have given to announce about a week before the Fourth, under a half page picture of the goddess, "This is the Fresno Goddess of Liberty, whose identity is being kept a profound secret."

W.D. Grady is noted for his good nature. That is probably why the conversation so frequently turns upon W. D., when references to the weather are considered polite. He happened to be the subject of conversation the other day, when a prominent lawyer remarked, "When I came to Fresno ten years ago I supposed that every town had its little great man, as Goldsmith would say. I chanced upon a rather interesting character and I said to him,

"'My man, who's your leading citizen in town?'

"'W. D. Grady,' was the prompt answer.

"'And who's your leading lawyer?'

"'W. D. Grady.'

"'And your prominent man about town?'

"'W. D. Grady.'

"'And your most eloquent orator?'

"'W. D. Grady.'

"'Who is W. D. Grady?' I asked.

"'What!' exclaimed the man, "don't know Grady?' and he immediately sized me up for a tenderfoot."

The workings of the judicial mind are peculiar. Now, there is Judge Webb who keeps the atmosphere in his chamber a blue tint with smoke, and yet he has strictly forbidden the lovers of the weed to enjoy a whiff of nicotine in his court room, even when court is not in session, because it fills the court room with smoke. Now, there is Judge Risley on the other hand, who never smokes, and when court is not in session every lawyer has carte blanche to consume as many weeds as he desires.

Fulton G. Berry has a way of saying things that usually make those things stay said. For instance, the Commordore—beg pardon, Admiral—is decidedly opposed to the Supervisors' paying a bounty on squirrels. "It's like this," says the Admiral. "The Supervisors have no more right to place a bounty on squirrels than they have to offer a bounty for the bed-bugs in my hotel."

Of course Mr. Berry did not add that either bounty would bankrupt the county, because, of course, that would be manifestly untrue.

Some time ago the San Francisco Examiner published a cartoon of Alexander Gordon, who was one of the delegates to the State Fruit Growers' convention at Sacramento. My friend Bach immediately printed some language calculated to make the culprit artist feel bad and to place vaseline on Mr. Gordon's wounded feelings. But it was misspent exertion on Bach's part and a waste of ink and vocabulary, for Mr. Gordon was not a bit wroth because the artist had let down his jaw and otherwise disfigured him into a resemblance to the man with the hoe. I had expected that Mr. Gordon would have anathematized the knight of the pencil and extolled Grove Johnson's Works as equal to the best Waltham wheels and things, but to my great surprise Mr. Gordon was not a bit hot, and the precaution of asking him at a safe distance what he thought of the cartoon was entirely unnecessary. It seems that the artist also disfigured another honest granger, and the latter laughed so uproarously at his countenance as the artist had seen it, that the other victims joined in the laugh, either at or with him, and a vigilante committee was not organized.

"Say, pard, canne give a feller a dime fer to get a drink?" asked a weary wayfarer of J. Cat Kelly, one of Fresno's most popular young men.

"Sure," replied Cat, "I aint got a dime with me, but I've got a stand-in down at Iron Mike's. Will an order do?"

"Jest as good as de tin, if de guy 'ill stand fer it."

"Oh, sure," reassured Cat, "He's a *friend of mine*, I tell you."

"Here," said Cat, handing him an order for one drink on Michael with the hard sobriquet. "You just go down Mariposa street—you can find out where that is—until you come to the entrance to the courthouse, and you'll see the sign."

Mr. Kelly watched proceedings from Jimmy Ward's corner, and when the hobo found that the Iron part of the name was no josh and that the Michael part was a slander—on Michaels—he nearly fainted. When he recovered he began a still search for Mr. Kelly, but the latter—well, he wasn't putting himself in the way.

When Frank H. Short, so I'm told, was selected as president of the day for the Fourth, he had a mild grievance. "I always thought," Mr. Short is said to have remarked, 'that I was a better talker than a looker, but they seem to think differently."

As it happened, however, Mr. Short officiated in both capacities, and he certainly looked very eloquent and talked very handsome.

I have been told:

That it is not so easy to put stars out after all.

That the Gentlemen's Club is still in statu quo

That plug hats are no more particular than they used to be.

That many frisky husbands have been turned out to alfafa.

That Fresno's chances of getting the regimental band is still good.

That disorderly saloons do not have to go a-begging for defenders.

That children were frightened by the zebras in the park on the Fourth.

That Johnson Guy Rhodes is the sixth member of the Board of City Trustees.

That the Supervisors did not turn out in the parade because all the second silk tiles had been engaged for the day.

That the reason Bach didn't deliver the Fourth of July oration is because the committee would not consent to his wearing pajamas.

FITZ.

AT WARDNER.

A Jury Finally Selected for the Trial.

An Engineer Receives a Warning Note From a Lady Advising His Departure.

WALLACE, Idaho, July 8.—Late this afternoon a jury was secured in the trial of Paul Corcoran, who is charged with the murder of James Cheyne at Wardner, April 28th. The following are the names of the jurors, together with their occupations:

J. C. Buler, farmer, Orofino; Warren Harrison, farmer, Orofino; M. V. Carr, farmer, Fraze; Link Smith, timberman, Kingston; Patrick Keane, farmer, Weippo; J. S. Harrison, farmer, Weippo; Job Snyder, farmer, Weippo; Walter Stiles, miner, Pierce City; Daniel Carr, farmer, Weippo; Enoch Harrison, farmer, Weippo; Dell Fisk, farmer, Orofino; W. Thomas, timber man, Kingston.

The indictment and plea were then read to the jury and they were turned over to the custody of the bailiffs with instructions to keep them together without allowing so much as a scrap of paper or cigar to reach them without being first inspected by the court.

Adjournment was then taken until Monday morning. All the jurors excused, either for cause or peremptorily, were by the court excused for the term, but twelve members of the venire not drawn and examined were not excused, the court admonishing them to keep away from the court room during the trial of the case and to acquaint themselves as little as possible with the matters yet to come before the court, that they might be used as jurors in the trials of other cases.

Last night Engineer Wayne at the Helena and Frisco mine received a note, evidently written by a woman, warning him to leave the country or he would be "kneeboned." Kneebone was a blacksmith who was murdered Gem in 1894 and to be "kneeboned" would convey a meaning not to be misunderstood by anybody in the Coeur d'Alenes.

Two Notable Deaths.

NEWARK, N.Y., July 8.—Lionel Sherwood, aged 80 years, one of the most prominent fine Merino seep breeders in western New York, died today.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Major Samuel A. Wainwright, formerly of the U. S. army, died in this city today. He was 71 years old.

Rev. William Donald.

CARPINTERIA, Cal., July 8.—The entire valley of Carpinteria was in mourning today at the obsequies of the Rev. Wm. Donald, pastor of the First Presbyterian church here, who died suddenly on Wednesday evening, aged sixty-four, and after 30 years of continuous ministry. The church was crowded at the services, which were in charge of the Presbytery of Santa Barbara. Rev. W. E. Dodge, the moderator, presided, and the other clergymen who took part were Rev. A. H. Carrier, D. D., of Santa Barbara; Rev. R. H. Van Pell, of Hueneme, and Rev. Messrs. Alexander of Santa Paula and Rowland and McLean of Carpinteria. The pallbearers were the elders and deacons of the local Presbyterian church.

Camp Reynolds.

SANTA CRUZ, July 8.—Commander Dill of the G. A. R. arrived from San Diego today. He was received by a delegation of veterans and escorted to Camp Wallace Reynolds. This evening Judge O. J. Buckels delivered an address at the camp. Tomorrow morning the veterans will attend services at the Methodist church and in the evening at the Congregational church.

One of the Results.

SAN RAFAEL, July 8.—Alma P. Pearson, the three-and-a-half year old daughter of Swan Pearson, died today from the effects of spasms which were the results of burns caused by her clothing becoming ignited through the explosion of a firecracker on Friday.

FLOOD VICTIMS NEED RELIEF

Thousands of People Destitute.

Send Clothes, Money and Food.

A Large Sum of Money and Provisions Have Already Been Contributed.

ST. LOUIS, July 8.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Dallas, Texas, says:

Governor Sayers, in a talk over the long-distance telephone from Austin, requests the press to state that, in addition to money, all kinds of clothing and provisions are needed in the flood district. He suggests that parties contributing such articles communicate with him before shipments are made in order that intelligent distribution may be had. There are from 75,000 to 100,000 persons needing relief. About $100,000 in money and supplies have been contributed, but many times that are needed.

Reports received in Dallas at noon from Denison, Paris, Texarkana and other places on the Red river, state that rain has been pouring in torrents for the last five hours, with no prospects of stopping. It is feared that a flood in Red river may result. A telegram received today from Juliff, in Fort Bend county, says that 600 persons are in danger of drowning at that place.

ST. LOUIS, July 8.—A special to the Republic from Caldwell, Texas, says:

Estimates made by competent cotton buyers as to the damage resulting to the cotton crop in the Brazos badly tax the credulity of those not familiar with the flood conditions. Not less than 200 square miles of cotton bearing land has been flooded. Every acre of it would have produced a big bale.

Basing the loss on 5-cent figures, the crop destroyed on these plantations was worth almost $4,000,000. Well-informed persons are of the opinion that this unprecedented rise in the Brazos has cost the people of Texas little less than $10,000,000.

Thousands of mules have been drowned; all of the domestic animals have perished; rented houses and negro quarters have been swept away; the gins are nearly all ruined and hundreds of plantation stores, carrying big stocks of general merchandise, are under water. Not a bridge has escaped and not a train has passed over the Santa Fe road between Brenham and Milano for a week.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The National Enameling and Stamping Company, through its president, ex-Congressman F. G. Niedringhaus, today mailed to Governor Sayers of Texas a check for $1000 for the relief of the flood sufferers.

AUSTIN, Texas, July 8.—Governor Sayers stated tonight to an Associated Press correspondent that judging from all reports he had received officially from flooded districts that there had been great loss of property, both personal and corporate, that hundreds of people had been bereft of their homes and belongings, and that at present, there was in the neighborhood of 45,000 people, the majority of them being negroes, who were dependent upon public charity for sustenance. The suffering of water bound refugees has been very great. The Governor figures that the loss of life has been comparatively small, not exceeding fifty persons. The heaviest farming losses will fall upon the owners of the big plantations in the bottoms who have lost all their crops and much of their personal property and are not being protected in the distribution of the charity, which is being expended only among the poor. Up to tonight Governor Sayers has received $30,000 in money contributions from this state and from the East. In addition thereto he has sent out several carloads of groceries which have been donated by different cities of the state. The situation is being well handled now, everything having gotten down to systematic precision, and the Governor stated tonight that by tomorrow every hungry mouth in Texas would be looked after. The waters are fast subsiding and the governor is confident that he will be able to cure for the poor for at least a week, after which they can secure employment in the flood wrecked valley.

Gap Almost Closed.

SANTA BARBARA, July 8.—The "gap" is closing steadily, and within six weeks the coast line will be completed to a point twenty miles from Surf. Material is at hand for this extension, and with the finishing of the big bridge at Honda several miles of rails will be laid. By the time the right of way is clear, a number of other contract will be let across lands that have as yet not been considered, on account of the uncertainty as to an agreement between the owners and the company.

Sails for Manila.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—General Wheeler sails for Manila from San Francisco on the 26th. He was at the war department today, and will get away at the earliest possible moment. General Wheeler called upon the President today and bade him good-bye.

Cigar Makers Strike.

TAMPA, Fla., July 8.—Four thousand cigarmakers who went on a strike here today, were joined by 2000 more of their fellow workmen tonight. One shop employing a small number of men declined to pay the scale and the walk-out of all resulted.

OFFICERS' INSTALLATION

By Fresno Encampment No. 78 I. O. O. F.

Fresno Encampment, No. 78, held an installation of officers last night in the Masonic Temple. The following are the new officers: High Priest, W. A. Urmy; Chief Patriarch, J. R. Harbison; Senior Warden, E. G. Shore; Treasurer, H. Armsberg; Scribe, Charles Ward; Junior Warden, T. W. Chapman. They were installed by the District Deputy Grand Patriarch, C. Bachtold of Selma.

The members of the encampment who were given the first two degrees two weeks ago received the Royal Purple degree. After the ceremonies of the evening, the members of the encampment adjourned to a banquet at Thum & Devlin's.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS

Peace Jubilee Yesterday Afternoon.

The Great Endeavor Convention Adjourned.

All Sentiments Favoring Close Relations Between America and England Cheered.

DETROIT, July 8.—A decidedly Anglo-Saxon spirit was imparted to the speeches at the Christian Endeavor "peace jubilee" held on Belle Isle this afternoon. All the speakers were representatives of English speaking countries, American and British, and all sentiments favoring greater friendship and closer relations between the United States and British subjects were heartily cheered.

After singing patriotic songs and "God Save the Queen," the following memorial was read with the announcement that its sentiments had already been indorsed by Hon. Andrew D. White, president of the United States commission to the peace conference.

"To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America:—We, whose names are fixed hereto, are members and friends of the societies of Christian Endeavor, numbering in this country over 40,000 organizations with more than 2,500,000 members and in foreign lands over 14,000 organizations with nearly 1,000,00 members. It is the sense of our world wide fellowship that impels this memorial. Canada, Great Britain and Australia contain hundreds of thousands whom we have come to honor and love as brethren. Among the Hindoos and Persians, the Chinese and Japanese, the natives of Africa and Madagascar, the republics of South America, are large numbers who are thus closely knit to us. Our comrades in Christian Endeavorers are found in France, Italy, Germany, Russia, Turkey, Switzerland, Greece, Norway, Holland, Sweden, Denmark, Austria and Belgium. In Spain itself our foe in the late war is a rapidly increasing number of them and Christian Endeavors were found in each of the opposing armies.

In view of these facts we wish to express our abhorrence of war and our solemn conviction that it is the duty of every civilized nation to do all in its power toward making war impossible. We wish to record our desire for the speedy establishment of an international conference to discuss this matter proposed by the Czar of Russia, and to urge our country to act promptly upon the proposals of that conference, and especially we desire by our signatures to appeal for the immediate consideration of the question of arbitration between this nation and Great Britain that the Anglo-Saxon race may become united in the interests of peace and good will.

"In presenting this memorial we are emboldened by the assurance of a cordial reception on the part of large numbers of our legislatures and we are confident that the congress of the United States of America will in the future as in the past prove true.

"The largest sentiments of humanity. May the divine blessings attend your deliberations."

Rev. Dr. James L. Hill of Salem, Mass., first spoke for the United States.

For Great Britain Rev. James Mursell of London spoke briefly.

Rev. Joseph Walker of Queensland voiced the peaceful sentiments in behalf of the land under the southern cross.

The last address was by Rev. Dr. R. F. Wilson of Hamilton, Ont.

At the close three cheers were given for President McKinley, Queen Victoria, Admiral Dewey, the Society of Christian Endeavor and Mayor Maybury of Detroit.

This evening was devoted to receptions at all the state headquarters.

A. M. CANNON

Is to Be Arrested and Charged With Polygamy.

SALT LAKE, July 8.—A warrant, based upon a complaint sworn to by the representative of a New York newspaper, was issued today from County Attorney Putnam's office for the arrest of President Angus M. Cannon of the Salt Lake Stake of the Mormon Church, charging him with polygamy, which is cited as being contrary to the provisions of sections 4209 and 4210 of the compiled laws of the state of Utah, 1898.

The affidavit cites a long list of witnesses in support of the above charge, including F. J. Bascom, Senator A. J. Cannon, Martha P. Hughes Cannon, wife of Angus M. Cannon, Lorenzo Snow, president of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints; Governor Heber M. Wells, George Q. Cannon, counsel of the first presidency; Joseph F. Smith, Heber J. Grant, John Henry Smith, John S. Windes, Aquila Neber, president of the state senate and J. T. Hammond, secretary of state.

South African Mine Accident.

CAPETOWN, July 8.—A disaster has occurred at the New Jagersfontein diamond mine, where the fall of thousands of tons of earth has buried several people, including an Australian named Forsythe. Some other Australians were killed. Several persons are injured and sixteen are missing.

Schurman's Report.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Dispatches have just been received at the state department from President Schurman of the Philippine Commission, giving some account of his journey to the southern islands of the archipelago. He finds the conditions in those islands extremely gratifying. There is a disposition almost everywhere south of Luzon to accept American sovereignty. President Schurman expects to arrive at San Francisco about the 15th of August.

It is felt at the state department that the commission has done much to convey to the native Filipinos a proper conception of the purposes of the United States government, and in that way has sapped the strength of the insurrection.

Gov. Gage at San Diego.

SAN DIEGO, July 8.—Governor Gage arrived this afternoon and immediately crossed the bay and went to the Hotel del Coronado.

FRESNO WEEKLY REPUBLICAN

Fresno, Fresno County, California.

By the Fresno Republican Publishing Co.

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THE TRANSVAAL.

The traditional prejudices of Americans are all in favor of the Boers in the long quarrel between them and the Uitlanders, and most of the expressions of sympathy have been in their favor since the recent renewal of the quarrel. We shall be more nearly right, however, if we reserve our sympathy and confer it on whichever shall longest keep the peace. It is a matter in which right and wrong are about evenly divided, with English arrogance and Dutch obstinacy as the only obstacles to a peaceful settlement.

On the English side it may be said that the Transvaal has never been an absolutely independent nation, and that it is expressly precluded, by the terms of the Convention of London from concluding treaties, except with the Orange Free State, or extending its boundaries. A state limited by English control in these two essential attributes of sovereignty is not an independent state, and English interference is therefore not an impertinence. The English have a majority of the population, most of the wealth and practically all of the intelligence of the country, and are not only deprived of voice in the government, but are harassed by intolerable governmental oppression and ignorance. There are some things a free people may not choose to do. It may not choose to deprive its people of sanitary conveniences, education, or the opportunity to engage in business, and all three of these things the Boer government is doing. It was the Uitlanders who changed the country from a bankrupt one to a rich one, and they are entitled to some consideration from the country they have preserved.

On the Boer side is the fact that the ancestors of these Dutchmen fled to this distant region and deprived themselves of all the advantages of modern life and contact, because they considered their religious and social independence worth more than these. The modern Boers have the same ideals; they do not choose to be a modern people, and they have sought this secluded region for the express purpose of remaining mediaeval. They did not invite the outsiders and do not want them if to have them is to be forced to become a modern people. As the Uitlanders are in the majority, to give them the franchise is to surrender political power to them, and to give up the whole social system for one all the world considers a better one, but which the Boers do not choose to have.

Between these standpoints many compromises are possible and it will be inexcusable if some of them are not adopted. If England would concede the absolute independence of the Boer republic, President Kruger would be in a position to concede everything else that the Uitlanders legitimately demand. But if England shall remain arrogant and the Boers stubborn, a bitter war will follow which will be a disgrace to both sides, and in which victory can confer no lasting advantages on either.

An American public school system has been opened in Manila and will be gradually extended to the whole Philippine islands. One of the things it will gradually bring about will be the introduction of English as the common language of the islands. Spanish is now spoken only in the larger centers, and in these centers it will doubtless long remain the universal language, but in the remoter districts the native dialects alone are spoken. Spanish was required by law to be taught in all the schools, but it was in fact rarely taught. Local governmental officials were so rapidly changed from station to station that they had no time to learn the constantly changing dialects, but the local friar, who was also schoolmaster, remaining many years or a lifetime in one place, necessarily learned the local dialect. He found it very much to his advantage to be the sole medium of communication with the natives, and therefore omitted to teach them Spanish. The country is thus still a virgin field linguistically, and English will doubtless rapidly become the sole language of education and business.

San Francisco is having an object lesson in the working of rash political pledges. Both parties were pledged to the "dollar limit" of taxation, and are now enforcing it by cutting off public advantages which the city needs even more than it does low taxes. A dollar tax is possibly high enough, if it were economically expended, but if the tax spenders were capable of being economical there would be no need of the limit, and so long as they are not so capable it must be expected that they will save, if they must save at all, at the expense of the people and not at the loss of their own pickings. Until honest government is achieved, there is no patent remedy for municipal evils, not even compulsory low taxes.

The war on the nickel-in-the-slot machines is going on in Los Angeles, San Francisco, San Jose, Stockton and Sacramento. In some of these cities it is a campaign of active suppression and in others it is, as in Fresno, mere newspaper argument, which makes as much impression on official indifference as a gentle breath on a mountain of adamant. But the campaign is not hopeless, even where the officials ignore it. Public sentiment is being developed, and public sentiment, given time enough, will finally penetrate even public officials.

The Los Angeles Times had an amusing "take-off" in yellow journalism Sunday. One page was printed in yellow ink and was composed entirely of enormous scare-heads on ridiculously insignificant articles. A dispatch from Chicago to the effect that "John Smith is dead" was headed by the word "DED!" in circus poster type, across three columns, with an elaborately sensational head nearly half a column long. Readers of our metropolitan sheets will recognize the satire, and realize that it is not far beyond the truth.

We are glad to note that the Sacramento Bee has been converted to the Republican's doctrine that gambling machines are an exception to the general rule that gambling cannot be entirely suppressed, but we cannot agree with the Bee that the machines are only a minor evil. They are the open schools of gambling, that graduate men into the gambling dens beyond. And no one who has watched the operations of the machines can delude himself with the idea that they are supported by the man who puts in an occasional nickel "to see the wheels go round." They are supported by the men and boys who use them for serious gambling, on a considerable scale. More than one recent defalcation can be traced directly to them.

Professor Zahm of Notre Dame, has withdrawn his book on "Evolution" from sale on hearing that it was to be placed on the index expurgatorius, and declares that he does so "without regret." Loyalty is of course an admirable thing, and yet it would be interesting to try to fathom the mental processes of a man who could possibly be more loyal to anything than to his own intellectual convictions. Dr. Zahm does not believe the facts of evolution—he knows them; and no belief or loyalty can alter that knowledge. To welcome the suppression of one truth in the interest of fancied harmony with another truth is an intellectual tour de force, comparable to that of the mediaeval scholastic who announced "Credo quia ridiculum."—I believe because it is ridiculous.

The newspapers are beginning to discuss the new San Quentin solitary confinement regulations, and most of them take the position originally announced by the Republican that the punishment is simply a method of inflicting death by torture when it might as well be inflicted summarily. We do not particularly criticize the measure as an immediate practical device, in default of anything better, but when our prisons and public sentiment are both revised we shall have something much better.

A Maine man claims to have discovered that bees will use dry, porous sponges as "comb" in which to deposit honey, and he purposes to supply his hives with sponges, run them through a wringer when full, and then return them for more. This will be sponging on the busy bee with a vengeance.

Colorado will send a statue to the Paris exhibition made of solid gold, of a bullion value of $1,000,000. What the artistic merits of the statue will be we are not told and nobody seems to care. The exhibitors will doubtless be surprised to find that intelligent Europeans—for every intelligent man in Europe knows something of art—will set a far higher estimate on an artistic statue of wood than on an inartistic one of gold.

"The Trustees of the city of Fresno must be about the same class of office holders as the governing body of this city."—Sacramento Bee.

How would you trade?

In Visalia.

VISALIA, July 11.—Workmen are busy today installing a thirty-horse power electric motor in the Visalia Manufacturing Company's ice plant. It will be ready to run in a few hours. The Visalia Milling Company will put in a forty-horse power motor and the City Water Company has already set up a twenty-horse power motor. The Delta Publishing Company was the first institution in Visalia to work its plant by electricity, and its motor runs night and day. The Mount Whitney Company cannot keep up with the orders. The lights furnished by the new system are of greater brilliancy than those from the small generations heretofore in use.

Grain Fire.

STOCKTON, July 11.—Fire raged in a Farmington grain field for three hours this afternoon while a hundred men fought with wet sacks to prevent its spread to adjoining stretches of wheat, ready for the harvest.

The fire began shortly after 9 o'clock, and it is believed to have been started accidentally by tramps.

The flame-swept fields lie three miles southeast of Farmington, and as soon as the smoke was descried by the town people there was a general rush for the place. Every able-bodied man took a hand in the fire fight. A wide swath was cut through the standing wheat in front of the advancing blaze by a mowing machine and a gang plow followed. Along this protecting line the men stationed themselves with wet sacks, and by hard work succeeded in keeping the fire from crossing the mown space.

The damage done is estimated at about $3000. A hundred and fifty acres of standing grain belonging to Ed Drais was burned and fifty acres belonging to Mrs. M. J. Drais.

TROUBLE FEARED

The Situation in Alaska is Grave.

Our Government Will Send Troops to Protect American Interests.

CHICAGO, July 1.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says:

An intimation has been received by the state department that the Canadian government will send a force of mounted police to the Porcupine region in British Columbia. If this is done the United States government will respond by sending troops to Pyramid Harbor to protect the interests of American citizens.

The situation is extremely grave and will call for delicate work on the part of both governments to preserve the peace.

The Porcupine region is part of the territory now in dispute, which would be natural ground if a modus vivendi were agreed upon. This is the point where a clash came near being precipitated some time ag between American and Canadian miners. At that time this government ordered troops to Pyramid harbor to preserve the peace. This action came to the notice of the British embassy here and it was brought to the attention of the Salisbury government, which entered a protest, and requested that the orders be cancelled. This was done and the Canadian government agreed to withdraw its mounted police.

Both governments have lived up to their agreements and since that time neither American troops nor Canadian mounted police have been in the Porcupine region.

The hopeful view expressed by the British colonial office is also entertained here and notwithstanding the critical conditions of the diplomatic negotiations it is still believed an amicable agreement can be reached. There will be no hesitation on the part of the officials, however, to send troops to Pyramid harbor if the Canadians should send a force of policemen near the American line.

Mrs. S. W. Marshall and daughter Minnie returned from Santa Cruz where they had been for a month past. Mrs. Marshall had been quite sick ever since she left Fresno but is somewhat better now.

J. M. Lockhart is down from Polinsky.

OCKENDEN NOTES

The Fourth Celebrated in Style.

Cool Weather and Plenty of Socia Life for Summer Campers.

The Fourth was ushered in here not by the booming of cannons, for we are not so classical, but by the booming of anvils. It was truly grand to listen to the echoes of the explosion bounding and rebounding among the mountain tops and forest, until the last sound died gradually away. Further than this all was very quiet and orderly here.

Mr. H. Burton, our genial storekeeper, had patrons out announcing a grand display of set pieces, which proved to be nothing more than a bunchful of idlers. A ballon ascension was also on the program but that also failed to take place.

Early in the morning the paths, roads and trails leading to Armstrong's were already well occupied with pleasure seekers, all the mills having closed down for the day.

Nothing of importance, except general merry making, occured until the time set for dancing 2 p. m. In couples, parties, wagon loads and on horse they came, to join in the occasion of the day.

The music was furnished by a delegation of the Entre Nous club, and was good. The floor was all that could be desired. As I cannot dance my opinion may not count but judging from the final expression especially the extreme dyrie of contraction of the risorius muscle that many wore they were not only pleased but delighted.

These festitives were kept up until 5 p. m., when supper was served.

Resuming again at 8:30 there was a prize offered for the best lady and gentleman waltzer, which consisted of an elegant bottle of perfume and a box of cigars respectively. The lucky winners were Miss Musick and James Morrison. It was not until the late hours of morning that the merry makers wended their way homeward, as light hearted and happy as children.

At the dam mill there occured quite an accident as they started up this morning. Through some mistake the sawyer accidently sent the log carriage unto the rapidly revolving saw. The result was that the screw on the log carriage and one of the bracelets that receives the log were damaged almost beyond repair and the saw—well it is now toothless and more a subject for a dentist than a sawmill.

Mrs. Jonsen accompanied by Miss Alta Donahoo arrived here last Saturday.

Mrs. W. H. Stanley of Oakland is stopping at Ockenden.

Mr. Boucan and family of Easterby are spending their summer here among the pines.

Mrs. C. Ayers and Mrs. Lee Blasingame are among the recent arrivals at the dam.

Mr. Ockenden has not yet thoroughly decided to open his hall for parties and dances as he has been unable to make satisfactory arrangements. Should he favor us with an opening no expense will be spared to have the best of everything.

We have had a few days that the thermometer sneaked up to 86 degrees, which is unusual here, but nights fully compensated in inverse ratio for the warmth of the day—two heavy comforters were not any too much for nocturnal comfort. "X."

Ockenden, July 5, 1899.

A BANKRUPT

But His Wife Has Large Property and Much Cash.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Albert Crosby of Brewster, Mass., and formerly rich and prominent in Chicago, where he owned the Crosby opera house and the Mavoy Brewing Company, was examined in bankruptcy proceedings here today. In his petition he described his assets as consisting of a few old clothes. He lives in a handsome home on Cape Cod. Mrs. Crosby testified today that she owns the estate at Brewster, has $160,000 in bank, mortgages for $160,000 more, real estate valued at $50,000 and furniture and paintings valued at $12,000, besides her claim for $50,000 against Mr. Crosby for advances made by her to him from time to time. Mr. Crosby said he had owned nothing since 1875, when he gave his all to his wife, and since then he has lived by borrowing from her, he asserts. They usually spend the winters abroad and the summers at Brewster.

The city of Chicago holds a judgment of $500,000 against Crosby, who was a surety on the bond of David A. Gage, when the latter was city treasurer of Chicago and defaulted in a very large sum. Crosby is also heavily involved in India.

SENATOR M'BRIDE

Thinks Populism is Dead in Oregon.

NEW YORK, July 11.—George W. McBride, United States Senator from Oregon, on Monday left the Post Graduate hospital, where he had been for five weeks, recovering from the effects of a painful and delicate operation.

"Populism is dead in Oregon," he said, "and is rapidly dying out in other parts of the West. You can say that Oregon can safely be counted in the Republican column for some time to come at least. The Populists gave us a hard tussle in 1896, but we beat them and have been gaining ground ever since.

"All my information from my state is that the rank and file of the Democratic party is almost unanimous for the nomination of William Jennings Bryan. In my opinion there is little or no doubt of his nomination."

Billy Objects.

DENVER, July 11.—Billy Rotchford, who is to meet "Young Corbett" before the Colorado Athletic Association, July 4th, expresses himself as indignant at the announcement of the match between "Pedlar" Palmer of London and Terry McGovern. He says when he fought Palmer before the National Sporting Club, London, last Monday, he put Palmer out, but the decision was given to the other man on a claim of a foul. Rotchford says he made a protest at the time, but was promised by Palmer that he would give him another match before fighting anybody else. He now says he wants to meet either Palmer or McGovern, and Manager Floto, of the Colorado Athletic Association, stated tonight that his club will offer a satisfactory purse if either of the English actors will come here to meet Rotchford.

Chief Reprimanded.

LOS ANGELES, July 11.—Chief of Police Glass was publicly and almost apologetically reprimanded today by Mayor Eaton for insubordination in losing his temper and "talking back" at Commissioner Scarborough and a delegation of citizens at a meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners two weeks ago. The "reprimand" has been placed on record in the Police Commission and the incident which came so near costing the chief a suspension of pay and duty may be said to be closed so far as any particular action on it by the commission is concerned.

NEWS OF MADERA

A New Health Officer Appointed.

The Southern Pacific Endeavoring to Obtain Rights-of-Way.

District Deputy Grand Master W. B. Thurman installed the following officers of Madera Lodge, No. 327, Thursday night: N. G., W. M. Amer; V. G., W. G. Woodson; secretary, George A. Clark; treasurer, William Krohn; R. S. N. G., E. R. Amer; L. S. N. G., R. C. Jay; warden, James E. Nugent; conductor, C. J. Hely; I. G., Ed Bethards; O. G., E. E. Wilcox; R. S. V. G., L. U. Heskins; L. S. V. G., Thomas Wells; R. S. S., J. C. Edwards; L. S. S., A. A. McCumber. After the ceremonies the members sat down to a bounteous repast prepared for the occasion at the Madera restaurant.

It is stated that the Southern Pacific railroad company is contemplating the building of a line from a point on the Raymond branch through Madera and Firebaugh to the coast line. It is understood this line will be built immediately provided too many obstacles are not thrown in the way of securing the right of way.

Edward L. Smith, a consumptive who came here recently, died Wednesday morning from consumption. The young man was in his nineteenth year and came here for the benefit of his health. The funeral took place Thursday morning from the Presbyterian church.

The Board of Supervisors yesterday appointed Dr. W. C. Reid health officer for the town of Madera, to succeed his brother, Dr. E. H. Reid, term expired. The board at its present session is considering the bids for county supplies and will meet as a Board of Equalization before adjourning.

The second well at the smelter site has reached a depth of 150 feet and will be tested by the representatives of the copper company. Funds to purchase the site are being subscribed slowly, but it is expected that the committee will be able, in a few days, to make a public statement of the exact status of the financial end of the situation.

E. J. Leonard and family will leave the first of the week for Gertrude, where they will spend the summer.

Dr. W. C. Reid and family will leave the first of the week on a trip to Yosemite valley.

Two condemnation suits have been filed by the Southern Pacific against the Madera Flume and Trading Company and others to condemn lands on the proposed route between Madera and Firebaugh.

Dr. J. L. Butin has returned from San Francisco where he was attending the Lane lectures at the Cooper medical college.

The first of next month Y. V. Preciado will remove his barber shop to the basement of the Bank of Madera building. He will fit up bath rooms in his new quarters.

Mrs. E. E. Wilcox and son and Miss Martha Ritter left this week for Santa Cruz where they will spend the summer.

SCRIPTOR.

Madera, Cal., July 8, 1899.

Baptist Services Today.

Though our church home is gone, all services will be held as usual today. The Sunday school meets at 9:45 a. m. in the basement of St. Paul's M. E. church, corner of Fresno and L streets. Let every scholar come and keep on the roll of honor.

The church services will be held in union with the Christian church at 11 a. m. at DeWitt hall on I street, south of Fresno. Rev. A. P. Brown, the pastor, will preach upon "A Brand Plucked Out of the Fire."

We unite with the churches in union park services by the court house at 6 p. m.

Our Young People's Meeting will be held in St. Paul's M. E. church basement at 7:15 p. m. Let all come. Rally, friends, in this our first Sunday after the fire.

Fowler News.

A good many of our people have gone to the coast. Last year everybody went to the mountains but the sea seems to be drawing the Fowlerites this year. Last week the following persons left for the different parts of the coast to spend the summer: Mrs. D. S. McCullough and Miss Lulu Lilburn, Mrs D. S. Hallock and Mrs. G. A. Leon went to Oakland. Mrs. Dr. Wilson and Miss Pender, Mrs. Robert and Mrs Herbert Goode, Mrs. R. C. Story and Mrs. John Bonnar left for Pacific Grove.

Miss Lulu Duff has been quite ill with la grippe but is convalescent now.

Miss Alice Manlove went to Visalia to spend a few days with friends.

Mrs. M. S. Chapman and daughter Miss Abby left on the 10:35 train Wednesday for Oakland to visit Mrs. Chapman's sister and brother-in-law, Captain and Mrs. Greenleaf, for a couple of weeks.

Luther Elliot of Selma spent Sunday here.

Scott Manlove has a new buggy.

Rev. G. R. D. Stewart starts sometime this week for the city to spend his vacation with his wife, who has been visiting her parents since the 1st of June. There will be no preaching services at the Presbyterian church until the third Sunday in August, but the Sabbath School and Christian Endeavor will hold their meetings as usual.

Mis Myrtle Blayney will return home from Fresno in a few days.

OCCASIONAL.

Arrested for Pigeon Shooting

DENVER, Colo., July 11.—Alvin [illegible] Daniels, of Denver, and J. A. R. Elliot of Kansas City, were arrested tonight on warrants issued by Justice Nichols of Golden on complaint of the Humane Society on a charge of killing pigeons. The Colorado law permits the shooting of pigeons at the trap but the Humane Society claims it is invalid.

Daniels, who is a millionaire, will test the law in the highest courts. This is the result of a match between Elliott and Daniels for the Dupont cup.

J. F. Stevens is down from Wawona.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen, sweating feet, ingrowing nails, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

NEWS OF SELMA.

Sundry Items of Local Interest.

Many People Gone to the Coast and Mountains—Personal Mention.

Henry Elliott's horse ran away yesterday afternoon, and smashed his buggy all to pieces. Mr. Elliott had tied the animal to a hitching post on Front street, with the reins, and it broke the bridle. After getting loose the horse did not hesitate about running, but pulled off up the street as fast as it could go, and turning a corner, upset the buggy and spilled things all along the road. The horse broke loose here from the rig and continued his mad run for several blocks. The damage to the buggy was considerable and it will almost take a new buggy to replace the old one.

Mrs. Josie Howard, the wife of N. M. M. Howard, died in Selma yesterday of consumption. She had long resided here and was well known to all. She was thirty-seven years of age. The funeral takes place this afternoon from the residence at 4 o'clock. Rev. Woolfert will conduct the services and the interment will be in Selma cemetery.

George Traber and mother left this morning for the coast. They will go to Fresno today and will be joined there by Deputy Sheriff Harp and family, who will accompany them.

Mrs. L. F. King, state organizer for the W. C. T. C. will conduct a gospel Temperance meeting at the Presbyterian church, Sunday evening.

Rev. J. A. Brown, State Evangelist of Northern California will preach in the Christian church, Sunday morning and evening.

Jack Graham was given ten days in the county jail for fighting and disturbing the peace, by Justice Tucker's court yesterday.

Mrs. Fred Scott and baby went to Fresno last night on "Billy Owl."

Mr. Thos. Claytor and daughter attended the degree banquet in Fresno last night.

Bishop Mills of the United Brethern church, lectured last night at the opera house.

Mr. J. E. Whitson is visiting his brother in Southern California. He expects to be gone about a month or six weeks.

Miss Clara Buyer and Miss Mabel Wallace left last night on the late train for Los Angeles, to attend the N. E. A. They will visit in the south until some time in August.

Capt. McClurg has returned to Oil City.

The following is a list of the guests that were present at the wedding of Mr. T. E. Barr and Miss Ella Courtney, which was handed in too late for yesterday's correspondent: Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Wall, of Malaga, Mr. and Mrs. F. Barr and Mr. Martin, of Fresno, Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. J. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. F. Bagley, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bagley, Dr. and Mrs. Barr, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Briscoe, Messrs. E. Barr, Stanley Oder, Henry Meyers, Ted Unger, L. Scott, Price Bradley, Misses. Nana Scott, Grace Bagley, Katie Bradley and Susie Bradley.

CORRESPONDENT.

Selma, July 8, 1899.

STATE NEWS.

A Remarkable Quail in Santa Barbara.

The Temperance People at Lo Angeles are Advocating Sanitary Districts.

A suit against the Sunset telephone company for $5000 damages has been filed at Santa Barbara by George Russel. Russel claims that while using a telephone some weeks ago in some way a buzzer was turned on. He claims that this gave him a severe shock from which he suffered a stroke of paralysis.

Pasadena News: It will probably take two weeks before extradition papers can be gotten and Franklin W. Thornton, the absconding postoffice clerk, is brought back from Ohio, where he was arrested. It has been known that Postmaster Wotkyns has been scanning very closely all letters that possibly might be a clue to his whereabouts. It is likely to be a stiff trial, for the evidence against Thornton is circumstantial.

Modesto News: At Linden, San Joaquin county, on Saturday, S. Sorensen fell from a four-horse wagon load of barley (the sack of barley he was sitting on slid off, carrying him with it) and the wheels went over his body about the heart. He died in great agony within a few minutes. Aged 32 years, unmarried, and a relative of Jacob Klempp of Stockton.

Reedley Exponent: Dave Simpson had a narrow escape from being badly hurt Tuesday morning. While crossing the S. P. track near the cattle corral with the meat wagon one of the horses fell down; the other horse became frightened and turning sharp around threw the wagon over on its side. Fortunately nothing was broken, and Dave got off with but a little bruise. He will remember that it was on the 4th of July that the wagon went over.

Santa Barbara News: Ralph Palmanteer is the owner of a pair of tame quail, the female of which has made herself a most remarkable record. The bird has spent the last seventy days laying an egg a day and to all appearances her intention is to go right on through the year following up the good work. The usual number of eggs laid by the quail is only twenty-eight or thirty. Mr. Palmanteer therefore considers his bird to be a great curio.

Pasadena News: At the state anti-saloon meeting in Los Angeles last Monday it was decided to push their cause under the country government law in sections where a whole county cannot be carried to vote out saloon, but in counties like Los Angeles, where the city votes for saloons would certainly overcome the county vote against them, the sanitary district law will be used to the fullest extent as a lawful weapon against the saloon evil, and Dr. H. A. Reid, the state secretary, was especially put in charge of the sanitary district work.

The Blake Manual Training School at Santa Barbara, which cost $50,000, has become the property of the city, as a free gift from Miss Anna S. C. Blake, whose name the public school trustees have given to the school. The school was founded in 1891 by Miss Blake, and consisted then of a cooking school alone. Later, Sloyd work and sewing were added, when the handsome building in which the school is now located was erected.

The City Attorney of Sacramento has advised the City Council that nickle-in-the-slot machines are not legal under the State law.

Modesto News: The El Capitan hotel, of Merced, was closed on July 1st on account of the order requiring railroad eating-houses having bars to close them.

The trustees of the Kingsburg school have elected the following teachers of the school: J. B. Marks, principal; Mary Maxwell, vice-principal, Fannie Rosendahl.

The Board of Supervisors of San Bernardino county have concluded to dispense with Horticultural Inspectors, and passed a resolution at their last meeting declaring such offices vacant.

Ex-Congressman James McLachlan wants Gov. Gage to appoint him a Superior Judge for Los Angeles county in place of Judge Clark, deceased.

A number of cases of glanders has appeared among the contractors' horses on the railroad between San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara. The diseased animals were put to death.

The potato crop is reported as being very short all through Southern California and prices will be high.

Sanger Herald: Tomatoes will be very scarce in this county next fall, owing to the vines being destroyed by thrips or some other insects which devour the foliage and the hot sun finishes the job. The Chinese vegetable gardeners on Kings river report that they never had such poor luck with their vines before. Tomatoes are a favorite diet with everyone, and a shortage of the crop will be generally regretted by the town people.

Rev. William Donald, a very able Presbyterian Minister, was found dead in a chair at his home in Carpinteria, Santa Barbara county, a few evenings ago. His wife was in San Bernardino visiting a daughter and he was alone, and when he did not appear at prayer meeting at his church some of the church people went to his home to ascertain the cause of his absence, found him setting in a chair, holding a book, dead. He was 75 years of age and a native of Scotland. His only daughter is the wife of Superior Judge Frank Oster of San Bernardino county.

Sanger Herald: Orange growers on Kings river report that the young fruit is dropping off to an alarming extent, so that not more than half a crop may be expected this year. Last year 50 carloads of oranges were shipped from this station, but the most conservative of the fruit men estimate the coming crop at less than 20 cars. Many trees in town which bore hundreds of oranges last year are practically fruitless this year, especially the Naval and seeding varieties. Lemons are almost a total failure. It is believed that the spring frosts caused all the damage. What fruit is left on the trees will be exceptionally large and bring big prices.

Selma Enterprise: The little son of J. L. Campbell had quite a serious accident last Friday afternoon. He stuck one of his fingers into a hole which connected the windmill and the pump together and the mill starting up caught the finger smashing it terribly. To release the little fellow the windmill had to be turned back and it was some minutes before it could be done as it was necessary to send for a man to do it. The finger is getting along nicely now, although at first it was thought amputation would be necesary.

Modesto News: Yesterday the News published the news of the death of Harry E. Snook at San Francisco of small pox, the result of the criminal carelessness of a physician. Today we report the death of his wife from a broken heart, the death having taken place at San Francisco yesterday. In addition to the death of her husband under the trying circumstances, her father, G. W. Keeler, was taken to the pest house on Saturday last suffering from the same loathsome disease and the result of the same criminal negligence of the physician. Mr. Keeler was well known here and was the senior member of the firm of G. W. Bowker & Co., when that firm was in business here up to a year ago.

Hanford Journal: A new rule has been adopted by the superior court of Tulare county in the matter of payment of witnesses summoned to testify in criminal cases. Heretofore witnesses have been allowed $1.50 per day, and 10 cents mileage. Hereafter they will be allowed only their actual expenses, to which they will have to make affidavit.

Modesto Herald: Dr. Simmons of this city has been elected one and the foremost of the three delegates from California to the Convention of the Epworth Leagues of the M. E. Church (South) to be held at Indianapolis. The delegates are instructed to use every effect to make California the scene of the International Convention of 1901.

Bakersfield Echo: Indications are that the oil business up the river promises to become interesting in a short time. A gentleman stated last evening that at least a dozen derricks would go up in that locality within a week. The Elwoods have made another strike. All who have interests up that way move about and talk as though a hen was on and liable to fly off and leave her eggs. They manifest an air of profound secrecy. They really no doubt fancy they have an oil section that is a paralyzer. Everybody hopes they have. Jumping claims has become not an infrequent practice, not only up the river but in all the belts heard from. One oil man says he knows of a company organized purposely to jump claims. "If nothing comes of this oil excitement," continued the gentleman, "the surveyors and lawyers are liable to have considerable business."

Going to Nevada

OAKLAND, July 11.—William Grant Morehead went up against the divorce law when he applied for a marriage license last evening, and now he will journey to Nevada to wed. When the license was issued Morehead was not willing to take oath that the lady of his choice had been divorced for more than a year, and the license was withheld.

Morehead wanted to marry Alameda Jane Collins of Chino. Deputy County Clerk Mason was making out the license when the prospective groom, who had answered all the necessary questions, suddenly thought again about the divorce. "She has been divorced within a year," he said of his bride, and he was therefore refused a license. He inquired as to the best way to get out of the state, and declared that he would start for Nevada to get married there.

Has Been Captured.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—Charles Burnett, who is charged with swindling dairymen in various counties along the coast, was arrested today and taken to Gilroy, Santa Clara county, for trial. Burnett is represented as having been a shrewd operator and "did up" a great many dairymen.

They Wear Like Iron

COPPER RIVETED OVERALLS SPRING BOTTOM PANTS

TRADE MARK

LEVI STRAUSS & CO. SAN FRANCISCO.

Every Garment Guaranteed.

Crop Report.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—Normal temperatures prevailed throughout the state during the week, and no precipitation was reported. Grain harvesting continues and threshing has commenced in some sections. The yield of wheat in the northern and central portions is very heavy, and the quality generally good. Barley is proving better in some localities than had been anticipated, but the yield and quality are not quite up to the average. Deciduous fruits are ripening rapidly and are being dried and shipped. Peaches are the chief crop, and the yield is enormous; other fruits, with the exception of apricots and prunes are yielding fairly well. The red spider has appeared in some orchards, and thrips have attacked vineyards, but no material damage has been reported. Watermelons are in market. At present the outlook is good for corn, sugar beets, beans, potatoes and all vegetables. The second crop of hay is being harvested. Pasturage continues good in most sections. In portions of the extreme south, artesian wells have ceased flowing and the water supply is low.

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY.

Fruit—Grapes were benefited by cooler weather at the close of the week. Deciduous fruits are maturing and are being shipped. Watermelons are in market. Thrips are damaging crops to some extent in localities.

Grain—Harvesting continues and threshing has commenced. Wheat is yielding an immense crop; quality generally good. Barley is turning out a fair crop.

Hay—The second crop is being harvested. Pasturage is dying in some sections.

Minor Crops—A good acreage of Egyptian and Indian corn has been planted; the crop is in fair condition. Potatoes are in market; the yield is fair. Sweet potatoes promise a good crop.

Shooting Was Accidental.

OAKLAND, July 11.—Bernard Killen, who was accidentally shot in the head near Haywards by Joseph Loesh last Sunday morning, died of his injuries at the county infirmary this afternoon. John Gallagher, the other victim, who was shot in the left eye, will recover, though he will probably lose the sight of the injured eye. Loesh has been released from custody, all concerned being satisfied that the shooting was accidental.

RELEASED AGAIN

Rice and Ardell at Liberty.

Preliminary Examination Set for Today.

Rumor That a Sensation Will Be Sprung by a New Witness.

Policeman Tony Rice and Charles Ardell, who were arrested for murder a second time Saturday night on complaint of Ike Walton, are again at liberty. Rice applied for bail Sunday morning before Justice St. John. The motion was opposed by Assistant District Attorney Edwards, who contended that the offense with which the prisoner was charged was not bailable. The court, however, took the opposite view and ordered the release of the policeman. Ardell asked for bail yesterday morning and the court made the same ruling as in the case of Rice. Each of the men gave bonds in the sum of $5000.

The re-arrest of the men was a surprise to most people, who supposed that the preliminary examination before Recorder Cosgrave Saturday would be the end of the matter. Rice's own parents received the first intimation of their son's arrest through the columns of the Republican Sunday morning. Steps were immediately taken to secure his release and his liberation was effected within an hour. His bondsmen are M. L. Woy, Louis Manuel, W. T. Rice and Annie Rice. In the case of Ardell Frank Burello and Jake Richter qualified as bondsmen.

Jack Brooks is still in jail and will remain in the custody of the Sheriff until after the preliminary examination, which will begin at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

A question arose yesterday afternoon as to whether or not Rice should resume his duties as policeman pending the preliminary examination. When arrested the first time and released on bail the officer decided to remain off the force until exonerated. When the exoneration came and he resumed his duties he was again arrested. The police committee of the City Trustees yesterday advised him not to let further judicial proceedings interfere with his duties as a police officer and last night he resumed his beat on J street.

The preliminary examination which begins today will probably be nothing more than a repetition of the testimony introduced at the first hearing before Recorder Cosgrave. The prosecution has dropped some of its witnesses, including William E. Troy and Tom Curtis, who conducts an "airship," near Maloney's saloon. Yesterday morning District Attorney Everts held a consultation with the man Brown, who was with Claud Mills and witnessed the shooting which, it is alleged, took place several blocks north of Maloney's saloon. At the examination Brown did not appear in court and the prosecution announced that he could not be found.

There is some talk of springing a sensation at today's examination but whether or not it will pan out remains to be seen. It is rumored that Lena Winn, mistress of Al Winn, who was recently sentenced to six months in the county jail by Recorder Cosgrave, but afterwards released by Judge Risley with the consent of the District Attorney, will furnish the sensational evidence. She occupies a crib adjoining the one in which the trouble originated and heard the racket. She also heard Donnelly jump out of the front window, she claims. It is rumored that she will swear the first shot was fired in front of the crib and not across the street in the rear of Maloney's saloon. The woman in question made a written statement of the trouble to the District Attorney on the day preceding Winn's release from jail.

A MATTER OF SELECTION

There are over 7000 acres of land in the first subdivision of the Laguna de Tache Grant. It's ALL good, but, like the old miner's opinion of whiskey, some of it may be better.

We would like to have you pick out what you think is best. The price is the same, $35 to $35 per acre just now. It won't be less later on and if the other fellow buys the piece that you want, whose fault will it be? Better call at 1840 Mariposa street and arrange to go down and look it over. Ask to see Mr. Harris.

Nares & Saunders,

TRANSPORTS OFF WITH HORSES

Gov. Geer to Meet the Oregonians.

Transcript to Sail With the 19th Infantry.

A New Camp for Recruits to Be Established in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11. The Bulletin today prints the following army notes and orders:

Lieutenant Winans, Fourth cavalry, will sail for the Philippines with his command of men and horses this afternoon. There were 276 horses and 31 enlisted men to take charge of them, on the transport. The Tacoma is being cleaned and refitted now and will carry 206 more animals. Three hundred mules are now en route from the East for use in the Philippines.

The steamship Tartar has arrived from the North, and will sail on the 22d of July with two battalions of the Nineteenth infantry and a number of recruits. The Leelaw is expected in every day, and four more transports are due this month. The headquarters, band and remaining battalion of the Twenty-fourth infantry here will sail on the Para on the 13th.

Lieutenant Colonel E. H. Plummer, Thirty-fifth infantry, is awaiting orders from the war department in regard to the organization of his regiment at Vancouver barracks. As Colonel Kobe, the colonel of the regiment, is at Manila, the whole task of organization will fall on Colonel Plummer, and he will leave amost immediatey for the North. Colonel Plummer has requested that Lieutenana Darrah, Twentieth infantry, now on duty in the East, be detailed as adjutant of the Thirty-fifth.

Major Robert H. Noble of General Shafter's staff, met the official party which arrived from Oregon this morning. The party, consisting of Governor T. T. Geer, Adjutant General B. B. Tuttle, Colonel D. M. Dunne, commissary general, Colonel Jackson; inspector general, Colonel A. B. Gillis; Major J. McI. Wood, Colonel S. C. Spencer and Captain C. E. Mears, are here to welcome the returning Oregon volunteers. Major General Shafter and Adjutant General Seamans of the state of California, representing Governor Gage and the Governor's staff, will go out in tugs to meet the transports.

If the vessels pass the quarantine officers successfully and Governor Geer and the boys themselves are anxious for the landing the citizens of San Francisco may yet have the opportunity for the patriotoc demonstration they crave.

Captain Brereton, Twenty-fourth infantry, has received a commission as lieutenant colonel of one of the new regiments which are being organized. Second Lieutenant A. L. Conger, Eighteenth infantry, and Captain John Sigworth, Ninth infantry, have been ordered to report to the casual detachment at the Presidio. A new 1000-men camp is being constructed to accommodate the constantly increasing casual when the wet weather comes.

Dr. W. H. Cook of Bakersfield, who was a captain in the Sixth California regiment and surgeon at Fort Winfield Scott, has received a commission as first lieutenant and assistant surgeon in the Thirty-second infantry, now being organized at Fort Leavenworth.

William Penny of the casual detachment died of pneumonia at the general hospital last night.

Corporal McCann, Third artillery, was badly cut in a brawl with some recruits in town last night. He was taken to the receiving hospital and his assailants escaped before they could be apprehended by the authorities.

The following orders were issued from department headquarters today:

A detachment not to exceed thirty members of the signal corps will be held in readiness to sail on the transport City of Para on or about the 13th instant.

Captain Edward R. Hutchins, commissary of subsistence, U.S.V., is assigned to duty as quartermaster and commissary on the transport Tartar, during the voyage to the Philippine Islands, and will take up his quarters on that ship and report for instructions to the depot quartermaster and purchasing commissary in this city.

Captain Daniel J. Carr, U. S. Volunteer signal corps, will take command of the signal corps troops at Angel Island, Cal., and, when notified that the ship is ready for the embarkation of troops, proceed from that point with the thirty members of the signal corps ordered to sail on the transport City of Para.

Eastern Baseball.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—Attendance 3598. Score:

	H.	R.	E.
Cleveland	1	7	0
Philadelphia	6	11	0

Batteries—Bates and Sugden; Donahue and Douglass.

BALTIMORE, July 11.—Attendance 1370. Score:

	H.	R.	E.
Baltimore	10	13	1
Louisville	6	14	1

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Attendance 2487. Score:

	H.	R.	E.
Washington	6	9	5
Cincinnati	10	13	4

Batteries—Weyhing, McFarland and McGuire; Hahn and Wood.

BOSTON, July 11.—Attendance 3000. Score:

	H.	R.	E.
Chicago	10	13	6
Boston	6	12	4

Batteries—Griffith and Donahue; Willis, Nichols and Clarke.

Six Months Later.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—The Examiner in the morning will say that George Crocker, second vice-president of the Southern Pacific company, officially announces that the coast road to Santa Barbara will not be completed until six months later than was expected. This means that the long-existing gap between Surf and Santa Barbara will not be closed before about November, 1900. Scarcity of laboring men is the cause given for the delay.

An Injunction Suit.

SAN JOSE, July 11.—Suit was brought today by H. A. Marckres for himself and on behalf of all the depositors of the Union Savings bank to enjoin the directors and secretary of the bank from selling the delinquent stock on which assessment has been levied and is unpaid, advertised for next Saturday. This sale, by taking stock from the hands of the present holders, would not only prevent the collection of assessment, but remove the liability for $70 per share still unpaid on the subscription contracts.

Died from Injuries.

STOCKTON, July 11.—Charles Hutton, who was injured in a runaway while working for Cy Moreing, the Valley road contractor, died today at the county hospital. He was injured internally by the wheels which passed over his abdomen, and suffered intense pain for five days until death relieved him. He is supposed to have relatives in San Francisco but they have not yet been located.

VALLEY BASEBALL

Fresno Lost in the Ninth.

Selma Put It Over Visalia Handily.

An Exhibition Game Played at Hanford in Which the Home Team Won.

Clubs	Won	Lost	Per Cent
Bakersfield	3	0	1000
Merced	2	0	1000
Fresno	2	2	500
Selma	2	2	500
Visalia	1	2	250
Hanford	0	3	000

The Fresno baseball team was defeated Sunday at Bakersfield in one of the most exciting games ever played in the Kern capital.

Both teams put up first-class ball and it looked like a victory for Fresno until the ninth inning, when the Bakersfields made three hits which resulted in as many runs and the victory.

Both teams scored a run in the third inning and after that a long row of ciphers ornamented the score board until the eighth inning, when Fresno added two more to her credit. Bakersfield goose-egged in the eighth as did Fresno in the ninth, and Manager Ward thought he had a "cinch."

Then the Giants came in to bat for the last time and White opened the proceedings with a neat single to center; Eberle singled to left and Phelps forced White at third on a drive to E. Tufts. Hysinger advanced Eberle to third but forced Phelps at second on his swat to Decker. Baer singled to center and Eberle crossed the rubber and Hysinger reached third. Then Smith put a pretty two-bagger into center field and Hysinger and Baer scored the winning runs.

The official score follows:

FRESNO.

	AB	R	BH	SB	PO	A	E
Maul, rf	5	1	2	2	0	0	2
E. Tufts, 3b	4	0	0	2	5	3	0
R. Tufts, ss	2	1	0	1	1	4	1
D. Monroe, lf	4	1	0	0	0	1	0
Decker, 2b	4	0	2	1	2	4	1
Swarts, c	4	0	0	0	6	3	1
McKenzie, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0	0
Broad, 1b	3	0	0	0	11	0	0
W. Monroe, p	4	0	0	0	0	2	1
Total	34	3	5	6	*26	17	6

BAKERSFIELD.

	AB	R	BH	SB	PO	A	E
Hysinger, cf	5	2	1	0	3	0	0
Baer, 2b	5	1	1	0	3	3	1
Smith, p	5	0	2	0	0	2	1
Miller, lf	4	0	1	0	2	0	0
Millard, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	2	1
Hutchings, 1b	4	0	0	0	8	0	0
White, rf	4	0	1	0	1	0	0
Eberle ss	4	1	1	0	2	2	2
Phelps, c	3	0	1	0	7	0	1
Total	38	4	8	0	27	9	6

*Two men out when winning run was made.

RUNS BY INNINGS.

Clubs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Fresno	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	3
Base hits	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	5
Bakersfield	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	4
Base hits	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	1	3	8

SUMMARY.

Two base hits—Baer, Smith 2.
Sacrifice hits, McKenzie.
First base on errors, Fresno, 5; Bakersfield, 4.
First base on called balls, Fresno, 3; Bakersfield, 1.
Left on bases, Fresno, 7; Bakersfield, 5.
Struck out, by W. Monroe, 5; Smith, 6.
Double plays, R. Tufts to Decker to Broad, W. Monroe to Swarts to E. Tufts.
Passed balls, Phelps.
Wild pitches, Monroe.
Time of game, 1:45.
Umpire, White of Bakersfield; Ferguson of Fresno.
Official scorer, Gus Pabst.

SELMA VS. VISALIA.

Only a Small Crowd Witnessed the Game.

Only a small crowd witnessed the baseball game in Selma between the Selma and the Visalia teams last Sunday. There were only about two hundred people in the bleachers. The game was one of the best exhibitions of the national sport ever witnessed in Selma. Good work was witnessed from each team.

Neither side scored in the first inning but in the second both teams got four men around the circuit. Selma ran up two more in the third and a pair in the fifth. Visalia advanced three pegs in the sixth. In the eighth the home team added two more points to the score, while Visalia got one man out of the woods. The team was unable to do anything in the ninth and Selma was the winner by a score of 10 to 8. Visalia made nine hits to Selma's eight. The score is as follows:

SELMA.

	AB	R	BH	SB	PO	A	E
Munson, 2b	4	0	2	0	6	2	0
Wright, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0	0
Bustillos, c	2	2	1	3	1	0	0
Davis, 1b	4	1	0	0	14	0	0
Cardwell, 3b	1	3	0	2	1	0	1
Russell, p	4	1	2	0	1	4	0
Dare, ss	4	1	1	2	0	6	1
Ballagh, cf	4	1	1	1	3	1	2
Neff, rf	4	1	0	1	1	0	0
Total	31	10	8	10	27	13	4

VISALIA.

	AB	R	BH	SB	PO	A	E
Cecil, lf	5	0	0	0	0	1	1
Willis, c	5	0	1	0	4	0	1
Niles, 3b	5	0	0	0	2	2	2
Cook, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0	1
C. Button, 2b	3	1	0	0	2	3	1
Gillespie, 1b	4	2	2	0	12	0	1
F. Button, rf	4	1	1	0	1	0	0
Wills, ss	4	2	2	0	0	0	0
Hall, p	3	2	2	0	3	2	1
Total	37	8	9	1	24	13	1

RUNS BY INNINGS.

Clubs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Selma	0	4	2	0	2	0	0	2	*	10
Base hits	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	3	*	8
Visalia	0	4	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	7
Base hits	0	3	1	0	0	3	0	2	0	9

SUMMARY.

Earned runs—Selma, 3; Visalia, 3.
Three base hits, Hall.
Two base hits, Russell, Munson and Hall.
Sacrifice hits, Neff.
First base on errors, Visalia 1.
First base on called balls, off Hall, 2; Cecil, 2; Russell, 1.
Left on bases, Selma, 5; Visalia, 4.
Struck out, Hall 2, Cecil 2, Russell 1.
Hit by pitcher, Hall, 3.
Double plays, Dare to Munson to Davis and Ballagh to Munson.
Passed balls, Willis, 3.
Time of game, 1:55.
Umpire, Simon Henry and Young.
Official scorer, not present.

NOTES.

Umpire Young did very well considering the reputation he holds.

In the eighth inning Bustillos was hit by a foul that almost laid him out.

Bert Cardwell was at bat only once during the entire game. He was hit three times by the pitcher and scored three runs.

Hall, who has been said by some to be the best pitcher in the league, was not hard to find by the Oil Farmers, and had to be taken out of the box in the sixth inning to keep from being batted clear out of the field.

AN EXHIBITION GAME

Played Between Hanford Team and a Picked Nine.

The league game between Hanford and Merced was postponed and the Hanford club played an exhibition game with a picked nine called the "Has Beens."

It took ten innings to decide the contest and Hanford came out on top, thereby winning its first game for this season.

In the third inning the Has Beens batted Campbell out of the box, and Milus Harris was substituted. The score at the end of the ninth inning was 11 to 11 and in the first of the tenth the Has Beens failed to score. In their half the Hanford men succeeded in running the gantlett, winning by a score of 12 to 11. Patnot, pitcher for the "Uster Be's," was an enigma for eight innings, when he lost his cunning. Several bottles of wine were set up as the Hanford team had won its first victory.

COUNTY ORPHANAGE.

Lady Managers Consider Routine Business.

The lady managers of the Fresno County Orphanage met yesterday afternoon at the residence of the president, Mrs. J. J. Seymour, on north J street. Routine matters only were transacted.

There are now fifty-four children in the home. Six are less than six months old. Three children were received into the orphanage during the month and two discharged.

During the entire summer a special system of training will be continued. This consists of kindergarten work for the smaller children, some study, sewing and manual training for the larger ones.

Donations have been received from the following patrons: Mrs. Hodgkins, Miss Eshleman, Norton and Brunton, Mrs. Aguierre, Mrs. George Roeding, Mrs. Gordon, Mrs. Craycroft, Mrs. Outhout, and Mrs. Emery. All who have contributions for the orphanage will kindly leave them with Mrs. J. J. Seymour or Mrs. C. J. Craycroft.

Eastern Baseball.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—It was a tight squeeze for the Phillies today, but by opportune hitting in the sixth inning they managed to secure a narrow lead which Cleveland could not overcome. Attendance 3219. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	2	8	1
Philadelphia	4	9	2

Batteries—Knepper and Schreongost; Magee and Douglass.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—After gaining a lead in today's game Cincinnati permitted the Senators to win in the ninth inning. Attendance 1281. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	10	12	6
Cincinnati	5	9	7

Batteries—Dineen and Kittredge; Taylor and Wood.

BALTIMORE, July 12.—Nops was found easily and often by the Colonels today. Attendance 1209. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	3	11	2
Louisville	13	16	1

Batteries—Nops and Crisham; Cunningham and Zimmer.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The Pittsburgs outbatted the New Yorks today but the locals' hitting was more timely. Carrick pitched in splendid form. Attendance 500. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
New York	4	6	5
Pittsburg	1	8	2

Batteries—Carrick and Grady; Chesboro and Bowerman.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The Brooklyns took a safe lead today early in the game and never were in danger. Attendance 6400. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	10	10	2
St. Louis	5	9	3

Batteries—Dunn and Smith; Sudhoff, McBride, and O'Connor, Criger.

BOSTON, July 12.—The Champions turned the tables on the Chicagos today and won a hard fought contest through bunching hits in the sixth. Attendance 3300. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	6	2
Chicago	1	5	2

Batteries—Killen and Bergen; Taylor and Donahue.

Coast Baseball.

SANTA CRUZ, July 12.—Manager Tuttle has engaged Haynes, a pitcher in the Utah league, for the local baseball team. Haynes starts at once for this city. The franchise and property of the Watsonville baseball team have been transferred to L. B. Morris.

Never Said It.

LOS ANGELES, July 12.—Champion Jim Jeffries said tonight that he has never agreed to stop Jeffords, the Angel's Camp heavyweight, or any other man in a limited number of rounds. He will defend the championship against all comers who are worthy of his consideration.

The Best Prescription for Chills

And Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price 50 cents.

Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

CAMPERS' SUPPLIES.

A look at our windows may remind you of something you need to complete your outfit.

A few simple remedies like camphor, Witch Hazel, arnica, court plaster, etc., never come amiss. But whether or not you take anything else, you should take some strong ammonia and good whisky to be prepared in case of snake bites.

We are headquarters for pure whiskies and any other supplies you may need.

Cutter's prescription pharmacy, 1833 Mariposa St., Tel. Main 135.

BANKING HOUSES.

THE FARMERS' NATIONAL BANK OF FRESNO.

Paid Up Capital $150,000

A. KUTNER, President.
ALEX GOLDSTEIN, Vice President and Manager.
WALTER SHOEMAKER, Cashier
JOS. M. SMITH, Asst. Cashier.

Transacts a General Banking Business. Buys and sells exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Europe. Solicits the accounts of corporations, firms and individuals. Has absolutely fire and burglar proof safe deposit vault. Safety deposit boxes for rent at nominal figures.

Hours 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

The FIRST National Bank of Fresno.

Capital paid up $100,000
Surplus and undivided profits 155,000

O. J. Woodward .... President
F. C. White .... Vice President
W. J. Dickey .... Secretary
E. A. Walrond .... Cashier
W. R. Price .... Assistant Cashier

The Oldest Bank in Fresno County.

FAST TROTTERS

At the Local Race Course.

Toggles, the Coast Champion, in Training.

Some Fresno Horses Which Will Make Marks at the Fall Meet.

From Tuesday's Daily.

The Fair Grounds are the scene of much activity these days and will continue to be so until the race circuit begins, which will probably be about the middle of August, when the hegira will begin. The horses are now being schooled in speed and if Fresno doesn't capture some of the best purses that have been hung up there will be some disappointed owners, trainers and local backers. There will also probably be disappointed horses, as many old timers are being put in form for the races and know whether they earn money or not.

Few people are aware of it, but there are some of the best horses in the State at the local track now. Some of them are familiar to the turf and have already made their marks, while others are what are termed "green horses"—that is, they have no established records and are the sort that play havoc with the talent. There are one or two local horses that promise to do just that, but their performances are being kept a profound secret.

The other day a Republican reporter, in company with A. J. Hudson, secretary of the Fresno Trotting Association, visited the track. It was about 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and the morning's "work-outs" were about over. The horses that had been worked were being walked up and down in front of the stables with their noses poked out of capacious blankets.

C. E. Clark, who brought out Toggles, which holds the Coast record, has charge of a promising string of animals that he will race this fall. The first in his row of stalls is Our Jack, owned by Billy Erwin of Sacramento, with a record of 2:13¾, made at Santa Rosa a year ago. Our Jack is a gelding, eight years old.

The next was Toggles, which holds the Coast record of 2:09¼. He is a brown gelding owned by proprietor Babcock of the Hotel Coronado. He was leased last year by Chanslor and Canfield, the oil men, and driven by Mr. Clark. Toggles is a Lemoore horse, and was sold for $2000. He is now eight years old and, barring accidents, as the horse men say, he is looked to outstrip his own record of last year.

The bay mare Listerine, owned by Sam Dunlap of this city, is also in Mr. Clark's string. She is by Athadon out of Lusterine by Onward, and is a promising piece of horseflesh.

A. J. Hudson's brown mare Sue is also by Athadon, dam Gipsy, by Skallion's Hamiltonian. She is four years old and is being worked slow just at present. She has been entered in a number of fast races in the circuit and great things are expected of her.

Athablo by Diablo is a three year old stallion owned by Chanslor and Canfield, with a record of 2:16. Lottie Lilac is a promising three year old, which last year at Sacramento won the two year old stake of $1500, making a record of 2:24. She is showing good form this year and is expected to get down in the teens. She is the property of Louis Helbron. Goshen Jim completes Clark's string. He is a gelding owned by Eddy of Hanford, and has made a mile in 2:17½.

Worth Ober is handling the Occidental Land Company's horses, under the direction of Manager J. W. Minturn. Most of them are green horses. Terrin is the head of the family—a mahogony bay stallion, without a speck of white. He is by Membrino Wilkes out of an Electioneer mare and has a record of 2:24. He will cut away under that this year, however, as he has showed a 2:12 gait in a cart.

Next came a likely three year old, which has been broken only three months. She has showed a 34 gait. Edna by Teherin is a neat going mare that Mr. Minturn took out of his buggy to put on the track. In three months' training she has showed a 25½ gait. Perfection was also taken out of buggy harness to be attached to a pneumatic sulky. Perfection is by Mt. Hood by Electioneer, and is showing good speed.

The flower of the flock is Ramona II, a two year old by Teherin. She is, according to Mr. Ober, a natural trotter, and already shows a 2:40 gait.

Colonel K. R., owned by C. K. Ragin of Hanford, is also at the track, but is not in Mr. Ober's string. The Colonel was taking a mud bath at the time. He has a record of 2:22½.

FOR MAYHEM.

Sadie Murphy's Preliminary Examination Yesterday.

The preliminary examination of Sadie Murphy on a charge of mayhem took place in Recorder Cosgrave's court yesterday afternoon. W. D. Grady, who had been retained to defend the Murphy woman, came into court and asked for a continuance, which Recorder Cosgrave denied. Grady thereupon made himself offensive, interrupting the court reporter and otherwise interfering with the progress of the case. The court finally instructed the defendant to procure another attorney, and Lewis H. Smith was called in to defend her. Grady was ordered out of the court room and upon refusing to go was forced out by Policeman Parker.

The case then proceeded and A. T. Connard, Manuel Santa Maria and Pearl Ransome, the complaining witness, were examined on behalf of the prosecution. They described the fight which took place between Sadie Murphy and the Ransome woman in the rear of the Golden West saloon several nights ago. The Murphy woman caught sight of the complaining witness and made a rush for her, scratching her face and pulling her hair. They finally clinched and during the mixup the defendant caught her opponent's finger between her teeth and held it until several men, who rushed to the scene, pried her mouth open.

The case finally went over until this morning, when the defense will introduce its case.

Held to Answer.

Karl C. Myers, who was arrested for stealing forty sacks of sugar from Holland & Holland's store, had his preliminary examination yesterday before Recorder Cosgrave. He was held to answer before the Superior Court and his bail was fixed at $2500. S. H. Hinds is his attorney.

Next Sunday the Hanford and Visalia bands will give a concert in Hanford, after which, they will play a game of baseball, picking a team from the players of each band.

BEECHAM'S PILLS Cure Indigestion, Constipation, Sick Headache.

10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

AGRICULTURISTS WELL RECEIVED

Royally Entertained Yesterday.

VINEYARDS VISITED.

The Visitors Banqueted at Calwa.

IRRIGATION CONSIDERED.

Fresno Hospitality Captures the Hearts of the Scientists—They Think the Raisin Center a Paradise—The Dairy Industry Looked Into by the Chemists—A Visit to Kearney Ranch and the Minnewawa Vineyard—Notes and Incidents.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The special train carrying the delegates and visitors to the thirteenth annual convention of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experimental Stations, which was held in San Francisco last week, arrived in Fresno yesterday morning. The scientists, wearied by their journey down the valley, were glad to reach a stopping place, especially a place where they were accorded such hospitality as they received in Fresno.

The train was met at the depot by a joint reception committee appointed by the commercial organizations. The visitors were escorted to the Hughes Hotel where they partook of breakfast as the guests of the commercial bodies. After eating they were given an opportunity to rest before going on the sight seeing expedition through the Fresno vineyards and colonies.

THE ICE PLANT.

Shortly before 10 o'clock S. F. Booth, of the Southern Pacific, provided a special train consisting of three day coaches, which the visitors boarded and made a start for a trip over the Pollasky branch of the Southern Pacific. The first stop was made at the ice plant of the San Joaquin Valley Ice Company. The visitors passed in single file through the entire establishment, inspecting first the ice plant proper and next the creamery. Many of the visitors had evidently never witnessed the manufacture of ice on so large a scale and expressed their astonishment at the magnitude and perfection of the plant. The company had provided for the visit of the Easterners and gave them an illustration of ice harvesting, as it is called. The details of the manufacture were fully shown and the visitors were enabled to follow the process from the time the water was placed in the vats until it was taken out as cakes of ice.

The creamery was an object of special interest to the knowledge seekers, inasmuch as it was one of the things in regard to which they were seeking information. Such of the professors as were gathering statistics on dairy farming made a minute examination of the plant and sampled the various grades of butter and cream.

THE WINE INDUSTRY.

After leaving the ice plant the run was made to Las Palmas vineyard without stopping. The vineyards along this part of the Pollasky road are among the best in the county, and the eyes of the Eastern scientists were opened in admiration. A short stop was made at the Las Palmas, just long enough to give the visitors a passing view of a model raisin vineyard.

The train then backed up to Maltermoro where a stop of fully an hour was made. The visitors left the cars and began an inspection of the wine plant, sampling incidentally, a number of choice brands placed in the basement of the cellar for their use. Sandwiches were served and the visitors were made to feel at home. The huge wine tanks, the largest in the world, were the chief objects of curiosity to the professors and especially to those interested in wine making.

The extent of the wine and raisin industries was a genuine surprise to the majority of the visitors. They had come in from the north and saw nothing but a prairie until they reached the city limits. Most of them expected to spend the day under a burning sun on an arid plain, so that it was indeed a revelation to them to find themselves in a paradise of fruit and flowers.

After leaving Maltermoro the train returned to Fresno but the party did not leave the cars. In a few minutes they were on the way to the Calwa winery.

BANQUETTED AT CALWA.

Albert Lachman and the California Wine Association had spared no effort to prepare a reception for the learned agriculturists, and the Easterners will probably never forget the treatment they received. The banquet was served in one of the large rooms in the winery, three long rows of tables being required to seat the guests. The tables were stocked with all manner of good things to eat and drink. Wine and champagne flowed freely.

Dr. Stubbs was selected toastmaster, and after a few brief remarks introduced President Murkland of the New Hampshire college. Professor Murkland spoke in a happy manner, causing bursts of merriment by his references to California hospitality. He declared that he would never forget Calwa liberality and California hospitality. He moved a vote of thanks to the Calwa Wine Association.

Dr. Stubbs called upon Dr. Kedzie of the Michigan State University to second Mr. Murkland's motion with a speech. The Doctor responded and seconded the motion in a manner that brought down the house. The motion was carried unanimously.

F. R. Hansen on behalf of the Calwa Wine Association replied, saying it was not often that Fresnans were honored by such distinguished visitors.

Arthur R. Briggs was then called for, the feasters wishing to hear from a Fresno man. He said that on behalf of the Chamber of Commerce he expressed his appreciation of the visit made by the agriculturists. It would, he said, be impossible to find a more intelligent body of men, or a body of men whose influence was so widely distributed.

When Mr. Briggs had concluded the audience rose and sang the first and last verses of "America." This ended the banquet and after inspecting the winery in company with Mr. Lachman the party returned to Fresno.

THE MINNEWAWA.

The third trip made by the visitors was to the Minnewawa vineyard and the purpose was to investigate M. Eshleman's dairy. The scientists were well pleased with the farm and the manner in which it is conducted. The dairy cranks in the party found Mr. Eshleman's ranch a good field for investigation.

At 5 o'clock the party again returned to Fresno and a few minutes later left over the West Side road for a visit to the Chateau Fresno ranch of M. Theo. Kearney. The famous Kearney avenue caught their fancy and was the subject of considerable comment among them. The party returned to Fresno shortly after 7 o'clock. During the day the visitors were accompanied by the following Fresnans: [illegible] J. Alva Jordon, W. T. Mat[illegible], [illegible] Pierce, Taylor Aldin, Arthur [illegible], O. J. Woodward, J. C. Moore, [illegible], John S. Dore, S. L. Hogue, H. C. [illegible], Gill, George B. Noble and S. F. Booth.

A complete list of the visitors is as follows:

"OUR GUESTS."

H. P. Armsby, Director Penn. Experiment Station; J. E. Stubbs, President Nevada College; Chas. S. Murkland, New Hampshire College; E. P. Anderson, Kentucky Agricultural College; E. B. Voorhees, Director N. J. Experiment College; Wm. M. Liggett, Dean College Agricultural, Minn.; M. E. Jaffa, University of California; Jas. K. Patterson, President Kentucky College; M. A. Scovell, Director Kentucky Experiment College; W. K. Patterson, Kentucky College; V. E. Muncey, Kentucky State College; E. H. Jenkins, Connecticut State Experiment Station; Mrs. J. K. Patterson, Lexington, Ky.; Miss Julia Reno, Lexington, Ky.; Mrs. M. A. Scovell, Lexington, Ky.; Miss Ella Beardsley, Lexington, Ky.; Mrs. E. B. Voorhees, New Brunswick, N. J.; R. C. Kedzie, Agricultural College, Michigan; L. G. Carpenter, Colorado Agricultural College; J. L. Chatfield, Member Board of Agriculture, Colorado; W. F. Gilkison University of Wyoming, Mech. Eng.; Mrs. W. F. Gilkison, Laramie, Wyo.; B. C. Buffum, Wyoming Experiment Station; Miss M. C. Shields, Denver Colorado; F. W. Woll, Chemist, Wisconsin Experiment Station; Ellwood Mead, Office Experiment Stations, U. S. Dept. Agr.; B. W. Kilgore, State Chemist, North Carolina; G. W. Shaw, Chemist, Oregon Experiment Station; Mrs. W. M. Liggett, Minneapolis, Minnesota; Elmer E. Smiley, University of Wyoming; Frederic W. Sanders, New Mexico Col. of Agr.; Mrs. John A. Myers, delegate propaganda for nitrate of soda; J. N. Evans, Reno, Nev.; member board of regents in mechanical engineering department; C. D. Woods, Orono, Me.; Byron D. Halsted, College Station, N. J.; S. M. Emery, Experiment Station, Montana; Geo. W. Flint, President Storrs, Conn.; E. W. Allen, Office of Experiment Station, Washington, D. C.; C. L. Shear, Department Agriculture, Washington, D. C.; Joseph L. Hills, Director Vt. Experiment Station; Robert Lewers, Reno, Nev., State University; A. B. McKay, Agricultural College Mississippi; Thomas F. Hunt, Ohio State University; N. E. Wilson, Nevada Experiment Station; William Frear, Pennsylvania Experiment Station; Sam. G. Maynard, Massachusetts Agricultural College; E. C. Chilcott, South Dakota Agricultural College; R. H. Jesse, president University of Missouri; Samuel B. Green, professor Horticultural Experiment Station, Minn.; H. T. French, University of Idaho, professor Agriculture; H. W. Wiley, chief chemist U.S.D.A.; George E. Colby, University of California; Newton B. Price, United States Department of Agriculture; J. Burr Davy, University of California, assistant Botanist; Miss French, Superintendent of Schools, Idaho; A. A. Brigham, Rhode Island College and Experiment Station; Burt L. Hartwell, Rhode Island College and Experiment Station; C. W. Woodworth, University of California, Berkeley; Charles H. Shin, University of California, Berkeley; Emory E. Smith, Stanford University; W. L. Hutchison, Director Mississippi Experiment Station; H. W. McArdle, Fargo, N.D., Department Mathematics; Mary E. McArdel, Chicago, Ill.; F. A. Rich, Burlington, Vt., Department Agriculture; L. H. Pammel, Experiment Station, Iowa; T. J. Wrampelmeier, United States Internal Revenue, San Francisco; A. J. Cook, Claremont, Cal., Conductor Farmers' Institute, Southern California, Pomona, Cal.; Mrs. G. W. Shaw, Corvallis, Or.; E. J. Wickson, University of California; J. H. Worst, North Dakota Station; A. J. McClatchie, Arizona College and Station; F. W. Traphagen, Agricultural College, Montana; H. H. Wing, Cornell University; Mrs. H. H. Wing, Cornell University; E. R. Lloyd, Agricultural College, Mississippi; H. E. Stockbridge, Agricultural College, Florida; H. K. Miller, Agricultural Experiment Station, Florida; R. H. Loughridge, University of California; C. D. Smith, Experiment Station, Agricultural College, Michigan; Charles A. Keffer, Experiment Station, Messilla Park, New Mexico; Frank J. Snow, Agricultural Experiment Station, Berkeley; Clarence L. Cory, Assistant Professor Electrical Engineering, Berkeley; George K. Whitcomb, St. Paul, Minn.; Arthur Goss, Experiment Station, New Mexico; R. F. Walton, Yuba City, Cal.; Mrs. R. S. Walton, Yuba City, Cal.; Henry Thurtell, Reno, Nev., State University; N. A. Cobb, Department Agriculture, Washington, D.C.; R. H. McDowell, Agriculture, Horticulture, Nev.; R. K. Bishop, Berkeley, Cal.; V. K. Chestnut, Washington, D.C.; Inazo Nitobe, Sapporo, Japan; W. C. Blasdale, Berkeley, Cal.; Frank J. Wikoff, Oklahoma A. and M. College and Experiment Station; W. A. Goethe, Giesenheim, Germany with Prussian minister of Agriculture; B. von Herff, New York City, German Kali Works; J. H. Barber, California Experiment Station; W. B. Rising, University of California; C. M. McKellips, Agricultural College, Oregon; A. V. Stubenrauch, University of California; W. J. Spillman, Washington State Experiment Station; James Withycombe, Oregon Experiment Station; Charles E. Thorne, Director Ohio Experiment Station; W. E. F. Deal Regent, State University of Nevada; Frederic Bioletti, University of California; D. T. Fowler, University of California, Berkeley; Mrs. C. D. Smith, M.A.C., Lansing; A. B. Leckenby, U.S.D.A., Portland Or.; Frank Adams, Wrights; G. D. Swezey, Nebraska Experiment Station; M. H. Buckham, University of Vermont; Mrs. M. H. Buckham, Burlington, Vermont; W. A. Withers, N. C. Station; E. C. Runyan, Washington, D.C.

IRRIGATION QUESTION.

With the agriculturists are two men whose mission it is to study the problems of irrigation. One of these is L. G. Carpenter, who is connected with the Colorado Experiment Station. He was here eight years ago to investigate the Fresno system of irrigation, while it was much less developed than at present. Yesterday he took additional notes which he will compare with those taken eights years ago.

An effort is being made on the part of a number of influential persons interested in the irrigation problems of California to have Professor Elwood Meade, who was here with the agriculturists yesterday, assigned to a broader field of investigation in connection with California irrigation. Professor Meade has recently been appointed expert in charge of irrigation investigations in the agricultural department, and an appropriation of $35,000 has been made for use in investigations this year. So far the only investigations that have been made have been upon the purely scientific question of the "duty" of water, that is, the amount of water needed for irrigation purposes under various conditions. A meeting was held in San Francisco a few days ago at which a petition to the Secretary of Agriculture was drawn up, asking that the scope of Professor Meade's investigations be extended so as to include the entire irrigation problem of California, especially in its legal aspects, such as the control of water rights and storage reservoirs. It is in just such matters as these that Professor Meade made his most brilliant success in Wyoming.

The petition has already been signed by President Jordan, of Stanford; Professor Wickson, of Berkeley; George H. Maxwell, the well-known irrigation expert, and representatives of the civic bodies of San Francisco. It will be presented to the Governor and Congressmen of California and transmitted to Secretary Wilson through Dr. C. A. True, director of experiment stations, who is also one of the visiting party of agriculturalists.

The news of this movement, which transpired yesterday, is one of the important developments of the tour of the agricultural observers.

TALK WITH MEADE.

Professor Elwood Meade, of the department of agriculture, was seen last night by a Republican representative, but declined to express himself on the subject of any prospective change in the assignment of his work. He was greatly pleased with his visit to Fresno, and said that he could note a marked improvement since [illegible] last here, five years ago. [illegible] impressed with the [illegible] trees on the Kearney ranch the Kearney avenue, where he remembered distinctly the conditions of five years ago. He also spoke of the branch railroads running out the county roads to the vineyards and wineries, as an indication of prosperity and a suggestion of future development.

Professor Meade is just now engaged in investigations of the "duty" or total available value of irrigation water in Southern California. He says that the same investigations will be extended to the San Joaquin valley next year. It is his conviction that these investigations as to how far water will go will be of important service in showing how to make it go further, and predicts that the time will come when by the use of reservoirs and the more economical distribution of water, the total irrigable territory will be at least doubled.

Apportionment of School Money

Deputy Superintendent of Schools Madson yesterday apportioned the state school money for July among the schools of the county. The total amount for the county was $22,673.92, being $2.97 for each child between five and seven years of age. The total for the whole state was $1,032,445.28. The total last January for the state was $2,044,029.12, and for Fresno county was $45,681.72. The amount apportioned to the Fresno City schools was $3900.

Gold Ore Within Ten Miles.

A prospector and miner named W. R. Brown, who has been selling shakes around the colonies, brought to town a lump of ore containing iron sulphurets and gold bearing quartz. He claims to have taken it from a ledge ten feet wide which he discovered on the plains within ten miles of town. He refuses to reveal the place, as it is on patented land, but will have the ore assayed and also see if he can make any claim to the ledge.

DIED.

JOHNSON—In this city, July 10, 1899, Ollie Mae Johnson, aged 9 months. Burial today.

LUCAS—In this city, July 11, 1899, Evangeline Trimble Irene Lucas, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Lucas, aged 1 year and 9 months.

Funeral from the residence, 2115 Fresno avenue, today at 10 o'clock.

CHINESE SCHOOL.

New Mission Building Dedicated.

Religious and Musical Exercises.

Large Number of Chinese Taking Part in the Work of the Mission.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The new edifice on F street, between Kern and Inyo, built for the use of the Congregational Chinese Mission, was dedicated with special services last night. Dr. W. C. Pond, superintendent of the Congregational mission work on this Coast, had come down from San Francisco to conduct them.

The new mission is a large two-story frame building with a commodious assembly hall and a number of small living rooms. It has been built at a cost of $2065, of which $450 has been subscribed by the Chinese themselves. Over 150 Chinese have subscribed to the building fund of these about 100 were non-Christian.

Nearly 200 people were present last night at the dedication services. The assembly hall was brightly lighted and decorated with shrubbery. The singing was led by the choir of the Congregational church, and Professor Edward Drury acted as accompanist.

The exercises opened with an organ prelude by Professor Drury. This was followed by the invocation delivered by Dr. W. C. Pond. A hymn was then sung by all present, and Rev L. M. Walters of the Congregational church read a passage from the Bible.

Dr. Pond delivered the prayer of dedication and Chin Toy of San Francisco offered a prayer in Chinese. Miss Hellen Walters sang a vocal solo.

Rev. L. M. Walters made a statement as chairman of the building committee, of the cost of the new building and its successful completion. Joe Dunn, the Chinese leader of the mission, delivered a short address. A unique and very pleasing feature followed, a song in Chinese by all the members of the mission, "Our Sabbath Home."

Rev. Dr. Pond then delivered the address of the evening. The new mission, he said, was a unique enterprise. It had been suggested by the Chinese themselves. It would be used every day in the week as a house of worship or a school. The educational work conducted here, he said, would aid in leading these people to Christ. He emphasized the home feature of the mission. The Chinese would rent rooms here where they could have Christian companionship and yet be independent. Missions should not encourage dependence in the member, and so room rent is charged. Dr. Pond also spoke of the grand results of mission work on the Coast. During 25 years 1700 Chinese had become believing Christians and this mission influence had extended across the sea to China where the work is increasing in force.

Through Joe Dunn, as interpreter, Dr. Pond addressed the members of mission present, speaking of the work in Fresno. The mission board supports it ten months in the year. Funds for the remaining two months are raised among the Chinese here and members of the churches. By means of a subscription $81.45 was raised to help continue the work during the two months.

The choir then sang an anthem and all present joined in "Coronation," after which a pleasant social hour was passed by all members of the mission and visiting friends.

The mission here was started by Dr. Pond 11 years ago. Miss Worley, the first teacher, and her helper, Loo Quong, both came from San Francisco. The work has gradually grown until this, the most prosperous year in its history, ends with the entrance into the new home.

Miss Scully is the present teacher and Joe Dunn, the helper. The membership of the mission for the entire year has been about 150, the average attendance about 50. About 100 men have been converted by the Fresno mission.

WOODMEN MEET.

Installation, and Initiation of New Members.

Manzanita Camp, W. of W., assembled last night to install the officers recently elected. They are as follows: Consul commander, John Jonson; adviser lieutenant, A. Lewis Smith; banker, C. A. Telfer; clerk, George R. Andrews; escort, James M. Kerr; watchman, R. M. Hague, Jr.; sentry, O. H. Hansen; musician, G. E. Barwell; managers—F. M. Cook, J. W. Briscoe and E. F. Ball.

Two new candidates were initiated. They were Robert Todd and Fred W. Teseler. Other matters kept the Woodmen busy until a late hour.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease in Your Gloves

[illegible] Allen's Foot-Ease into my gloves and rub a little on my hands. It saves my gloves by absorbing perspiration. It is a most delightful powder." Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes easy. Always use it to break in new shoes. It keeps the feet cool and comfortable. We invite the attention of physicians and nurses to the absolute purity of Allen's Foot-Ease. All drugs and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

jy9 N. A. BOSTICK.

ASSESSED VALUES

Supervisors Meet as Equalizers.

Rules Adopted for the Present Session.

Some Features of the Assessment—Applications for Reductions on Alkali Lands

From Tuesday's Daily.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday as a Board of Equalization. The assessment books were placed on the tables for reference and were examined yesterday by a number of people. Some of these will probably petition the board to reduce their assessments.

The total assessment has not yet been footed up, but it is stated unofficially that it will not differ materially from last year's total, although a number of changes were made in different assessments. A higher valuation was not placed on the West Side oil territory for the reason that on March 1st, last, when the assessment was made there had been no new developments.

The capital stock of national banks was not assessed, either, for the reason, Mr. Ferguson states, that the real estate and mortgages held by the banks cover the capital stock, according to the statements given by the banks. If this should not turn out to be the case, Mr. Ferguson says he will probably assess the capital stock next year. He acted in accordance with the advice of the State Board, he says. In some other counties the national bank stock has been assessed.

Yesterday the County Board of Equalization adopted the following rules:

Whenever any person, company or corporation shall make application to this board sitting as a Board of Equalization, to have his, or its, assessment, or any portion thereof, reduced, the clerk of this board shall serve upon such person, company or corporation, or the person or agent representing the same, a written or printed notice that, upon the hearing of such application, the board will take into consideration the entire assessment roll of said applicant, as shown by the assessment book, and proceed to raise or lower the same so as to make the assessment conform to the value of the property so assessed, provided the board deem a change advisable; also that if the board find any such applicant was on the first Monday of March, 1899, the owner of, or had in his possession, any property legally assessable to the applicant, which, for any cause, has not been placed on the assessment roll, the board will direct the assessor to write the same in the assessment books.

Whenever it appears to the county Board of Equalization that it is probable that the assessment of the property of any person, company or corporation for the year of 1899-1900 is below full value, or that he, or it, is not assessed on the assessment roll for the property which he, or it, owned or controlled on the first Monday of March, 1899, notice shall be served upon such person, company or corporation that the board will, on a certain date in July, 1899, at the court house, in the city of Fresno, in the county of Fresno, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, examine and investigate such assessment, and if it be found that such assessment of the property assessed is below the full cash value, the board will add such sum and make such assessment conform to the true value of the property therein described, or if it be found that insufficient property has been assessed, the board will direct the Assessor to write such property upon the assessment roll. The notice shall be served by one designated by the board, either personally or by depositing the same in the postoffice at Fresno, California, postage prepaid, addressed to the person, company or corporation at the postoffice either nearest where the owner, or the agent, resides, or his place of business, not less than five days prior to the date set for the examination of the assessment named. The notice may be signed by either the clerk or the chairman of the board.

The following applications for reductions of assessments were received yesterday and continued for hearing on July 21st:

Mrs Susan A. Thornton and Fannie B. Minor—$10 an acre to $8 on sections 18 and 19, township 13, range 19.

Mrs. Susan A. Thornton—from $5 an acre to $2.50 on section 31, township 14, range 19, as all except 30 acres is impregnated with alkali.

Mrs. Fannie B. Minor—from $10 an acre to $2.50 on the east half of section 29; and from $5 an acre to $2.50 on the southeast quarter and the west half of section 32, on account of alkali.

All Doing Well.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—Only three or four of the victims of yesterday's railroad accident at Newman remain in this city, the rest having gone to Los Angeles today to attend the N. E.A. convention. Of the injured ones who are here little can be learned as every effort is being made to keep news from the public, even their names being withheld. It is understood around the Grand hotel, where the victims are stopping, that they are progressing under the care of the physicians.

BRAKEMAN'S STORY

Of the Train Wreck at Newman Monday Morning.

Brakeman Swarts, who was on the wrecked freight, arrived in Fresno after the accident, and while he would not be interviewed by a reporter, told an interesting story of the collision to some friends. He had flagged the excursion train. He stated that the freight was running on regular time, while the special was running on no time. The passenger was to pass the freight at any time. As the freight pulled out of Tracy, the special pulled in. The freight was to have stopped at Wesley, but decided to go through to Newman. Swarts saw the smoke and light from the approaching excursion train and he got off a quarter of a mile from Newman to flag it. He waved his lantern and the engineer responded with the regulation signal. As the special went by the engineer was still working steam and the air brakes were not on.

The fireman of the freight had got off at Newman to clean out the ash box, but he changed his mind and thus escaped death. The brakes were not set on the freight and when the passenger struck it, the terrific force moved it for two or three car lengths. Upon investigation, he claims, it was found that the air brake valve of the passenger engine was not on. There was no baggage car, and the tender telescoped with the first Pullman. The accident was not without its freaks. A load of lumber on a flat car was hurled into the baggage car of the freight. It was telescoped in as nicely as if it had been carefully placed there. After the collision the baggage and day coach of the freight took fire. The conductor praised the splendid work done by the Newman fire department.

Consider Appropriations.

The Board of Supervisors made an order yesterday appropriating $300 for the purchase of jars for the Chamber of Commerce. The jars are to remain the property of the county and the name of the county is to be stamped on them, if possible. The matter of making an appropriation of $300 for a writeup of the mineral resources of Fresno county was also considered. A motion to deny the petition was made by Martin, seconded by Manly and lost. A motion to postpone action until the 26th carried.

SCHOOL MATTERS

Considered by the Board of Education.

The Lowell School Will Be Connected With the Sewer System.

The Board of Education held its regular monthly meeting last night in the city hall, with Messrs. Noble, Stevens, Hogue and Thompson present. Little else than routine business was transacted.

A communication from John B. Dymol, teacher of music in the city schools, was read. Mr. Dymot wishes to start a singing school during the summer and continue it after the commencement of the public schools in the autumn. One of the rules of the school board forbids teachers to do anything out of school work without the board's consent. Mr. Dymot intends to make his singing school a public benefit and will charge merely nominal fees. The board were favorably impressed with the proposition and the committee on teachers was given full power to act in the matter.

L. O Stephens, as chairman of the committee on school buildings, reported that the committee had selected a room in the basement of the high school building, formerly used as a gymnasium room, to be used as a recitation room for the grammar grades. It is now being plastered and fitted up. Another room will be used for a gymnasium.

The committee on janitors reported the employment of the janitors of all the ward schools during the summer at half pay, $22.50 a month. No report was made as to the high school janitor. The committee appointed to see about fire escapes for the buildings was given further time to act. The board had requested the District Attorney to examine the law requiring the board to provide fire escapes, and he rendered the opinion that it was mandatory.

Various bills to the amount of $141.22 were allowed. The janitors of the schools are to make needed repairs on their buildings during the summer, and the committee on school houses was given power to provide material.

The formal election of teachers was deferred until a full attendance of the board should be present.

The board discussed at length the question of connecting the Lowell school with the sewer systems. Mr. Hogue had appeared before the City Trustees about the matter, and the City Engineer had been ordered to investigate, but had not reported yet.

The board then adjourned and reconvened as a High School Board. Bills to the amount of $250.79 were allowed. Mr. Stephens reported that the furnaces in the High School were in so bad a condition that they would have to be repaired before school began. After some discussion, it was agreed that the board should meet this morning to examine the furnaces and ascertain whether they could be repaired or would have to be replaced. The board then adjourned.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land office at Visalia, California, July 6, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proofs in support of their claims, and that said proofs will be made before County Clerk at Fresno, California, on August 21, 1899, viz: William Hart, homestead entry No. 5713, for the S.E.¼ Sec. 19, T. 15 S., R. 15 E. M.D.M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Geo. M. Kohler, of Fresno, California; Frank Hart of Jamison, California; James Ostler of Mendota, California; J. N. Daniels of Jamison, California.

Also Benjamin F. Hart, homestead entry No. 5165, for the N.W.¼ Sec. 15, T. 15 S., R. 14 E., M.D.M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Geo. M. Kohler of Fresno, California; James Ostler of Mendota, California; William Hart of Jamison, California; Clovis Boyer of Mendota, California.

Also Eunice E. Hart, formerly Eunice E. Winn, homestead entry No. 5656, for the SE¼, Sec. 23, T. 14 S., R. 13 E., M.D.M.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Frank Hart of Jamison, California; Geo. M. Kohler of Fresno, California; Joseph Walker of Mendota, California; James Ostler of Mendota, California.

wj1316 GEO. W. STEWART, Register.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Whereas, James P. Leighton and his wife, Alice Leighton, executed a certain deed of trust to Ed. R. Hamilton and W. P. Coleman September 2nd, 1893, and recorded September 6th, 1892, in Book 129 of Deeds, at page 234 and following, records of Fresno County, State of California, said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note, made by the said James P. Leighton and Alice Leighton; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon:

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust, and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned, as such trustees, will on August 10, 1899, between the hours of ten and eleven o'clock a. m., in front of the court house door, in the city of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States gold coin, all the certain real property situate in the County of Fresno, State of California, and described as follows: to-wit:

The North half of the Southeast quarter of the Northeast quarter of Section Twenty (20), in Township Fourteen (14) South, Range Twenty (20) East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, being the north half of Lots Eighty-seven (87) and Eighty-eight (88) in the Fresno Colony Tract, in the County of Fresno, State of California, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging; also all water rights, water ditches and privileges that are in any way connected with used or appertaining to said land.

ED. R. HAMILTON, Trustee.
W. P. COLEMAN, Trustee.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Whereas, John F. Hager and his wife Laura A. P. Hager, executed a certain deed of trust to Ed. R. Hamilton and W. P. Coleman April 2nd, 1895, and recorded April 5th, 1895, in Book 129 of Deeds, at page 176 and following, records of Fresno county, State of California, said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note, made by the said John F. Hager and Laura A. P. Hager; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon;

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned, as such trustees, will on August 10, 1899, between the hours of ten and eleven o'clock a. m. in front of the court house door, in the City of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in United States gold coin, all the certain real property situate in the county of Fresno, State of California, and described as follows: to-wit:

The Northeast quarter of the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty-six (36), in Township Sixteen (16) South, Range Twenty-one (21) East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging; also, all water rights and water ditches and privileges, etc., that are in any way connected with, used or appertaining to said land.

ED. R. HAMILTON, Trustee.
W. P. COLEMAN, Trustee.

FRESNO WEEKLY REPUBLICAN

Fresno, Fresno County, California.

... the Fresno Republican Publishing Co.

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Daily Republican, six months, by mail ... 3 00

A SERIOUS DANGER.

It is quite conceivable that a respectable man might favor the proposed tenderloin ordinance in ignorance of its significance, or that a disreputable man should favor it with full knowledge of this significance, but that respectable men should favor it knowing that it is a move toward laxity, and on this ground, ought to be inconceivable., but is unfortunately the fact.

The publication of the present and proposed laws in yesterday's Republican showed beyond question the purpose of the change. All the good features of the amendment are already in the law, and all the changes are in the direction of laxity. It is useless to quarrel with those who consider laxity in such matters a good thing, for, being a matter of fundamental moral standards, it is beyond discussion. It is sufficient to establish unquestionably and publicly that this is the standpoint of those who favor the ordinance.

The "ventilation" humbug will not be taken seriously by anyone who knows anything about the situation. All the ventilation that is needed can be had through the upper half of the blinds, which may well be left wide open. The lower half should be made with solid slats, which cannot be opened either from the outside or the inside.

No other argument has been advanced, except those which assume that hideous publicity is better than privacy. Such arguments are beyond discussion and would be beyond mention, except that there is serious danger that the majority of the City Trustees will pass the proposed ordinance at the next meeting on this express ground. This danger, which is an actual and public one, is our only excuse for thrusting so nauseating a matter on public attention. There is at least a hope that the exposure of its true nature may prevent the proposed enactment, and, if not, the assurance that whatever action the Trustees may take will be taken with full public knowledge of its significance.

On July 11th Fresno will have a body of distinguished visitors in the members of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations. These visitors come for instruction rather than entertainment, and as they are persons who are able to see for themselves, intelligently, the chief entertainment they desire is undisturbed opportunity to see the things they have come to see. The civic organizations and private entertainers can furnish this simple entertainment and, we understand, have arranged to do so. If the public cares to do something extra, to leave an impression of something unique on the minds of our visitors—for they are, after all, but human, and will remember us better if we give them some reminder—it has been suggested that the electrical display on the court house might be kept in position for a few days, and the lights turned on on the evening of the 11th. It would be a matter of small expense, and would not be embarrassing to the visitors if it was understood not to have been arranged primarily in their honor. Some such affair in the evening would be more effective and in better taste than too much irrelevant entertaining in the day time.

Let us hope the good old custom of reading the Declaration of Independence, as part of the Fourth of July observance, was universal in the United States yesterday. Those "self-evident truths" sounds like a warning from the grave in these days of distant jungle beating after poor wretches striving for "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."—Los Angeles Herald.

It cannot be too distinctly understood that we are not fighting a Filipino nation, struggling for liberty, but a single tribe of Filipinos, struggling for the privilege of dominating and oppressing all the rest. Whenever there exists a Filipino nation, capable of acting for itself, it will doubtless be permitted to do so, up to the limit of its own safety. But an archipelago of warring tribes, who will not act together or keep the peace, must have peace and order enforced upon it from outside. More than this we have not undertaken to do.

The Belgian workmen gained a modified universal suffrage a few years ago by the peaceful revolution of a universal strike. Under the concession thus extorted, every man has one vote but some men have two or three votes, thus leaving the majority of the votes in the hands of the property-holding minority. The present tumults and threats of strikes are efforts to restrict the suffrage to one vote for each man. The government may find that it pays better to grant the concession than to fight it. A monarchical or conservative government can often exist with a radical majority, provided that majority is given a voice, but it cannot long exist over a suppressed but intelligent majority.

The Sacramento Bee's prophecy that the prohibited slot machines would be running again within thirty days has been fulfilled within much less than the assigned time, but not in the predicted manner. The authorities have not found it impossible to enforce the ordinance; they have simply voted to repeal it. Nobody has ever claimed that this form of gambling can be stopped if the authorities are in favor of it. Its suppression has never been even attempted in Fresno, presumably because the city authorities do not regard its suppression as desirable and the people do not care. Against such conditions there is no remedy. But it is claimed and can be proved that this is one of the few forms of public evil which can be controlled absolutely instead of approximately, and for whose existence, therefore, there is no possible excuse but the approval and support of those in power. Any town that wants to get rid of this form of gambling can do so, and conversely, any town which has it, wants it.

The City Trustees did a good thing last night in revoking the license of one disreputable saloon on this side of the track. They will do a better thing if they will visit the same treatment on several more of the same sort. If any improved standard of decency can be enforced on the Chinatown district an equal improvement ought to be enforced on this side. From the standpoint of the tough element it is not fair to "come down hard" on one portion or faction without coming down equally hard on the other, and from the standpoint of decency it is equally desirable to come down hard on both.

And while the merry war of reform goes on, there is another place where it ought to strike. There has been radical treatment of some evils, but no attention whatever has been paid to the gambling evil. It is still flourishing and in some respects increasing. Dice games have been introduced into some of the resorts where they had not been known for a long time, and the usual games are running wide open. Of course it is not necessary to do everything at once, but it is necessary to do it some time. These evils exist, and the wave of reform must not be allowed to expend its force until it has reached them, too.

According to Mr. Havemeyer, it is the tariff that engenders trusts; according to the next witness it is the private ownership of railroads; according to Senator Jones, it is the gold standard; according to one it is war, and to another peace; it is prosperity or poverty, wisdom or ignorance, altruism or greed, natural growth or base machinations, all according to the standpoint of the observer. All of which is very like a discussion as to whether the grain proceeds from the seed or the soil or the rain or the plow. And some of the remedies proposed are very like seeking to remedy a bad crop by destroying seed and soil and rain and plows.

A correspondent of the Stockton Independent attacks the army canteen on the ground that no such thing is found necessary in the navy. Neither would it be in the army if there were nothing but boundless ocean around the army posts. It is a temperance measure to deprive the sailor of government grog, because he cannot procure it elsewhere. It is a temperance measure to supply the soldier with government beer, because he will otherwise procure more and worse elsewhere.

A Chicago coroner's jury found that a prize fighter who was knocked down and died on the spot had died of natural causes. It was a San Francisco coroner's jury which found that an old man who was knocked down by a drunken politician and died of a broken skull, had been killed by the pavement and not by the blow. And it was a Fresno jury, we think, many years ago, which decided that a man who drank whisky all day and one glass of ice-water at night, and then fell dead, had been killed by the ice-water. Evidently there is no lack of modern instances of the "crowner's quest law," which was already famous in Shakespeare's time.

The Stockton Mail still professes to believe that the Republican newspapers would obey orders from Washington to advocate an American monarchy, and that the issuance of such orders is not in the least inconceivable. We are sorry for the Mail. If it is capable of believing such things it must have a strangely depressing view of human nature, and if it is capable of saying them without believing them, it must have an equally depressing opinion of itself.

The latest rumor from the East is that DeWolf Hopper and Lillian Russell are to be married. It would be a just retribution to them both.

Eastern Baseball.

BOSTON, July 10.—The Champions took both games from the New Yorks today, the first by brilliant fielding and the second through great batting by Tenny. The second game was vastly exciting, as the visitors tied the score in the seventh and it took two extra innings to decide the contest. Hamilton's two-bagger and a terrific drive by Tenny settled matters. Attendance 5500. Score:

First game:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	3	6	1
New York	0	7	2

Batteries—Lewis and Bergen; Seymour and Grady.

Second game:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	5	15	1
New York	1	8	1

Batteries—Nichols and Clarke; Garrick and Grady.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The Phillies wound up their series with Brooklyn today by playing championship ball and shutting out the Superbas with ease. Attendance 2700.

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	10	15	1
Brooklyn	0	6	6

Batteries—Platt and McFarland; McJames and Smith.

Gun-shot wounds and powder burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, wounds from rusty nails, insect stings and ivy poisoning—quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Positively prevents blood poisoning. Beware of counterfeits. "DeWitt's is safe and sure." At Fresno Pharmacy, Dr. C. Paddock, prop., 1162 I street.

J. V. Hobbs, M.D., Fort Valley, Ga., says: "I have been practicing medicine twenty-five years and know piles to be one of the most difficult of diseases to cure, but have known DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve to cure numbers of cases and do not hesitate to recommend it." Be sure you get DeWitt's; there are injurious counterfeits on sale. At Fresno Pharmacy, Dr. C. Paddock, prop., 1162 I street.

THE EXCITEMENT NOT OVER.

The rush at the drug store still continues and daily scores of people call for a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Kemp's Balsam, the standard family remedy, is sold on a guarantee and never fails to give entire satisfaction. Price 25c and 50c.

SOME CITY MATTERS.

When the street lights were ordered turned off it was on the express ground that the city had no money and no legal way to get money to pay for them. This condition has now disappeared. The city may now legally draw warrants to pay for the lights, and therefore it should have the lights. Lights are a necessity to a modern city, and there is no excuse but impossibility for doing without them.

It is to be hoped that the proposed ordinance in regard to railroad crossings, or some modification of it which is undoubtedly legal and enforcible, will pass. Fresno has no more crying need than safe railroad crossings and no more imminent danger than the present unguarded ones. The railroad company has promised to remedy the evil, but has never done so and shows no signs of doing so. It must be required to do so. There may be a question as to the legality of some particular form of ordinance, but there can be no question that an ordinance is possible on the subject which shall be both legal and enforcible. Such regulations are enforced by practically all the cities in the world, on all the railroads in the world. Fresno has already waited too long before catching up to the rest of the world in this respect. It should wait no longer.

The Trustees evidently went off half-cocked on the question of closing the Bristow saloon. The closing itself was a good thing, but the manner of it was illegal and its purpose failed. The manly thing for the Trustees to do will be to acknowledge their error of form, but not to be bluffed into making an error of substance. Let them rescind their entire action on the subject, and then take it all over again in due form of law. The reputation of the saloon in question is of the very worst. If one-half is true that is said of it by those who claim to know, it ought to have been closed long ago. The Trustees ought to have the right to close such places, arbitrarily, for it is not always possible to make legal proof. The law gives them this power, upon the sole condition that the proprietor be given due notice. It was a mistake not to have given this notice, which mistake should be promptly rectified by reconsidering the former action, giving due notice, and then, if investigation shall show a probability that the character of the saloon is as bad as its reputation—and few such places have bad reputations without earning them—the license should be revoked and not reissued. And the action should be followed by the revocation of at least two other licenses now held by notoriously disreputable resorts on this side of the track.

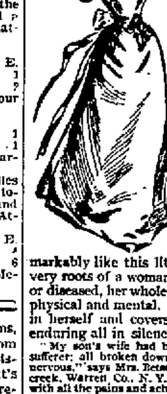
If any one cherishes the delusion that the proposed tenderloin ordinance is a trivial matter, not worth the amount of attention it has received, he needs only to inquire of the people most directly interested to find that they regard it as of vital importance. They ought to know. It was at their instance that the amendment was drawn up, and it is on the passage of this amendment that their strongest hopes are based. The feeling on the subject in the tenderloin district itself is very intense. Anything so eagerly desired and so strongly urged by the disreputable classes is on the face of things entitled to equally determined opposition from reputable people. And when it is remembered that this ordinance, proposed by the vicious for the express protection of vice, is now "slated" to pass—that a majority of the City Trustees have already declared themselves in favor of it, on grounds which do not deny our characterization of it, it becomes evident that the menace is really a serious one, and one which justifies any possible amount of agitation.

Letters of Administration.

C. F. Pedro, commonly known as Frank Silva, yesterday applied for letters of administration on the estate of Emilia W. Avilla, deceased. The estate is valued at $3060. The heirs are Fred M. Avilla, husband of the deceased, aged 28 years; Mary Avilla, her only child, aged 7 years. The petitioner is a brother of the deceased and the husband has consented to the appointment.

Woodmen Will Install Officers

Manzanita Camp, No. 160, W. of W., will install officers for the ensuing term tonight at their rooms in the Donahoo-Emmons building. The following are the new officers: consul commander, John Jonsen; adviser lieutenant, A. Lewis Smith; banker, C. A. Telfer; clerk, George R. Andrews; escort, James M. Kerr; watchman, B. M. Hague, Jr.; sentry, O. H. Hansen; managers, F. M. Cook, J. W. Briscoe and E. F. Ball. After the installation five candidates will be initiated into the order.



SENSITIVE WOMAN.

There is a wonderful little tropical plant, the mimosa or sensitive plant as it is called. The curious thing about it is that if you pinch any part of the root or the stem, all the delicate little branches and fragile leaves will curl up and shrink together as if they had been blighted with a sudden frost.

Woman's delicate and sensitive organism is remarkably like this little plant. If the very roots of a woman's life are injured or diseased, her whole being suffers, both physical and mental. She shrinks within herself and covers up her sufferings enduring all in silence as best she may.

"My son's wife had been for years a great sufferer; all broken down and very weak and nervous," says Mrs. Betsey M. White, of Stony-creek, Warren Co., N. Y. "She was troubled with all the pains and aches one so slender could endure. She took everything she heard of, hoping to get help, but in vain. The doctors said she could not live to have another child as she came near dying so many times. She tried Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it did wonders for her.

"This spring she had a nice boy weighing eleven pounds; she got through before we could get anyone there. I was afraid she would not live. We cried for joy when we saw how nicely she got along. I cannot say enough in praise of your 'Favorite Prescription.' I never sent a recommendation of a medicine before. I hope all women will try it. May God bless you for the good you have done."

Any woman may write to R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., in absolute confidence. Her communication will be thoroughly and earnestly considered and she will receive sound, professional, fatherly advice (in a plain sealed envelope) free of charge.

THEY STOLE A MARCH.

Wedding of J. A. McClurg and Georgia Gilmour.

I have found that it is always when we are not expecting it that the unexpected happens. Although Dame Rumor had hinted that there was to be the marriage of two of our most popular young people soon, she had not set any near date, so when Rev. Skaggs broke the news to us gently this morning, about 11 o'clock, telling us that he had pronounced the words at 9 o'clock Wednesday evening that had changed the name of Miss Georgie Gilmore, one of our most popular young ladies, and a favorite teacher in our schools, to that of Mrs. J. A. McClurg, we rubbed our eyes and wondered if we had gotten over the celebration or not.

The wedding of Miss Georgia Gilmore and Mr. J. A. McClurg, Jr., took place Wednesday evening at 9 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, Rev. Skaggs officiating. Only members of the family were present.

Mr. McClurg is one of our most prominent young men. He is largely interested in oil companies in the Coalinga district, and is a partner of the firm of G. J. Nees & Co.

He has spent the most of his life in Selma and is well known to all. The fact that Mr. and Mrs. McClurg have so many friends and are both so well known, makes it a great surprise that they could get married without anyone hardly knowing of it until almost a day afterward.

Wednesday morning Mr. McClurg, accompanied by one of his partners, went to Fresno to transact some business and while his partner was busy he slipped away and called on the County Clerk. He notified no one of the event, not even his most intimate friend, and the people of the town slept peacefully, all unaware of the quiet wedding that had taken place.

Mr. and Mrs. McClurg will make Selma their home.

Mrs. Gilmore, mother of Mrs. McClurg, left on the late train for Los Angeles, where she will spend the summer.

Selma, July 6, 1899.

Coast Baseball.

SACRAMENTO, July 8.—Sacramento defeated Oakland this afternoon. In reality only one earned run was made, and errors, etc., aside, the score should have been 1 to 0 in favor of the locals. Doyle and Moskiman were both batted hard, but owing to the exceptionally fine fielding, safe drives were few. Some of Umpire Levy's decisions were of the rank order.

SAN JOSE, July 8.—The largest crowd that ever attended a baseball game here was that which assembled at Cyclers Park this afternoon to witness the contest between San Jose and Santa Cruz, with James J. Jeffries as one of the umpires. Jeffries also gave a three-round sparring exhibition with his brother Jack. The game resulted in a victory for San Jose by a score of 6 to 3.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—The Watsonville ball players were shut out by the San Franciscos in a rather tame game at Recreation Park today. The score was as follows:

	R.	H.	E.
San Francisco	9	11	3
Watsonville	0	4	7

Batteries—Fitzpatrick and Swindells; Whalen and Morrow.

A New Tax Levy.

REDDING, July 8.—The Board of City Trustees has passed an ordinance levying an assessment of $2.50 per year on all of the life insurance companies doing business here. The new ordinance is patterned after that of Woodland which recently passed a similar ordinance levying $10 yearly assessments. A large number of companies do business here and the amount realized will be considerable.

Simply Alcoholism.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—Dr. Guido Caglieri, acting autopsy surgeon for the Coroner, performed an autopsy today upon the body of Grocer A. C. A. Boysen, who was found dead in his store at 28th and Sanchez street last Friday. He said that death had been caused by alcoholism. J. B. Anderson, former partner of the dead man, who was arrested on suspicion, has been released from custody.

Suppress Alumned Food.

The doctors inform us that alum is a poison, and that alum baking powders should be avoided because they make the food unwholesome. Prominent hygienists, who have given the matter most study, regard these powders as an evil that should be suppressed by state action. In Minnesota and Wisconsin, alum powders are not permitted to be sold unless they are branded to warn consumers of their true character, while in the District of Columbia the authorities have under the direction of Congress, adopted regulations to prohibit the use of alum in bread altogether.

Are not the people of other states, as well as those of Minnesota and Wisconsin, entitled to warning of a danger which is apparently menacing them at close hand, and is not the whole country entitled to absolute protection, as the people of the District of Columbia are protected, by legislation which is entirely prohibitive?

Until we can have protection in the form of a statute, how can our state boards of health, state analysts or food commissions better serve the public than by publishing in the newspapers from time to time the names of the baking powders which they find to be made from alum?

Meantime, it will aid the housewife in designating the alum powders to remember that all powders sold at twenty-five cents or less per pound are of this dangerous class. Pure cream of tartar powders are usually sold at from forty-five to fifty cents a pound.

Death From Heart Disease.

SAN JOSE, July 8.—Mrs. Fannie Rider, sister of Charles E. White, railroad switchman, who was killed by a locomotive a few days ago, died this evening of heart disease. The fatal attack was brought on by a passing train, which recalled her brother's death.

Heavy Shipment of Tobacco.

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 8.—When the steamer Empress of China sails for the Orient Monday she will have on board many tons of American commercial tobacco and cigarettes, all of which will be consumed in the kingdom of the Mikado. The shipment of tobacco is the largest that has left here, owing to the fact that after August 1st the import duty on tobacco will go up more than 100 per cent, according to the provisions of the new treaty. The last outgoing steamer from Seattle also took a large shipment of tobacco and cigarettes.

Emma H. Paddock et vir and J. W. Craw et ux. to Mary S. Hewitt, lots 18 and 19 in block 9, Altamont addition, Fresno City. $5.

JIM JEFFRIES AND SHARKEY

San Francisco Wants the Contest,

And Offers a Purse of $40,000.

Both of Them Claim California as Their Home and Want the Contest Here.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—No sooner had Champion Jim Jeffries landed in this city than the local promoters began working to secure the coming fight between Jeffries and Sharkey. The first offer came from Charles Newman in the shape of a certified check for $5000, deposited with a morning paper, as a guarantee of his sincerity in the affair.

Newman, acting solely in his own behalf, offers a purse of $40,000, the contest to be held in this city at the Velodrome, which was built several years ago for holding bicycle race meets. It has a capacity for 15,000 persons. It is the purpose of the promoter, should he be the successful bidder, to bring off the match during the day time.

Upon the heels of the first bid came one from the Glen Park Company, with conditions identical with those made by Newman, viz: a purse of $40,000, the fight to take place some day in September, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.. A check for $5000 will be deposited today by the party making the second offer.

Jeffries had this to say about fighting in San Francisco:

"California is my home, and I would rather fight Tom Sharkey here than on any other spot on earth. I am sincere about this, and if there is any possibility of bringing off the bout in San Francisco I will do all in my power to encourage it."

STOCKTON, July 8.—A special to the Independent from San Francisco tonight announced that Champion Jim Jeffries would give Jim Jeffords of Sonora $500 if he failed to put him out in four rounds, the meeting to take place in Stockton next Saturday night. Jeffords immediately announced his willingness to accept the defy and declared that it was like finding money.

GOV. ROGERS

Will Not Attend the Anti-Trust Convention.

The Money Question, Protective Tariff and Railroad Rebates the Mother of Trusts.

OLYMPIA, July 8.—Governor Rogers today gave out for publication a letter to Governor Sayers of Texas in further explanation of his unwillingness to participate in the proposed convention on the subject of state control of trusts. He says:

"The trust evil is to be made a political question; of this there can be no doubt. I do not believe it wise for those who are opposed to the Republican party to assist that party in its evident attempt to temporarily evade the issue by proposing state legislation as a remedy, knowing that this must prove in the end ineffective."

Governor Rogers takes issue with the contention that if the general government cannot regulate trusts the different states can. He refers to amendments nine and ten of the federal constitution which it appears to him are clearly intended to make effective the spirit and letter of the declaration of independence regarding inalienable rights among which is the fundamental natural right to buy and sell and make combinations not inimical to the public good. Continuing, he says:

"A great majority of the trusts will, however, unquestionably be able to show to the satisfaction of the United States supreme court at least that by the use of large capital and improved methods, they have reduced the cost of their production and are thus a benefit and not a detriment to the general public. That the greatest good to the greatest number has been secured."

Concluding, Governor Rogers says the trust problem is a new phase of the old fight of the almighty dollar against Almighty God.

The three mothers of the trust are: The money question, the protective tariff and railroad rebates. They are controllable only by national legislation."

THE LATEST YARN.

A Pittsburg drummer tells this new yarn: I always carry a bottle of Kemp's Balsam in my grip. I take cold easily and a few doses of the Balsam always makes me a well man. Everywhere I go I speak a good word for Kemp. I take hold of my customers—I take old men and young men, and tell them confidentially what I do when I take cold. At druggists, 25c and 50c.

It's Not Expensive.

It's the quality that's high in Tea Garden Drips, Toboggan Maple Syrup, Pelican Louisiana Molasses. For sale by first-class grocers in cans only. Money refunded if goods are not satisfactory. Don't accept an imitation. See that the manufacturer's name is lithographed on every can. The Pacific Coast Syrup Company.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

Red Label Special Extra Strength.

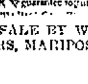


For Impotence, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness. $1 a box; six for $5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail.

BEFORE — AFTER

GEORGE H. MONROE, Sole Agent, 1928 MARIPOSA ST., Fresno, Cal.

NERVITA Restores VITALITY LOST VIGOR, AND MANHOOD



Cures Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse, or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood-builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money.

FOR SALE BY WEBSTER BROTHERS, MARIPOSA AND K STS.

ELECTION NOTICE—SCHOOL TAX.

Notice is hereby given to the qualified electors of Mendocino School District, County of Fresno, State of California, that an election will be held on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1899, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to paint, repair and refurnish school buildings, repair out-buildings, fence school ground and put up hitching racks.

It will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $250.

The polls will be open at public school house from 1 o'clock p. m. to 5 o'clock p. m.

The officers appointed to conduct the election are: Geo. Christensen, inspector; J. W. Traber, judge; Grant Say, judge.

J. J. MILEY,
JAS. H. SAY,
R. K. MADSEN,
School Trustees, Mendocino School District. j8wtd

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Office of Crescent Canal Company. Location and principal place of business, Wheatville, Fresno County, Cal.

Assessment No. 27.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors held on June 13th, 1899, an assessment of (50) fifty dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable on or before the 13th day of July, 1899, to the secretary of said company at Wheatville, Fresno county, Cal. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 13th day of July, 1899 will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before will be sold on the 14th day of August, 1899, at 1 o'clock p.m., at the company's office, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

W. G. GROVE, Secretary.

June 13, 1899. j15w

Notice of Election.

Notice of election of Trustees for Lower Kings River Reclamation District No. 531.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order made by the Board of Supervisors of Fresno county, State of California, on the 11th day of May, 1899, an election for three trustees of Lower Kings River Reclamation District Number five hundred and thirty-one will be held at the office of D. R. Cameron, in the Hotel Artesia, in the town of Hanford, in the county of Kings, State of California, on Saturday, the twenty-fourth day of June, 1899, and that the polls at said election will be opened at ten o'clock a. m., and will be closed at four o'clock p. m. of said day, and that the said Board of Supervisors have appointed Timothy Sutherland as inspector and W. A. Long and George Wood as judges to constitute the election board for holding said election.

G. W. CARTWRIGHT,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Fresno County, Cal.
(Seal.) By G. P. CUMMINGS, Deputy.
m18t5

Assessment Notice.

The Riverdale Ditch Company, principal place of business, Riverdale, Fresno County, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors, held on the 29th day of May, 1899, an assessment (No. 13) of $2 per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately to the secretary at Riverdale, Fresno County, California. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on June 12, 1899, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before will be sold on the 12th day of July, 1899, at 3 p. m., at the residence of the secretary in Riverdale, Fresno County, California, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs and expenses of sale.

MRS. N. T. LEWIS,
m18 Secretary of said Corporation.

Assessment Notice.

Liberty Canal Company, location of principal place of business, Liberty, Cal. Location of works, Liberty, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors held on the 12th day of May, 1899, an assessment (No. 28) of $10 per share, was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the secretary at his office, near Caruthers, Cal.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 19th day of June, 1899, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before will be sold on Wednesday the 5th day of July, 1899, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with cost of advertising and expense of sale.

By order of the board of directors.

FRED. F. EATON,
m18td Secretary.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Whereas, Charles F. O. Erickson and his wife, Anna F. Erickson, executed a certain deed of trust to Ed. R. Hamilton and F. R. Dray, March 15th, 1897, and recorder March 23d, 1897, in Book 195 of Deeds, at page 193 and following, records of Fresno County, State of California, said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described, for the purpose of securing the payment of six promissory notes, made by the said Charles F. O. Erickson and Anna F. Erickson, and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of the interest thereon;

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust and upon application of the owner and holder of said notes, the undersigned, as such trustees, will on July 13th, 1899, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a. m., in front of the courthouse door, in the City of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States gold coin, all the certain real property situate in the County of Fresno, State of California, and described as follows, to-wit:

The east half of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section five (5), in township sixteen (16) south, range twenty-three (23) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging; also, all rents, issues and profits thereof, together with all water rights and water ditches, water contracts and privileges that are in any way used, connected with or appertain to said land.

ED. R. HAMILTON, Trustee.
F. R. DRAY, Trustee.

ELECTION NOTICE—SCHOOL TAX.

Notice is hereby given to the qualified electors of Riverdale School District, County of Fresno, State of California, that an election will be held on the first day of July, A. D. 1899, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to pay school indebtness, painting school house, building, fence and shed, also planting trees upon school grounds. It will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $500. The polls will be open at Riverdale school house from 1 o'clock p. m. to 5 o'clock p. m.

The officers appointed to conduct the election are: Inspector, J. B. Lewis; judges, J. R. Turner and J. B. Bollard.

J. E. LEWIS,
CHAS. DEWEY,
Trustees Riverdale School District.

Notice of Assessment.

Liberty Mill Race Company, principal place of business, Liberty, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors held on the 8th day of May, 1899, an assessment of $10 per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately to the Farmers National Bank of Fresno, treasurer of the corporation. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on June 8, 1899, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before will be sold on July 8, 1899, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

C. L. ADAMS,
m18td Secretary of said Corporation.

Election Notice—School Tax.

Notice is hereby given to the qualified electors of Kroeger School District, County of Fresno, State of California, that an election will be held on the 23d day of June A.D., 1899, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to furnish additional school facilities, paying teachers and making necessary repairs. It will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $300. The polls will be open at the Kroeger school house from 1.30 p.m. to 6 p.m. of said day. The officers appointed to conduct the election are. B. M. Hague Sr., inspector; James Swoap, judge; J. H. Landrum, judge.

C. B. ANTON,
W. S. LANE,
School Trustees Kroeger School District.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTRAYED—From Toll House, about June 15th, bright sorrel horse about 6 years old, weight about 950 pounds, white snip on end of nose, star in forehead and both hind feet white, saddle marked, well bred, nice looking horse. $5 reward will be paid for any information leading to recovery of same. Address H. L. Musick, Shaver, Cal. jy6tf

FOR SALE—Good work horses and mules. Inquire at Golden West Stables, J street. E. C. Buchanan. j22tf*

FOR SALE—30 mules, 4 to 6 years old. Jesse Irvine, 1604 K st. m20t1m

PASTURE — Cattle taken on pasture either for cash per month or on shares. Best of feed and water. Will buy young steers and young stock cattle. Address, The Cuthbert Burrel Co., Visalia, Cal. a20t2m

GOOD PASTURAGE for stock near Elkhorn school house. Apply to Carl Schilling. wm10t6*

FOR SALE—Broke and unbroke horses. Address M. C. Rountree, Carlisle postoffice. m4t1m*w

FOR SALE—30 mules, 4 to 6 years old. Jesse Irvine, 1604 K street. m20t1m

ESTRAYED—From Auberry Valley, 1 blue or mouse colored mare mule, 1 bay mare mule branded T on right hip, 2 gray horses, 1 bay mare and 2-year-old colt, braded 5 on left hip. Liberal reward for information. Notify P. M. Hart, box 1280, Fresno postoffice. m30t6*

FOR SALE—Thirty head work mules, unbroken; twenty head of horses, mostly broken. F. W. Stevens, Hildreth, Madera county. m13w1m*

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, land office at Stockton, California, April 24th, 1899.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Fresno county, at Fresno, Cal., on Monday, June 5th, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. viz: Charles J. Gomes of Thermal, Cal., on homestead entry No. 5911, for the $S\frac{1}{2}$ of NE¼ Sec. 22, W.½ of NW¼ of Sec. 23, T. 11 S., R. 21 E., M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Vergara of Thermal, Cal.; John Downey of Thermal, Cal.; J. N. Fleming of Pollasky, Cal.; D. Jansegitiberry of Pollasky, Cal.

m7w JOHN D. MAXEY, Register.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Whereas, Joseph P. Vincent and his wife, Elizabeth J. Vincent, executed a certain deed of trust to Ed. R. Hamilton and W. P. Coleman, November 18th, 1891, and recorded November 21st 1891, in Book 127 of Deeds, at page 438 and following, records of Fresno County, State of California, said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note made by the said Joseph P. Vincent and Elizabeth J. Vincent, and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon;

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust, and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned, as such trustees, will on July 13, 1899, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a. m. in front of the courthouse door, in the City of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States gold coin, all the certain real property situate in the County of Fresno, State of California, and described as follows, to-wit:

The northwest quarter of section thirty (30), in township fourteen (14) south, range nineteen (19) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging; also, all water rights and water ditches and privileges that are in any way used, connected with or appertain to said land.

ED. R. HAMILTON, Trustee.
W. P. COLEMAN, Trustee.

Election Notice—School Tax.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE qualified electors of Mendocino School District, county of Fresno, state of California, that an election will be held on the 2nd day of June, A. D 1899, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to paint, repair and refurnish school building, repair out building, fence school ground and put up hitching racks.

It will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $300.

The polls will be open at school house from one o'clock p. m. to five o'clock p. m.

The officers appointed to conduct the election are: George Christensen, inspector; Roy Traber, judge; Grant Say, judge.

J. J. MILEY,
JAS. H. SAY,
R. K. MADSEN,
School Trustees Mendocino School district.
m18td

Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office, Stockton, California, April 19th, 1899.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Fresno county California, at Fresno, California, Thursday, June 1st, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., viz: William ... Gibbons of Auberry, on H. E. No. 6287, for the W½ of SW¼ Sec. 25 and NW¼ of NW¼ Sec. 35, T 10 S. R. 23 E., M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: P. W. Spears of Auberry, California; F. Farrell of Auberry, California; George Cavin of Auberry, California; Joel Halbert of Auberry, California.

a20 JOHN D. MAXEY, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Stockton, California, April 13th 1899.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Fresno county, at Fresno, Cal., on Monday, May 29th, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., viz: James B. Grider of Lodge, Cal., on H. E. No. 6196 for the S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec 25, T. 10 S., R. 22 E., and lots 2 and 3, Sec. 30, T 10 S., R. 22 E., M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John R. Bell of Lodge, Cal.; John Armstrong of Lodge, Cal.; William Hoskins of Lodge, Cal.; A. J. Carlin of Lodge, Cal.

wa20 JOHN D. MAXEY, Register.

Prosperity and an Abundant Harvest are insured only to those who sow OUR TESTED SEEDS. Send postal for our illustrated Catalogue and save money by purchasing from the

PACIFIC SEED COMPANY.

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ALL SEEDS sold at lowest prices. Agents wanted. Liberal discounts, but NO SEEDS on commission.

Notice—School Bond Election Notice

Notice is hereby given to the electors of Firebaugh School District, in the county of Fresno, and state of California, that, in accordance with the provisions of the Political Code of the state of California, as set forth in section 1880, to and including section 1888 of said code, an election will be held on the 17th day of June, A. D 1899, at the public school house, in the town of Firebaugh, in said Firebaugh school district, at which time will be submitted to the electors of said district the question of issuing bonds of the district and selling the same, for the purpose of raising money for purchasing school lots, and for building or purchasing one or more school houses in such district, and furnishing the same.

The polls will be opened and the election held at the school house in Firebaugh school district, on the 17th day of June, 1899, and the polls will be open from sunrise of said day until five o'clock p. m. of said day.

P. Lomax, Frank Dubelle and Vincent Reill will act as judges of said election to conduct the same.

The amount of bonds to be issued is two thousand dollars, of the denomination of one thousand ($1000) dollars each, and to bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum.

Said bonds are to be numbered consecutively 1 to 2, inclusive, and are to mature as follows, to wit:

No. 1, one year from date.

No. 2, two years from date.

Said election will be held in conformity with the provisions of the Political Code of California relating to such elections.

W. E. VANDIVEER,
J. W. SCHMITZ Clerk.
Trustees of Firebaugh School District.

Dated M... ..., 1899.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Real Estate Transfers.

E. J. Lewis to Ellen May Lewis, e½ of sw¼; sw¼ of sw¼; nw¼ of se¼; e½ of ne¼; ne¼ of sw¼; all in sec 8; w½ of nw¼ and w½ of sw¼ of sec 9, all in t 11 s, r 21 e. $10.

James Blackstone et ux. to J. C. Martin, lot 8, block 4, Darling addition to Fresno. $10.

C. W. Musick to W. W. Eden, nw¼ of sw¼ of sec 25, t 8 s, r 24 e. $10.

W. M. Wyatt to William Helm, an undivided 1-24 interest in e½ of ne¼ of ne¼ of ne¼ of sec 26, t 13 s, r 20 e. $10.

W. H. McKenzie et ux. to William Helm, an undivided 1-24 interest in e½ of ne¼ of ne¼ of ne¼ of sec 26, t 13 s, r 20 e. $10.

NOTICE TO NON-CONSENTING LAND OWNERS.

In the Board of Supervisors of Fresno County, California.

In the matter of the petition of Wm. J. McNeil et al. for a public road.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. J. McNeil and others having filed with the Board a petition praying that a public road be surveyed, viewed, laid out and declared, over and along the following described route, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwest corner of section 12, township 14 south, range 19 east, M. D. B. and M., and running thence north on section line between sections 11 and 12, said township and range, one-half mile to the quarter corner on the west side of said section 12, this being a center line description of a forty-foot road, and said proposed road having been surveyed and viewed and the viewers having filed herein their report from which it appears there are non-consenting land owners along the line of the said proposed road, to-wit: A. E. Small, M. Theo. Kearney.

Now take notice that Friday, the 7th day of July, 1899, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the office of the Board, in the courthouse, City of Fresno, has been fixed by the said Board as the time and place for the final hearing of the report of the viewers herein when and where said Board will hear any evidence offered by parties in relation to said proposed road and will ascertain and declare any damages therein.

By order of the Board.

(Seal.) G. W. CARTWRIGHT, Clerk.
By G. P. CUMMINGS, Deputy. j22w

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

Riverdale Ditch Company, principal place of business, Riverdale, California.

Notice—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment (No 12) levied on the 8th day of May, 1899, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, are as follows:

Names.	No. Shares.	Amts.
C. Applegarth	2	$4.00
Mrs. Martha Applegarth	1	2.00
Thos Poyzer	5 2-3	11.33
L. Y. Montgomery	1	2.00

And in accordance with order of Board of Directors of Riverdale Ditch Company made on 8th day of May, 1899, as many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the company at the residence of the secretary, Riverdale, Fresno County, on the 12th day of July, 1899, at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

MRS. N. T. LEWIS.
Secretary of Riverdale Ditch Company, Riverdale, California.
Dated, June 13th, 1899. j22w

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Whereas, Joseph P. Vincent and his wife, Elizabeth J. Vincent, executed a certain deed of trust to Ed. R. Hamilton and F. R. Dray, February 4th, 1897, and recorded February 12th, 1897, in Book 195 of Deeds, at page 131 and following, records of Fresno County, State of California, said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note, made by the said Joseph P. Vincent and Elizabeth J. Vincent, and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon;

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust, and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned, as such trustees, will on July 13, 1899, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a. m., in front of the courthouse door, in the City of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States gold coin, all the certain real property situate in the County of Fresno, State of California, described as follows, to-wit:

Lots fifty-two (52), ninety-three (93), ninety-seven (97), ninety-eight (98), one hundred and seventeen (117), and one hundred and eighteen (118), in the Montpelier tract of land located in the south half of section number twenty (20), in township number thirteen (13) south, range twenty (20) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, containing ninety (90) acres, more or less, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging; also, all the rents, issues and profits thereof, together with all water rights and water ditches, water contracts and privileges that are in any way used, connected with or appertain to said land.

ED. R. HAMILTON, Trustee.
F. R. DRAY, Trustee.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

In the Superior Court of the County of Kings, State of California. Probate.

In the matter of the estate of W. S. Camp, deceased. Notice of sale of real estate, C. C. P., Secs. 1547, 1550.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Superior Court, of the County of Kings, State of California, made on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1899, in the matter of the estate of W. S. Camp, deceased, the undersigned, the administratrix of said estate, will sell at private sale for cash, in gold coin of the United States and subject to confirmation by said Superior Court, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said W. S. Camp, at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise acquired since his death, in and to all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situated and being in the County of Fresno, State of California, bounded and described as follows: Northeast quarter (¼) of the southwest quarter (¼) of section 14, township 20 south, range 17 east, M. D. B. and M. The south half (½) of section 35, township 16 south, range 16 east, M. D. B. and M.. and the south half (½) of section 22, township 17, range 15 east, M. D. B. and M.

The sale will be made on or after the 8th day of July, 1899, and sealed bids directed to the undersigned will be received by her at Hanford, California.

Terms and conditions of sale: Cash, gold coin of the United States, ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid to the undersigned on day of sale, balance on confirmation of sale by said court. Deed at the expense of purchaser.

MAMIE CAMP.
Administratrix of the estate of W. S. Camp, deceased.
Dated, June 17, 1899.
HORACE L. SMITH.
Attorney for estate. j22w

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Whereas, Henry Rhoads and his wife, Jane Rhoads, executed a certain deed of trust to Ed. R. Hamilton and W. P. Coleman on September 12th, 1892, and recorded September 14th, 1892, in Book 139 of Deeds, at page 244 and following, records of Fresno County, State of California, said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note, made by the said Henry Rhoads and Jane Rhoads: and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon;

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust, and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned, as such trustees, will on June 24th 1899, between the hours of 10 and 10.30 o'clock a. m., in front of the courthouse door, in the City of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in United States gold coin, all the certain real property situate in the County of Fresno, State of California, and described as follows, to-wit:

The east half of the northeast quarter of section thirty-three (33), and the west half of the northwest quarter of section thirty-four (34), all in township eighteen (18) south, range twenty (20) east, Mount Diablo, Base and Meridian; also, all of section thirty-six (36), in township twenty (20) south, range seventeen (17) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging; also, all water rights, water ditches and privileges that are in any way connected with, used or appertain to said land.

ED. R. HAMILTON, Trustee.
11w W. P. COLEMAN, Trustee.

SPORTS.

BASEBALL.

Fresno plays at Bakersfield next Sunday.

The Hanford team has signed a new third baseman.

Ernie Courtney is again playing in the Watsonville infield.

Charlie Button of Visalia is doing some good stick work.

Jay Hughes is said to be having trouble with his pitching arm.

The Painters union has declared a boycott against the Indianapolis club.

Sockalexis, the wonderful Indian batsman has been released by Hartford.

Harry Lochhead has made but one error at short for Cleveland in the last nine games.

Billy Nash has been offered inducements to come West and play in the California league.

It is said that owing to poor attendance at Cleveland, no more league games will be played there this season. For the past month the average attendance has been less than 200.

The Valley League needs some good umpires. The Visalia man who officiated in the Hanford-Visalia game was the poorest "excuse" ever seen upon a diamond.

The Hanford club needs bracing up. Their repeated defeats indicate that a change is needed somewhere. Their new pitcher, Campbell, has not yet shown any great ability.

Merced has three of the fastest base runners in the league in Harrell, "Fatty" Grubb and Garibaldi. The latter purloined bases three times in the game on the Fourth of July.

"Sandow" Mertes filled a hole in Chicago's infield last week by playing first base. He put up excellent ball in his position, and made some hot pick-ups that were among the features of the game. Mertes is playing good ball.

Willis is the best catcher Visalia ever had.

Hysinger was hit hard in the Bakersfield-Visalia game last Sunday. The nine from the Kern capital need Berges and should get him back into the game if possible.

Merced says, "We have nothing in our road for the pennant but the Fresno team." The two teams are evenly matched and there should be a hot game on the 30th instant. Merced is arranging for an excursion and will also be accompanied by the Merced Concert Band.

In all probability Stapleton will not play in Merced this year, having secured better terms in the East. His place will be filled by one Grisby, of Coulterville who played with Garibaldi in the famous Santa Clara College team. With Dan and Jim Grubb to alternate with him in the box, Merced will not be lacking for twirlers.

Quigley and Garibaldi, whom Merced "cranks" call weak "hitters," are far from the same. Both hit well. Quigley got a clean home run last Sunday and Garibaldi, who is a left-handed hitter, secured three safeties in the game on the Fourth.

Merced's people support the national game well. Over 700 paid admissions on the Fourth of July game and every-one was a "rooter," too. They are not at all partial, as the Fresno team can testify.

The Merceds defeated the Oakland Owls at Merced on the Fourth of July in a very one-sided game by a score of 21 to 4. The visitors fielded cleverly but were unable to solve the mysteries of Dan Grubb's delivery. Merced made 23 hits to the Owls' 7.

At Indianapolis on June 11 a point of play came up that will have to be decided by President Johnson or Nick Young of the National league. In the last half of the ninth inning, with the score a tie, a runner on first and third, a St. Paul batter made a safe hit to right. He ran down to first, and the man on third ran to the plate with the winning run. Fisher, who was on first, did not go to second, and after the run had been scored and the latter had gone to first, was tagged out. Mannassau, after the St. Pauls had left the grounds, decided that the run did not count; that it had been lost through failure of Fisher to go to second base. The rule is that when two men are out the batter must reach first base i.. safety in order for runs to be scored. In this instance the batter reached first in safety, but the point was made that Fisher was forced from the base by the hit, and that made the rule apply to him and second base.

The Bakersfield Californian gives Umpire Young of Visalia the following gentle "roast:"

"Last week the Visalia Times said the crowd there, in the Merced-Visalia game, disgraced itself by throwing clods at the umpire. It is not known whether the objective point of these missiles was the same young man that the visitors brought to Bakersfield yesterday to umpire, but if so, then the Visalia crowd did disgrace itself by throwing perishable clods at him. A clod couldn't begin to express the feeling of the grand stand towards this particular umpire. Nothing short of heavy clubs, or the hardest of igneous rock, could do justice to the subject, for of all the rank umpiring on a ball field Mr. Young's decisions in the Bakersfield-Visalia game yesterday were the rankest. The boy means well certainly. There is no malice in him, for he uniformly decided against his own team. But what he doesn't know about the national game would fill several large volumes. Balls, strikes and fouls all looked alike to him, and his decisions on bases—but let the Visalia boys tell their constituents about them and Mr. Young will be dodging Mausers in future instead of clods."

The new managers of the Watsonville team deserve great credit for the determination they have shown to place a winning ball team in the league, and best of all to enforce discipline. McCarthy, who is a fine shortstop and also a confirmed trouble breeder, has been indefinitely suspended for insubordination. His suspension has already been telegraphed to Nick Young and now McCarthy [illegible] get a job with any national [illegible] team in the country until [illegible] sion is raised. It took nerve [illegible] for McCarthy's retirement [illegible] the crippling of the team, but the managers were determined to enforce discipline even if it cost games to do it. They are now negotiating with several Eastern players who are said to be cracks in their particular positions, and when the weak spots are patched up the team will be up with the leaders again.

Watsonville pays good salaries and the patrons of the game in that town demand a winning team. This the managers are determined they shall have.

THE RING.

Professor J. P. Bean will open a boxing school in this city in September.

George Dixon defeated Sam Bolan in three rounds last Monday night at Louisville.

Jim Corbett recently stated that he had begun training and would soon issue a challenge to Jeffries.

The Fresno Athletic Club will hold no more fights until after the hot weather. Several good matches are likely to open the season then.

Jeffries will fight Charley Mitchell in London on August 15th. He will fight Sharkey a month later and will meet all comers after that.

Last Monday night Jimmy Lawler and William McGraw fought a 20-round draw before the Sacramento Athletic Club. Lawler had the best of the mill and the decision was rendered according to an understanding that if both men went the limit the contest would be declared a draw.

The second fight between Jimmy Ryan and Bob Thompson before the Bakersfield Athletic Club resulted in a victory for Ryan.

For eleven rounds Thompson hammered his opponent all over the ring, but in the last few rounds he was unable to keep up the pace on account of a badly sprained hand.

Ryan was the aggressor in the last five rounds and chased the colored man all around the ring, but he lasted the limit. Ryan was given the decision.

Eastern Baseball.

LOUISVILLE, July 6.—A home run, a base on balls and three singles, gave the Colonels three runs in the third and the Reds could never overcome that lead. Umpire Andrews today sent in his resignation to President Young. Attendance 1500. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Louisville	3	8	2
Cincinnati	2	10	0

Batteries — Woods and Zimmer; Dwyer and Woods.

PITTSBURG, July 6.—Pittsburg made a desperate effort in the eighth inning to get out of the hole and scored five runs with five hits, but outside of that inning they could not hit when hits were needed. Attendance 1500. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	3	14	6
Chicago	11	17	2

Batteries—Hoffer and Bowerman; Griffith and Donohue.

BROOKLYN, July 6.—After a long rest Maul pitched for Brooklyn today and had the Phillies guessing throughout. They hit his delivery hard but most of their drives were sent into the air for easy catches. Attendance 2300. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	1	10	3
Brooklyn	7	8	1

Batteries—Bernhardt and McFarland; Maul and Smith.

ST. LOUIS, July 6. Bates' wildness gave the Perfectos the game today in the second inning. It was a featureless game. Attendance 1300. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	9	11	1
Cleveland	4	11	4

Batteries—Powell and Criger; Bates and Schrecongost.

Eastern Baseball.

ST. LOUIS, July 7.—No game; wet grounds.

LOUISVILLE, July 7.—Breteinstein was batted hard in the first three innings. Attendance 2000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Louisville	6	11	0
Cincinnati	3	9	1

Batteries—Dowling and Powers; Breteinstein and Woods.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—McGinnity was rather wild today. Poor base running prevented the home team from scoring more. Attendance 2600. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	4	10	1
Baltimore	8	4	2

Batteries—Mercer and Kittredge; McGinnity and Robinson.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Brooklyn won out in the seventh by clever team work. Attendance 3000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	7	12	3
Brooklyn	9	12	1

Batteries—Magee and McFarland; Dunn and Smith.

BOSTON, July 7.—The work of Hamilton and Duffy were the features. Attendance 200. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	8	15	3
New York	3	5	4

Batteries—Willis and Clarke; Carrick and Grady.

PITTSBURG, July 7.—The feature was Green's batting. Out of five times at bat he made four hits. Attendance 1800. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	7	12	4
Chicago	6	12	2

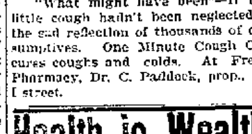
Batteries—Tannehill, Leever and Schriver; Garvin and Donahue.

A Heavy Mortgage.

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 8.—It has been learned here that last week a mortgage given by the Kootenai Railway and Navigation Company to secure about $2,400,000 was filed with the County Auditor at Rathdrum, Idaho. The mortgage was given to the Stock Conversion and Investment Trust (limited) of London, Eng.

"What might have been"—If that little cough hadn't been neglected—is the sad reflection of thousands of consumptives. One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs and colds. At Fresno Pharmacy, Dr. C. Paddock, prop., 1162 I street.

Health is Wealth.



DR. E. C. WEST'S
NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT
THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS,
is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, $1 a box; six for $5, with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.



GEORGE H. MONROE, Sole Agent, 1923 MARIPOSA ST., Fresno, Cal.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION

Permanent Court to Be Provided.

Tangible Result of the Peace Conference.

Elaborate Articles Which Each Nation May Obey or Not, as It Likes.

THE HAGUE, July 7—The third committee sitting this morning at the Huis Ten Bosch discussed the scheme for mediation and arbitration drawn up by the Comite D'Examen.

The scheme is headed "Draft of Convention for the Pacific Settlement of International Conflicts." The first part deals with the maintenance of general peace; the second part with arbitration.

The proposed convention without the changes adopted today is as follows:

Article 1—With the object of preventing, as far as possible, recourse to force in international relations, the signatory powers agree to use all endeavors to effect by pacific means settlement of differences which may arise among them.

Article 2—The signatory powers decide that in cases of serious differences or conflict, they will, before appealing to arms, have recourse, so far as circumstances permit, to the good offices or mediation of one of several friendly powers.

Article 3—Independently of this, the signatory powers deem it useful that several of the powers not committed to the arbitration scheme, shall, on their own initiative, offer, as far as circumstances permit, their good offices for mediation to the contending states. The right of offering their good offices belongs to powers not connected with the conflict, even during the course of hostilities, which act cannot never be regarded as an unfriendly act.

Article 4—The part of mediator consists in reconciling conflicting claims and appeasing resentment which may have arisen between contending states.

Article 5—The functions of mediators cease from the moment it may be stated by one of the contending parties or by the mediator himself that the compromise or basis of an amicable understanding proposed by him has not been accepted.

Article 6 Good offices and mediation have the exclusive character of counsel and are devoid of obligatory power.

Article 7—The acceptance of mediation, unless otherwise stipulated, may have the effect of interrupting the obligation of preparing for war. If the acceptance supervenes after the opening of hostilities it shall not interrupt, except by a convention of contrary tenor, military operations that may be proceeding.

Article 8—The signatory powers agree in recommending the application of special mediation in the event of theatened interruption of peace between members. Contending states may each choose a power to which they will entrust the mission of entering into a negotiation with a power chosen by the other side with the object of preventing a rupture of pacific relations, or in the event of hostilities, or restoring peace.

Article 9—To provide for the institution of an international commission of inquiry for the verification of facts in cases of minor disputes, not affecting the vital interest of honor of states, but impossible of settlement by ordinary diplomacy. The report of an inquiry commission will not force an arbitral judgment, leaving the contending parties full liberty to either conclude an amicable arrangement on the basis of the report or have recourse ulteriorly to mediation or arbitration.

Articles 14 to 19 set forth the general objects of, and benefits it is hoped to derive from the arbitration court and declare that signing the convention implies an undertaking to submit in good faith to arbitral judgment.

Article 20—With the object of facilitating an immediate recourse to arbitration for international differences not regulated by diplomatic means, the signatory powers undertake to organize in the following manner a permanent court of arbitration, accessible at all times and exercising its functions, unless otherwise stipulated, between the contending parties in comformity with the rules of procedure inserted in the present convention.

Article 21—This court is to have competency in all arbitration cases, unless the contending parties come to an understanding for the establishment of a special arbitration jurisdiction.

Article 22—An international bureau established at The Hague and placed under the direction of a permanent secretary general will serve as the office of the court. It will be the intermediary for communications concerning meetings. The court is to have the custody of archieves and the management of all administrative affairs.

Article 23—Each of the signatory powers shall appoint within three months of the ratification of the present article not more than four persons of recognized competence in questions of international law, enjoying the highest moral consideration and prepared to accept the functions of arbitrators. The persons thus nominated will be entered as members of the court on a list which will be communicated by the bureau to all the signatory powers. Any modification of the list will be brought by the bureau to the knowledge of the signatory powers. Two or more powers may agree together regarding the nomination of one or more members and the same person may be chosen by the different powers. Members of the court are to be appointed for the term of six years. The appointment are renewable. In case of death or resignation of a member of the court, the vacancy is to be filled in accordance with the regulations made for the original nominaton.

Article 24—The signatory powers who desire to apply to the court for a settlement of differences shall select from the general list a number of arbitrators, to be fixed by agreement. They will notify the bureau of their intention of applying to the court and give the names of the arbitrators they may have selected. In the absence of a convention to the contrary, an arbitral tribunal is to be constituted in accordance with the rules of article 31. Arbitrators thus nominated to form an arbitral tribunal for a matter or question will meet on the date fixed for the contending parties.

Article 25—The tribunal will usually sit at The Hague, but may sit elsewhere by consent of the contending powers.

Article 26—The powers not signing the convention may apply to the court under the conditions prescribed by the present convention.

Article 27—The signatory powers may see it their duty to call attention to the existence of permanent court to any of their friends when conflict is threatened, which must always be regarded as a tender of good offices.

Article 28—A permanent council, composed of the diplomatic representatives of the signatory powers residing at The Hague and the Netherlands foreign minister, who will exercise the functions of President, will be constituted at the Hague as soon as possible after the ratification of the present act.

The council will be charged to establish and organize the international bureau which will remain under its direction and control. The council will notify the powers of the constitution of the court and arrange its installation, draw up the standing orders and other necessary regulations, will decide on the questions likely to arise in regard to the working of the tribunal, have absolute powers concerning the appointment, suspension or dismissal of functionaries or employes, will fix the emoluments and salaries and control the general expenditure. The presence of five members at duly convened meetings will constitute a quorum. Decisions are to be taken by a majority of the votes. The council will address annually to the signatory powers a report on the labors of the court, the working of its administrative services and of its expenditure.

Article 29—The expenses of the bureau are to be borne by the signatory powers in the proportion fixed for the international bureau of the universal postal union.

Article 30—The powers who accept arbitration will sign a special act, clearly defining the object of the dispute as well as the scope of the arbitration. The powers acts confirm the underworking of the parties to submit in good faith to the arbitration judgment.

Article 31—Arbitration functions may be conferred upon a single arbitrator or on several arbitrators designated by the parties at their discretion, or chosen from among the members of the permanent court established by the present act. Unless otherwise decided, the formation of the arbitration tribunal is to be effected as follows:

Each party will appoint two arbitrators who will choose a chief arbitrator. In case of a division the selection is to be entrusted to a third power whom the parties will designate.

If an agreement is not affected in this manner, each party is to designate a different power and the choice of a chief arbitrator is to devolve upon them.

Article 32 When an arbitrator is a sovereign or head of a state the arbitrat procedure depends exclusively on his august decision.

Article 33—The chief arbitrator is President de Jeour. When the tribunal does not contain a chief of arbitration, the tribunal may appoint its own president. He may be designated by the contending parties, or, failing in this, by the arbitration committee.

Articles 34 to 50 provide for the appointment of councillors, the selection of the language to be employed and the rules of procedure in the court, sittings are to be behind closed doors.

Article 51—A judgment agreed to by a majority vote is to be set forth in writing, giving the full reasons, and is to be signed by each member, the minority recording its dissent and signing it.

Articles 52 to 53—The decision of the court is to be read at a public sitting in the presence of the agents or counsel of the contending parties who shall finally decide the matter at issue and close the arbitration proceedings.

The concluding clauses relate to the revision of proceedings in the case of the discovery of a new fact and provide that each power bears its own expenses and a good share of the cost of the tribunal without prejudice to the penalties imposed.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING UNCALLED FOR IN THE postoffice at Fresno, Cal., on July 8, 1899. Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised," and give the date of this advertisement. If not called for in fourteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.

LADIES' LIST.

Bohannon, Mrs H B	Bowlin, Mrs Mary
Bryant, Mrs Millie	Burford, Miss Mabel
Burch, Miss Bertha	Clifford, Miss Lena
Cohen, Mrs Julia	Crawford, Mrs A M
Donia, Femia	Duncan, Miss Viola
Farmer, Miss Jessie O	Hatch, Mrs Mary
Hansen, Miss Meta	Hall, Miss Kate (2)
Hance, Mrs Martha	Hogun, Miss Minnie A
Johnson, Mrs Mat	Lane, Mrs C W
Mitchell, Mrs Mary	Moon, Mrs
Mosher, Miss Belle	McCabe, Miss Annie E
Phipps, Mrs A G	Pool, Miss Carrie
Rentro, Miss K	Richer, Mrs Kate
Sanders, Mrs L	Smith Mrs L C
Simms, Mrs W D	Stephenson, Miss Mae
Stuart, Mrs J	Tipton, Mrs Ella
Taylor, Mrs Maggie	Walter, Mrs M N
Wallice, Mrs F W	Watson, Mrs E A
Wolfe, Mrs Mary	Williams, Miss Monie
Woods, Miss Mabel	Wyllie, Miss Eva

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Adams, J E	Ancoin, Louis
Baley, G P	Baker, W W
Bohannon, H B	Burnside, Mr Miller
Calhoun, Mr Will	Coughran, Charles E
Cooper, F L	Cutcirth, J
Davis, Jeff	Dieter, George
Daley, S H	Dunlop, A
Fain, C F	Ferrand, William
Fisk, Benjamin C	Fralick, James R
Fraser, Dan	Gannon, A F
Gillim, Geo	Gould, Jim H
Hoskin, Lienzer	Harris E A
Hansen, L	Hamilton, Mr
Hill, Geo	Hill, Mr
Hord, Mr W H	Hood, Mr
Hughes, T J	Jamison, W R (2)
Iliff, Bruce (2)	Kennedy, W J.
Lambert, Fred A	Lagside, J E
Lemon, Budd	Lord, J G
Love, Jas	Mezzer, Carl
Melville, Chas	Miller, J M
Missing, C	Morgan, Patrick
Morrisey, Thos J	Owens, G W S
Pett, Robert	Reber, S K
Rice, D P	Schessler, Mr Sentry
Shepman, Walter F	Shubert, Chas
Smith, Asa	Siebagen, Harry
Sinclair, Johnathan	Stein Mr Man..s
Sutch, J E	Thorwaldsen, H
Varnell, W W	Wagner, J F
Walter, T D	White, C M
Wealhammer, M W	Williams, Ivan A
Wollweber, Warren	Woodson, J
Wood, J W	Wright, Fred
907 K St	Kennedy, Jas L

PACKAGES.

Foster, Walter

JOHN W. SHORT, Postmaster.

THE SUPERVISORS.

Appropriation to Write Up Our Mineral Resources Asked

The Board of Supervisors yesterday completed the work on the table and will meet tomorrow as a Board of Equalization, as already announced in the Republican.

The petition of M. Yribarren for a retail liquor license was read and continued until the next term for hearing.

Returns of the bond election in Firebaugh school district were canvassed. There were 26 votes cast, of which 25 were for and 1 against. The two bonds are for $1000 each, with interest at 7 per cent.

The following petition, signed by a number of citizens, was presented, asking for an appropriation of $300 for the purpose set forth:

Whereas, The California Mineral Association is about to publish, for free distribution, at the convention of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, to be held in San Francisco this coming fall, a book containing the mining statistics of the several counties together with important treatises on mining methods, laws, decisions, etc., by eminent experts; and

Whereas, The Association has offered Fresno county about thirty pages of free space, to include a folder map, for a write-up of the mining statistics of this county, on condition that the copy for the same is furnished free of cost to the Association, and has appointed N. L. F. Bachman for that purpose; and,

Whereas, We believe this to be the best and most intelligent way of advertising our mineral deposits and to bring the same to the immediate attention of mining experts and men of means and thereby ensure their development and increase the taxable property of the county, we petition your honorable body to appropriate $300 from the fund set apart by law for such purposes, to remunerate the local statistician for his time and expenses in preparing the material for the proposed publication.

The petition was read and continued until next Monday.

MEXICAN BONDS.

Foreign Debt of the Republic Being Refunded.

The Government Has Conferred the Power of Refunding Upon President Diaz.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Antonio Leon Grajeda, acting consul-general of Mexico in this city, in speaking of the conversion of the foreign debt of the republic of Mexico, which has been undertaken by J. P. Morgan & Co. of this city, and J. S. Morgan & Co. of London, and S. Bleichroder, the Deutche Bank and the Dresdner Bank in Germany, that the total amount of the Mexican exterior debt was $109,509,544, gold; the interior debt, payable in Mexican silver, was $103,579,703.23, and the floating debt, always payable in Mexican money, amounted to $1,590,000. The interior debt, Senor Grajeda continued, would not be disturbed. The new loan would be a little larger than the amount of the outstanding external debt, which would be refunded on a basis of between three and four per cent. "Of course," added Senor Grajeda, "it is not definitely known what the amount of the new loan, or the rate of interest will be, as Congress has conferred upon President Diaz power to refund the debt, without stipulation as to interest. According to the report of the new minister of finance of Mexico, the estimate of the revenue for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1899, is $57,000,000, and the estimated expenses will be $54,000,000. There is in the national treasury a surplus of between $10,000,000 and $12,000,000. These are not the first Mexican bonds to be quoted in New York city. In the sixties there were issued the so-called "Woodhouse" bonds, which were taken by a New York banker of that name. That issue was for the purpose of enabling Mexico to carry on the Franco-Mexican war, which lasted from 1863 to 1867. All of these bonds were refunded except a few which are included in one of the present issues. To give an idea of the price of Mexican bonds, I may say that the gold 6s of 1882 are now quoted at 102."

EX-COLLECTOR WELBURN

Twice Tried and No Conviction —Friends Want Dismissal.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—United States Attorney Coombs prepared yesterday a statement to the Attorney General on the Welburn case for the information of the department of justice. He simply recites the facts of the two trials of Welburn, his acquittal on the first trial, the disagreement of the jury on the second trial and the fact that eight of the jurors on the second trial were for acquittal. He also gives his opinion to the Attorney General as to the causes which have operated in Welburn's favor, notwithstanding the strong case made against him by the government; but he makes no recommendation as to the future disposition of the case.

Said Mr. Coombs yesterday: "I am reporting all the incidents of the trial under a former administration of this office and of the second trial conducted by myself because it is a matter of considerable magnitude; and I desire the department to have a full realization, as far as I can give it, of all the issues and side issues connected with it. But I am not making any recommendations."

It is reported that the friends of Welburn are making representations to the revenue department and to the department of justice to the effect that it will be impossible to secure his conviction, the case on the second trial having been presented as strongly as possible on behalf of the government: and that no stronger case can be made out. They allege that the sentiment of the community is in sympathy with the accused, and suggest that he has been sufficiently punished by being made an outcast and by the disgrace brought upon him by the charges made against him.

KANSAS VOLUNTEERS.

Preparing to Give Their Boys a Warm Reception.

TOPEKA, Kas., July 6.—The plan for the reception of General Funston and the Twentieth Kansas regiment have been altered somewhat on account of the decision to have the muster-out at San Francisco instead of Topeka. The fact also that over 300 sick soldiers of the Twentieth Kansas are now en route home while the main body of the regiment is in the Philippines makes the proposed reception more difficult.

The present plans are to have General Funston and members of the Twentieth Kansas become the guests of the state immediately upon their arrival in San Francisco. A special train will be arranged for to haul the soldiers to Topeka without expense to the soldiers. The committee having the matter in charge estimates the expense at $25,000 which is proposed to be raised by popular subscription. Governor Stanley will in a few days issue a manifesto urging the people of the state to contribute for this purpose. The plans for the reception at Topeka have not been very definitely decided upon, but it is safe to say the reception will be quite an elaborate affair. It is proposed to make the reception a feature of the Kansas festival, which is held in Topeka every fall. There will be a "Funston day" and a "Twentieth Kansas day," with exercises appropriate for each. Upon the first [illegible] day General Funston will be presented with a gold sword costing $[illegible], contributions having already been [illegible] by citizens of the state.

BISHOP JOHN P. NE[illegible]

Remains Convey[illegible] to Mech[illegible]icsville for Interment

SARATOGA, July 8.—The obsequies of Bishop John P. Newman of the Methodist Episcopal church took place today and the remains were conveyed to Mechanicsville, Saratoga county, for interment. Services were held at the Newman cottage this forenoon and were conducted by Rev. Dr. W. H. Henry, of the Central New York conference and the Rev. Bostwick Hawley of Saratoga. The remains lay in state at midday at the First M. E. church, where at 3 o'clock this afternoon the public funeral took place. The funeral address was delivered by Bishop E. G. Andrews of New York city.

Eulogistic remarks were made by Rev. Dr. J. H. Brown, presiding elder of the Saratoga district; Rev. Dr. C. W. Millard, New York city; Bishop Daniel A. Goodsell of Chattanooga; Rev. Dr. Henry A. Butts of Drew Seminary, Madison, N. J.; Rev. Dr. Thomas A. Griffin, presiding elder of Troy; Rev. Dr. Phillip Germond of Kingston and Rev. Dr. Bostwick Hawley of Saratoga.

From Friday's Daily.

MEDICAL SOCIETY.

The Semi-Annual Meeting Held Last Night.

The Fresno County Medical Society met last night at the office of Drs. Hayden and Miner. Dr. A. H. Byars of Madera read a paper on "Obstructions of the Bowels."

Dr. E. H. Reid of Madera was elected to membership and Mr. F. E. Twining, the bacteriologist at Mr. Cutter's pharmacy, was by resolution elected a participating member of the society.

Dr. Geo. A. Hare was elected president for the succeeding half year and Dr. W. T. Barr secretary for the same term. Dr. W. T. Maupin was chosen by lot to prepare a paper for the August meeting, which will be held at the office of Drs. Rowell and Barr.

As usual, refreshments were served after the regular order of society business had terminated.

WINE GRAPES.

Very Good Prices Are Being Offered.

Henry Crocker Will Pay $14 a Ton for All the Grapes in the State.

Grape buyers have "gone into the vineyard." In fact, the buyers are very much in evidence and are doing some tall persuading with the growers in order to obtain control of their crops. They are not meeting with any great degree of success, however, for the very obvious reason that there is a "yawning abyss" of a couple of dollars difference between their figures. The buyers, it is understood, are offering $12.50 a ton for first-class wine grapes and $7.50 for second crop grapes.

As will be remembered the directors of the California Raisin Growers' Association fixed $10 a ton as the price for second crop muscats, containing a certain amount of sugar, to be sure, and a graduated scale for grapes containing less saccharine matter.

The offer of Henry J. Crocker to buy up all the first-class wine grapes in the state at a fixed price of $14 a ton has been welcome news to the vineyardists and promises them a good year. That is the chief reason why buyers representing other firms are not meeting with very encouraging results, and will not until they at least duplicate Mr Crocker's offer. His offer stands good for seven years and represents an annual expenditure of $2,200,000. He has sent out a circular letter to over 2000 grape growers stating the terms of his offer and inclosing postal cards for answers. These cards are to be filled out with the information called for. Mr. Crocker has received many replies and most of them are favorable.

A. Sbarboro, secretary of the Italian-Swiss agricultural colony, and Secretary W. J. H. Hotchkill of the California Wine Makers' Corporation, have both expressed themselves as strongly in favor of the growers accepting the offer made by Mr. Crocker, which they think would benefit all branches of the wine industry in California.

Reported Fire.

A conductor on the Valley road reported in Fresno yesterday afternoon that a serious fire had occurred in Porterville. The report, however, could not be verified.

HOW HE WAS TRAPPED

Circumstances That Led to Meyers' Arrest.

There is rather an interesting story connected with the arrest of K. C. Meyers, Holland & Holland's clerk, as chronicled in yesterday morning's Republican. A carload of sugar had arrived over the Valley road and Meyers was sent out to unload it and remove the sugar to the firm's warehouse. He had already received an intimation that his services would not be needed after the 10th instant, and he evidently concluded to make all he could in the time left him. He had charge of the sugar department, and he thought that the proprietors would not know of his peculations.

He wrote to a firm in Fowler, telling them that he had forty sacks of sugar on his hands and he would sell them below cost provided the firm paid spot cash. He received an answer to send on the sugar. The young man thereupon engaged an expressman and told him to deliver forty of the sacks to the Fowler firm.

The sacks were marked with the letters H & H. which were daubed over with paint by Meyers. When the sacks were delivered to the firm in Fowler it was noticed that the letters had been covered so as not to be recognizable, and the suspicions of the would-be purchaser were aroused. He asked the expressman where he got the merchandise, and the latter answered that he did not know the name of the man, but that he drove a delivery wagon for Holland & Holland and formerly worked for the Standard Oil Company. The result was that Mr. Holland was communicated with and he sent for Sheriff Collins. While the officer was talking to Mr. Holland, Meyers, who had evidently "smelled a rat," kept running back into the room where the conversation was going on.

Meyers was arraigned before Recorder Cosgrave yesterday and his preliminary examination was set for Monday at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Meyers is a married man and before his bad break enjoyed a good reputation.

[illegible]itt's Little Early Risers [illegible] the system all poisonous accumulations, regulate the stomach, bowels [illegible] liver, and purify the blood. They [illegible] away disease, dissipate melancholy and give health and vigor for the daily routine. Do not gripe or sicken. At Fresno Pharmacy, Dr. C. Paddock, prop., 1162 I street.

LICENSE REVOKED

Dave Bristow's Saloon Closed

By the City Trustees Last Night.

An Ordinance Introduced Requiring Flagmen Stationed at the Railroad Crossings.

From Friday's Daily.

The Board of City Trustees met last evening at 8 o'clock in adjourned session, a full board being present.

As soon as the meeting was called to order Trustee Albin stepped up to Clerk J. B. Johnson and handed him the following draft of an ordinance requiring flagmen to be stationed at the railroad crossings:

"An ordinance requiring railroad companies to station a flagman at certain street crossings in the city of Fresno.

"The Board of Trustees of the city of Fresno do ordain as follows:

"Section 1. All persons, firms or corporations owning, operating or controlling any steam railway upon the railroad reservation lying between G and H streets, in the city of Fresno, are hereby required to station flagmen, and keep said flagmen so stationed at the following points, to-wit:

At the intersection of the main line track and side tracks with Fresno street, Tulare street, Kern street——— ——— from the hour of 6 o'clock a. m. to the hour of 10 p.m., during the time said railroad is in operation.

"Section 2. No person, firm or corporation owning, operating or controlling any railway engine upon the railroad reservation, lying between G and H streets in the city of Fresno, shall cause or permit said engine to pass any of the points specified in section one of this ordinance until the flag there stationed shall signal him or them to do so.

"Section 3. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding $300 or by imprisonment in the city or county jail not exceeding three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

"Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

"Approved this— -day of———, 1899."

Trustee Spinney thought that more streets should be included in the ordinance.

Chairman Craycroft pointed out that the city did not control the crossings, they being a part of the railroad reservation.

Mr. Tupper suggested that the usage by the city of the crossings might give it a right to the crossings. The Trustee thought, however, that the city would have the right to have flagmen placed at the intersections as a "sanitary measure."

The ordinance was put upon its first reading and it went over until the next meeting for further discussion.

Clerk Johnson called the board's attention to the fact that two ordinances passed by the old board had never been published and hence were not legal ordinances. The question arose whether the publication of the ordinance at this late date would remedy the situation.

Spinney moved that the ordinance be printed. Albin amended to refer it to the City Attorney. The amendment was lost and the original motion was carried.

Spinney stated that the finance committee did not have time to make a report, owing to the fire yesterday afternoon, and he moved that the bills passed upon by the committee be allowed and the clerk instructed to draw the warrants.

Spinney announced that he was going to make a motion that he did not know how it would be received by the board and the City Marshal. The motion was to revoke the saloon license of Dave Bristow. Spinney declared that the place was a noisy and disorderly one and a detriment to the neighborhood. He said there were men in there all the time drinking and "raising Cain." He declared the proprietor was fixing places to roll people or something else.

Mr. Tupper stated that Mr. Bristow ought to have a hearing. He thought it was a rather summary proceeding and un-American in its character. He said it would be an easy matter for a Trustee to vent a personal grudge in that manner.

Trustee Albin was also opposed to summary action. He said he had never heard any complaint against the place and inquired if the other Trustees had.

Mr. Moore stated that he stood in front of the place Sunday last and said it was a noisy place and much profanity came from the house.

Mr. Craycroft stated that he had heard a number of complaints from different parties and he and Mr. Spinney had made an investigation yesterday afternoon. He remarked that there were a number of drunken men in the saloon and the proprietor was drinking at the bar with an inebriated individual. A partition against the fire ordinance was being constructed in the place.

Marshal Morgan was called upon to give his views on the matter. He stated that he was not ready to give an opinion.

"We want facts," interrupted Albin. The Marshal admitted that he knew very little about the place. Whenever he visited it he did so in an official capacity and at those times he could find no fault with its management.

Spinney informed the board that a number of the owners of packing houses were putting in engines and boilers in their places without complying with the city ordinance requiring the approval of the board. That brought up the old question about the city's jurisdiction over the railroad reservation. The upshot of the discussion was that the City Marshal and the Fire Chief were instructed to see that the ordinance is complied with.

J. S. Eastwood of the San Joaquin Electric Company asked how long the board desired the lights to be shut off. He understood at the time they were ordered off that they would be turned on again on the 1st of July. Spinney said he thought no particular time had been set for turning them on. No action was taken.

Spinney stated that a license should be placed on carry-alls taking people to the roadhouses. His remarks were earnestly seconded by Moore, who said the action of the drivers in spoiling for roadhouses was a disgrace to the city.

Chairman Craycroft asked for a leave of absence of five or six weeks from the state, and on motion his request was granted. He will go back to his old home in Illinois to visit relatives and attend to some business. He expects to leave next Saturday.

City Engineer Louis Manuel was also given a thirty days' leave of absence.

Clerk Johnson asked for authorization to draw warrants for the payment of bonds falling due, and a motion to that effect was made.

S. L. Hogue, secretary of the Board of Education, appeared before the board and asked that some arrangement be made to connect the Park avenue school with the city sewerage system. The board seemed to think favorably of the request, and the matter was referred to City Engineer Manuel to report at the next meeting of the board. Spinney said that provision should be made for sewering all the annexed territory, and that the proper way would be to have the district platted. He stated that a supplemental contract should be made with H. E. Burleigh, who has the contract of taking care of the city sewage. Mr. Burleigh has agreed to make no extra charge if the annexed territory is connected with the system. Mr. Albin said he had prepared such a contract for Mr. Burleigh to sign.

The employment of an all-around fireman to "sub" for members of the department when they are taking their vacations or are otherwise off duty was discussed. The board has decided to make the appointment, but it went over until the next meeting, when Chief Higgins will recommend a man.

The board then adjourned.

SHED BURNED.

Blaze in the Rear of Barrett & Hicks' Store.

A wooden shed on the vacant lot in the rear of Barrett & Hicks' store on I street caught fire shortly after 5 o'clock last evening and burned fiercely for several minutes. The shed, together with its contents, was entirely destroyed. It was filled with sewer pipe and other goods belonging to Barrett & Hicks. The loss to that firm will exceed $400, with no insurance.

The shed itself was formerly part of a frame building that stood on the lot. The upper part of the building was removed, leaving the floor as the roof of the lower story. It was this floor roof and the portion of the building beneath it that burned. The structure was part of the Jerry Ryan property. Its value was very small. The origin of the fire is unknown.

TIED JURY.

Fail to Agree in the Laveroni Case.

The case of the people against A. G. Laveroni, charged with keeping a house of disrepute, was continued in Justice St. John's court yesterday morning. The evidence both for prosecution and defense had mostly to be taken through interpreters, and was unfit for publication.

The defense rested its case at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and argument was begun. District Attorney Everts waived opening argument and W. D. Tupper pleaded the defense. The gist of the defense was that Laveroni was being hounded by enemies in Firebaugh, who are trying to ruin his business. Deputy District Attorney Church closed for the defense.

After the jury had been in session for some two hours they asked to be recalled and reinstructed as to the definition of a house of ill-fame and asked how far back the complaint reading "on or about June 19th" might be held to cover. The court re-read his instructions as to the first matter and refused to fix the time, leaving that to the jury. As there was no prospect of its agreeing, the jury was discharged at 6 o'clock, standing 6 for conviction and 6 for acquittal.

Three vagrancy cases from Firebaugh come up for consideration tomorrow.

FOURTH OF JULY.

Work of Paying the Bills Begun Last Night.

The Fourth of July committee held a business meeting last night for the purpose of settling up its accounts and paying the bills incurred in the recent celebration. The meeting was a sort of post mortem affair and there was very little enthusiasm. In fact, hardly a quorum was present to pass on the bills.

The following claims were allowed: Printing $85, music $475, sundries $80.30, platform and seats $39.18, floats $369, fireworks and electric display $290, carriages $12, sports $6.

The committee will meet again Saturday night to wind up its affair and adjourn sine die.

Real Estate Transfers.

Mabel DeWitt to B. E. L. Good, lot 2 in block 19, Clovis. $10.

A. Lewis Smith et ux. to Rosa Vincent Enos, lot 35 in block 4, Altamont addition to Fresno City. $10.

William Shoemaker, et ux. to J. P. Neil, s½ of lot 6, Curtis and Shoemaker tract, sec 34, t 15 s, r 23 e. $10.

J. O. Traber, Superior Court Commissioner, to William Macgillivray, nw ¼ of sec 22, t 14 s, r 18 e. $1412.93.

John Fawcett et ux. to A. Lewis Smith, lot 35 in block 4, Altamont addition, Fresno City. $10.

John D. Patterson et ux. to Henry Hoskins, n½ of sec 34 and s½ of sec 35, t 16 s, r 21 e; also w½ of nw¼ and sw¼ of sec 1, and e½ of sec 2, and e½ of sw¼ of sec 2, t 17 s, r 21 e. $39,000.

Alexander Martin to Margaret Martin, his mother, fractional parts of lots 17, 18, 19 and 20, in block 174; also lot 5 in block 191; also lot 6 in the Highland Villa tract, all of Fresno City, a deed of gift.

Picnic on the River.

A jolly party went to the river Sunday and spent the day at Woods grove. The conveyance was a hay wagon and four horses. The day was spent in games and boating. Those in the party were: Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Holden, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Holden, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Cray, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hobson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hutchison, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Denny, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Ehmann, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Sutherland, Mr. and Mrs J. I. Chance, Mrs. J. A. Giffin, Mrs. H. H. Clark, Misses Maud Mills, Viola Hays, Mary Johnson, Irene Carling, [illegible] Giffin, Miss Alice Ross of Hanford, Daisy Foster, Anne Giffin, Miss [illegible] Hethering of Oakland, Allie Chance, Edna Clark; Messrs. J. T. Holden, H. L. Clark, W. C. Hays of San Francisco, L. R. Conner, B. H. Pelfer, G. D. Clark, W. F. Holden, F. Giffin, C. Chance, O. T. Hays, S. D. Giffin, W. W. Goodell, C. C. Seeberg, and G. W. Giffin.

A MINISTER'S MISTAKE.

A city minister was recently handed a notice to be read from his pulpit. Accompanying it was a clipping from a newspaper bearing upon the matter. The clergyman started to read the extract and found that it began: "Take Kemp's Balsam, the best Cough Cure." This was hardly what he had expected and, after a moment's hesitation, he turned it over, and found on the other side the matter intended for the reading.

NATIONAL EDUCATORS

Convention Opened Yesterday.

Address of President E. O Lyte.

The Teachers are Warmly Welcomed by Governor Gage and Others.

LOS ANGELES, July 12.—Promptly at 3 o'clock the National Educational Association was called to order by Hon. F. Q. Story, of the local executive committee. The pavilion was crowded in every part and numbers of the visitors failed to gain admittance. After an invocation by Rev. C. Clark Pierce, the woman's orchestra rendered the N.E.A. march, a rather unique piece of music composed for the occasion, and then Governor Henry T. Gage was presented to bid hearty welcome on behalf of the state. This he did in a few words in which, however, he injected a maximum amount of cordiality, and on behalf of the Golden State bid every one the heartiest of welcomes.

Hon. T. J. Kirk, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, on behalf of the educational interests of the state, followed. After depicting the delights of the southland he reminded the audience that the world had heard "the big guns of our Oregon, the Monterey and the Olympia," and that it would be their privilege to hear the bigger guns of California—Jordan, Brown, Foshay.

During the last ten years secondary and higher education have had unprecedented growth. Superintendent Kirk pointed out that in that period of time the enrollment at Berkeley had increased from 350 to 1700. Including the professional colleges located in San Francisco, the State University has now a total enrollment of 2438. In 1898 there were but 62 high schools in the state, but today there are 125, and with increases of numbers, the standard of work has been raised. The majority of the high schools are changing, or have changed, from a three to a four years' course, and the elementary schools— the people's colleges—have advanced with the high schools.

Concluding his review, Superintendent Kirk said that in the name and on behalf of 10,000 teachers and a million and a half of people interested in education, "we bid them thrice welcome."

Dr. Elmer E. Brown, University of California, on behalf of state management, also bade hearty welcome to the visiting educators and then Mayor Eaton on behalf of the municipality, in a few words but with absolute frankness told the visitors they had the freedom of the city during their stay. On behalf of the city schools, City Superintendent Foshay outlined the educational system here and paid tribute to the excellent corps of teachers in charge of the 23,000 children. "As the large reservoirs of our mountains give forth their water in the warm, dry summer to refresh the productive orange groves of California," said the speaker, "so may this meeting of the largest educational organization in the world pour forth its influence to strengthen and invigorate the intellectual forces of our state; may it enrich the home life of the ranch the school life of the Pueblo, the college life of the universities of this, the Golden State of the far West. You are welcome to the far West, to the Golden State, to the city of the angels, to our hearts and to our homes."

Responses to the welcoming addresses were made by N. C. Dougherty, Superintendent of Schools of Peoria, Ill., and J. H. Phillips, Superintendent of Schools of Birmingham, Ala.

After the orchestra had played Mozart's overture, "Don Juan," President Eliphalet Oram Lyte, principal of the First Pennsylvania state normal school, Millersville, Pa., delivered his address.

Dr. Lyte, in opening his address, referred to the first meeting of the association in Philadelphia when 38 members were enrolled, and compared it with the enrollment of more than 10,000 in Washington last year. He also spoke of the progress made in other respects by the association. The National Educational Association is as an organization through which the educators of the country can reach large bodies of teachers. He referred to several minor school problems which should be considered in the near future by the association, among which he emphasized "continuation schools." He then said in substance:

Not long ago our country was thrilled with a sudden burst of patriotism that proclaimed us one people, possessing the elements of a mighty military nation peaceable because of our might and unconscious of our real strength. Much as the Spanish-American war made for the struggling islands that were freed from the Spanish yoke I have questioned, he continued, whether it did not do more for our own nation, in making it acquainted with itself and with its power to adjust itself to new conditions. What the National Educational Association has done to nationalize our country—to mold its heterogeneous elements into homogenity—it would be impossible to estimate nor can any one tell what it has done to make peaceful progress the high object of our people. With us war is the unusual, peace the usual condition. It will be remembered by many of the older members of this audience that at the close of the civil war a generation ago our armies, north and south, melted away before the sweet sunlight of peace and the citizen soldier of one day became the law abiding soldier citizen of the next—an act unparalleled in the world's history. So it was last year our soldiers became citizens without a disturbance of any kind. Our history has demonstrated that we have no need of a great standing army. It has demonstrated that in every state may be found an army ready at a moment's notice to defend our flag against every foe. And this army is not marshalled by military chieftains, but by educational chieftains. A strong nation is made, not by barracks for troops but by school houses for children; not by recruiting officers but by schoolmasters; not by rifled cannon and Mauser bullets and war vessels but by books and newspapers and churches. That nation is strong whose citizens obey the law without seeing a standing army behind the law. That nation is strongest whose laws are based on divine law, and whose citizens obey both divine and human laws because they are right.

A child obeys his teacher, who to him is the law. To the child law must be concreted, as the abstract is the result of a higher form of thought than the concrete, so a republic is a higher type of government than a monarchy. We may need an army to subjugate the Filipinos, but the United States would be distinctly lowered in moral tone if it should ever become necessary to maintain permanently with in the United States a great standing army to secure to its inhabitants the blessings of peace. If this is true, how great is the responsibility of the American school teacher. Patriotism is in the air; it is the normal condition of living under our flagg. As a child does not need to be taught to think, but only how to think, so the American youth does not need to be taught to be patriotic, but only how to be patriotic; and this is largely the work of the schools. How well this work has been done let history answer.

Our horizon, however, is widening. Whether we will or not, the problem of carrying the benefits of our public institutions to the islands beyond the sea must be solved in part at least by the men and women of this association. Since the last meeting in Washington it has become plain that the great underlying influences that have made this nation the freest and greatest of the globe can no longer be bounded by the sands of the sea, or the waves that dash against our shores. "Thus far shalt thou go and no farther" was not spoken to the schoolmaster. The hand of destiny points the way across the waters today as unerringly as it pointed the way for Columbus to cross the unknown seas four centuries ago. Let us protect if we must, but we must bear our share of the white man's burden. While I recognize fully the right of others to disagree with me, I confess that I so thoroughly believe in the institutions of our country, and in the dignifying influences that follow our flag, that I rejoice to watch the onward progress of our ever-conquering republic, and the triumphant march of the Anglo-Saxon race.

Some of the burdens we now assume are new to us. We have not stepped far beyond the land upon which our forefathers settled when they began the conquest of the wilderness, but the sea is no longer barrier. It is a great highway on which we can convey the material and spiritual benefits of a Christian civilization to the benighted children of our enforced adoption.

Dr. Lyte concluded his address by expressing the hope that the present meeting held in the charming city of Los Angeles will make its influence felt in every section of our land. May it catch something of the sunlight of this land of sunshine, and aid in carrying the divine rays of a useful education into ever community of every state. If this is accomplished the object of the meeting will have been accomplished.

There was more music by the orchestra and then the initial session of the convention was at an end.

The evening session was as largely attended as had been the one in the afternoon. In addition to the woman's orchestra the Aoedean Club, under the direction of Mrs. G. B. Parsons, supervisor of music in the public schools, enlivened the proceedings by very happy rendering of several selections. Dr. W. T. Harris United States commissioner of education, delivered a most apropos and decidedly interesting address on the subject of "An Educational Policy for Our New Possessions." Ten difficulties that beset the path of the educator in Hawaii, Porto Rico and the other islands of the sea gathered into the fold were touched upon and some admirable ideas suggested for elucidating what promises to be a problem somewhat difficult of solution along perfectly fair and equitable lines.

Mrs. Emma L. Dillingham was to have dealt with the Hawaiian school question to some extent by giving an address reviewing the history of the existing schools in the islands. Owing to her unavoidable absence this phase of the subject had to be foregone.

The annual meeting of the board of directors of the N. E. A. was called to order by President Lyte at noon today, the following officers being present: First vice president, J. G. Greenwood, Kansas City; treasurer, I. C. McNeill, West Superior, Wis.; chairman board of trustees, A. G. Lane, Chicago. Of the life directors there were also a number present and the various divisions were represented.

The treasurer's report showed a total amount cash received during the past year of $28,561.10, including a cash balance of $3201. The expenditures amounted to $26,010.92, including $10,000 transferred to the permanent fund. The available cash on hand is $2,556.16. Treasurer McNeill also reported that between $8000 and $10,000 in addition would be available this year for transfer to the permanent fund, this denoting that the attendance at the present convention is very large, and that the income from the membership fees will net a very comfortable sum.

The thirteenth annual report was presented and read. It showed assets to be $74,000, the total investments on July 1,1899, having $67,500.

By unanimous vote, and amid applause, the board of directors passed a resolution directing the president of the N.E.A. to cable to the United States delegates to the peace conference at The Hague the congratulations of the members of the organization.

A rather sharp discussion was brought about by the petition presented by Miss Estelle Reel, national superintendent of the Indian department and who is a member of the directorate, asking that the Indian Institute be made a department of the National Educational Association. Professor L. Soldan, Professor Taylor and others participated in the discussion, but no action was taken.



An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle

GARFIELD ITEMS.

Carfield was well represented in Fresno on the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. Lum Davison visited at P. F. Parkes' Sunday.

Miss Susie Connor of Stockton is visiting at H. B. Bissell's.

Mr. J. W. Browne made a business trip to the Raisin Center Monday.

Mrs. Clark Kenneson and Mrs. Charley Brown and son left for Pine Ridge last Thursday.

Everybody is busy harvesting. There is to be a threshing machine in Garfield this week.

Mrs. S. F. Blair and daughter, accompanied by her sister, Miss Allie Ruth, left for Pine Ridge last week to enjoy the fresh mountain air during the summer months.

There is going to be an election held at the school house on next Friday to elect a high school representative.

Mr. S. G. McQuinston and family started for Pine Ridge today, where they will spend a few weeks enjoying the lovely scenery and the cool weather.

Quite a number of Garfield young men intend to go to the mountains to work in the mills just as soon as harvest is over.

Miss Alberta Findley has been visiting friends at Kingsburg for the past two weeks.

A. N. OTHER.

Garfield, July 12, 1899.

The Fourth of July committee will meet tonight to close up its business for the year.

SPORTS.

BASEBALL.

Dick Simpson, the Madera youngster, played his first game with Hanford last Sunday, holding down third base. He did fairly well in that position but his playing is not calculated to melt the diamond.

Cecil, the second-baseman and reserve pitcher of the Visalia club, is rapidly coming to the front as a twirler, and there is a strong probability that he will pitch next Sunday's game against the Fresno nine.

The Hanford club has signed Dave Dowst, of Merced, and he will pitch for that organization in the future. If he puts up the game he is capable of when at his best, the Hanford's will be generally strengthened by the acquisition.

Since Pitcher Harvey joined the Sacramento team that organization has steadily climbed up in the percentage column. The former hopeless tailenders now rank fourth with an average of 500 per cent and a good chance to win the pennant.

Pitcher Smith, of the Bakersfields, is playing phenomenal ball. His twirling, last Sunday, was an enigma too difficult for the Fresnos to solve, and his three-bagger, which brought in the two winning runs has endeared him to the hearts of the Bakersfield cranks.

The Fresno boys are greatly pleased with the reception accorded them last Sunday in the Kern capital. Bakersfield knows how to entertain visitors, and the Fresnans will do all in their power to make the stay of the giants pleasant when next they venture northward.

Manager Ward says the job lot suits of the home team are "hoodoos" and a subscription list will be started to try and eradicate the evil. The Fresno club is the only one in the league without uniform suits and it is hoped that it will soon be able to present as neat an appearance upon the diamond as its opponents.

The Visalia Delta gives the Visalia nine the following sage advice: "Let us not become disc...aged at losing a game or two but go out en masse next Sunday and do Fresno as Bakersfield did last Sunday. Our boys can do it if they will keep awake, and play ball from beginning to end."

Arrangements have been completed for a ball game between the Visalia baseball nine and a team composed of millers and wheat dealers. The latter have sanguine hopes of picking up a ball team that will be a winner, and as a matter of fact they have good material on their side. The game will probably come off some Sunday morning when a regular game is to be played in Visalia.

Billy Lange is forever doing the marvelous. Lost Thursday at Pittsburg he, while playing center field, made a double play unassisted. McCarthy's liner was so low that Donovan, at second, didn't think of the possibility of Lange getting it, and was nearly home when Bill bagged it. Lange kept on running and touched second.

Captain Decker, of the Fresno team announces his retirement from the national game, and hereafter his place at second base will be filled by Bert Maul. Decker's withdrawal from the game is to be regretted as he has played exceptionally good ball this season and was one of the heaviest batters in the league. Poor health is given as the reason for his action.

Mike Donlin had a good reputation on the coast of being a very hard striker and clever fielder. Tebeau intends eyeing his work very carefully and there is a chance of the much-vaunted twirler being turned into a first baseman. Donlin is a well-appearing youngster and the members of the home team, who stayed at home while the regulars were in Chicago, look upon him as a comer.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

This is how the Bakersfield Echo describes the Fresno Mascot with his rattlers:

"Fresno came with a mascot yclept "Red Albin." Red looked like one of the Gazabas in full regalia, the eccentricity of his costume being accentuated by blue stocking with white spots the size of a saucer. Whenever a Fresnan fanned "Red's" eyes dileted and his teeth grated together but when a Bakersfield player was overtaken by misfortune Albin did a triumphal jig in jag time and bubbled over with excess of joy."

Merced expects to run an excursion to Fresno when their team plays here July 30th, that is, provided the railroad company do the "right thing."

Merced has developed another pitcher from the Grubb family. Dan Grubb pitched July 4th against the Oakland Owls and allowed only 7 hits off his delivery. Barring a little wildness he pitched a good game.

Los Banos offers a purse of $150 for the Merced and Newman clubs to play for in Los Banos. The game will take place as soon as Merced has an open date. Newman has a hot team, they having defeated the Heesemans of Oakland July 4th by a score of 12 to 11.

Outside teams must think Merced a snap as the following clubs have applied for dates: Will & Fincks, San Francisco; Heesemans, Oakland; Terminal City, Stockton; Oakdales of Oakdale; Newmans of Newman; Alerts of Alameda. The Oakland Owls would like a return game, and they promise a strong team next time.

THE RING.

Gus Ruhlin left San Francisco yesterday for Denver. He is matched to fight Lawler in St. Louis on the 27th.

Joe Choynski and "Mexican Pete" Everett of Cripple Creek will fight before the Colorado Athletic Association August 11th for a purse of $500 and gate receipts.

Tonight at the Barton opera house Jas. J. Jeffries, champion of the world will spar four rounds with his partner, Jim Daly. He will also illustrate the eleventh round of his fight with Fitzsimmons, showing the knockout.

Several local boxers, including Bert Cardwell, Charles Fitzgerald, Bert Lundy and P. E. Struck will don the mits and give exhibitions of the game of fisticuffs. A wrestling match is also on the program.

Everything indicates that a packed house will greet the California champion.

The match between "Spider" Kelly and Billy Otts has fallen through

The Reliance Club is preparing a monster reception for Jeffries, which will be held tomorrow night. In addition to Jeff's sparring with his brother, there will be a couple of bouts, Kid Mein will box Al Cohen, Joe Keating will box Henry Martin and George Baker and Kid Johnson fight.

Frank Patterson and Solly Smith fought a twenty-five draw at 122 pounds last Monday night. The men fought savagely, but were strong at the finish. Patterson was subsequently cautioned for hitting low, and was disqualified in the twenty-third round for repeating the offense, but Smith begged the referee to let the bout go on, and so lost a favorable decision. The attendance was 6000.

FROM BAD-HOMBURG.

M. Theo. Kearney Writes to Vice President Nathan.

N. Nathan, vice-president of the California Raisin Growers' Association, yesterday received the following letter from M. Theo. Kearney:

Royal Victoria Hotel,
Bad-Homburg, Germany,
June 27, 1899.

My Dear Mr. Nathan: Your favor of May 27th came duly to hand. I am glad to see that at the discussion of prices for second crop Muscat grapes, the Farmers' Club sustained our association and did not recommend a reduction. Col. Trevelyan's argument in the papers was very weak. It was clearly an effort to buy as cheaply as possible. The wineries can well afford to pay $9 for 22 per cent, $9.50 for 23 per cent and $10 for 24 per cent sugar, and when the wine trade in the East understand that all the wineries must pay the same increased price for grapes they will willingly pay an increased price for wine and brandy, which will give the wineries their usual profits.

The doctor here tells me I was in a bad way when I arrived, as the result of hard work and close confinement in the cause of our association during the past year and a half. Already the waters and treatment have done me a lot of good and I hope to finish the course of treatment in fine condition and be quite ready for the active work of marketing our coming raisin crop. I have taken measures while in London to get fully informed concerning the condition, prospects and prices of the coming crop of Spanish raisins, and hope later on to be able to estimate closely as to high we can raise the price of our raisins without letting in any Spanish raisins and without checking consumption at home.

I hope there has been no hitch in the matter of our new office building and that you are making progress in its erection; that we will have proper facilities for making returns to the growers in the future. Remember me kindly to all in the office. With kind regards, yours sincerely,

M. THEO. KEARNEY.

OIL TANK COMPANY

Articles of Incorporation Filed Yesterday.

Articles of incorporation of the Pacific Oil Tank Company were filed in the County Clerk's office yesterday. One of the purposes of the new concern is stated as follows: "To build, construct, buy, own, lease and operate refineries for distilling oil and petroleum; and for making and producing gasoline, coal oil and lubricating oils of every kind and character; and to carry on the business of selling and disposing of such products. The directors are the following named, all of Fresno: J. B. Goodman, S. J. Cohn, C. D. Bopst, F. E. Hock and G. W. Cartwright. The capital stock is $60,000, divided into $20,000 shares of the par value of $3 a share.

MUSICIAN ARRESTED.

On a Charge of Petty Larceny Yesterday.

Constable J. M. Smith of Merced telephoned to Constable Dumas of this city yesterday morning to find Fred Reno who was wanted on a charge of petty larceny and was believed to have come to this city. It took Mr. Dumas but a short time to find Reno in the "across-the-track" district and put him in the lockup. The Merced officer will be down this morning to take him back. He is accused of having taken a few small articles from a house in Merced where he was staying. He is a saloon musician.

DIED.

ISHEIM—In Fresno, July 10, 1899, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. P. Isheim.

Real Estate Transfers.

Francis M. Gray et ux. to John H. Smith, lots 11 and 12 in block 135, Sanger. $200.

First National Bank of Fresno to Lee Allen, lots 1, 2 and 3 in block 68, Fowler. $150.

Albert Albrecht et ux. to Charles Malott, lots 30, 31 and 32 in block 8, Fowler. $10.

Mrs. E. M. Darling et vir to Mary A. Schleigh, lots 25 and 26 in block 1, Darling addition to Fresno. $65.

Walter A. Church, a Superior court commissioner, to R. S. Tucker, lots 87, 88 and 89 in Washington colony. $2309.

J. D. Collins, Sheriff of Fresno county, to the Fresno Loan and Savings Bank, lots 9, 10, 11 and 12 in block 154, Fresno. $725.

PROPOSED INCREASE

Of the Miller & Lux Estate's Assessment.

The Board of Equalization yesterday concluded that the assessment of the Miller & Lux estate's big holdings stretching for miles round about Firebaugh should be raised—at least the board thought it should be made incumbent on Mr. Miller to show why the assessment should not be increased. County Assessor Ferguson states that this year's assessment is the same as that of last year, but the board is evidently of the opinion that it should be increased. The Clerk was instructed to give notice to Mr. Miller. The law requires a five days' notification before action can be taken.

The Assessor was authorized to correct all clerical found. This is purely a formal matter.

The Assessor was also authorized and directed to erase the assessment of a house on lot 21, block 387, city of Fresno the house not having been there when the assessment was made. The premises were assessed the same as last year, but since then the house was moved.

Hacker Discharged.

Recorder Cosgrave yesterday dismissed the charge of perjury against Alfred Hacker on the ground that the evidence was insufficient to warrant the detention of the prisoner. The perjury charge, it is alleged, was preferred against Hacker by Dr. Bryant for the purpose of keeping him in jail, it being feared that if liberated he would again assail Dr. Bryant, of whom he is a bitter enemy. Hacker lives in the foothills and it is said that he is a troublesome neighbor.

He Has Another Chance.

W. J. Weems, the collector, and Conrad Mahling were tried in Recorder Cosgrave's court yesterday on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses from an aged negro named Hill. A full account of the circumstances which led up to the arrests was published at the time. The jury failed to agree and was discharged, but Recorder Cosgrave set the case for retrial at 10 o'clock this morning. Weems asked for a change of venue, but this was denied.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING UNCALLED FOR IN THE postoffice at Fresno, Cal., on July 12, 1899. Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised," and give the date of this advertisement. If not called for in fourteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.

LADIES' LIST.

Arnett, Mrs T	Dodds, Mrs Sam W
Lewis, Mrs Phoebe	Louden, Miss Blanche
Sporrs, Clara	Staerpel, Miss

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Bentley, R I	Bronon, Sam
Cappoch, Lieut	Cartwright, Rev Jno
Castle, D P	Fisher, O K
Hanson, J	Henderson, Mr
Hurt, J P	Jack, J A
Komip, A	Molt Sam C
MacDonald, Alex	Roudio, Gorarg
Shear, William C	Simpson, John D
Toppin, M	Van Winkle, E E

FOREIGN LIST.

Alvavado, Miss Sallie	Cans, Miguel
Dias, F A	Garcia, J Atrosia
Garcia, Mrs D	Grija va, Miguel
Mashado, Mary	Meckle, Inbica
Pellisier Altagracia	Roberto J p
Villa, Francisco	Valderas, Manuel
Nagoshi, G	Hung, Sing
Uyeda, K	Sakamoto, N

JOHN W. SHORT, Postmaster.

THE VESSELS HAVE ARRIVED

No Stop Was Made at Honolulu.

Very Little Sickness and No Deaths.

The Ships Were Released From Quarantine and Anchored at Government Dock.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—At 2.10 this afternoon word came from the watchers on the ocean shore that the long-expected transports bearing the returning volunteers had arrived.

At the hour named the steamers Ohio and Newport were sighted off Point Reyes.

At once the screaming of sirens on the city front announced the tidings to the entire city, and the towns across the bay.

A moment later the firing of cannon began, shot after shot as it thundered out in salute, placing the meaning of the earlier signals beyond doubt.

At almost the same moment, on numberless flagstaffs throughout the city, the national colors shot upward and the Stars and Stripes, everywhere flung to the breeze, gave yet further emphasis to the fact that the soldier boys were returning.

Crowds of people hurried to the heights overlooking the northern bay, eager to catch the first glimpse possible of the ships bringing back the men who had dared and suffered so much in the Far East in their country's cause.

The trip into and up the bay is a long one, and the announcement was speedily made that it would be 6 o'clock before the transports would reach their anchorage.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—At a late hour tonight it had not been decided whether or not the Oregon troops would be landed here. Before leaving Manila the returning volunteers, by an almost unanimous vote, expressed their desire to be mustered out in this city in order to secure their travel pay, which for the regiment would amount to about $30,000 more than would be received at Portland. It is stated that if the people of Oregon will guarantee to meet the deficiency, the soldiers will be sent north to be mustered out of the service. Otherwise the men may receive their honorable discharges in this city and proceed north by rail, if satisfactory arrangements for their transportation can be made.

The vessels arrived with comparatively clean bills of health, there being but one or two cases of sickness among the soldiers but there are 72 men on the transports who are recovering from wounds received in the Philippines. There were no deaths or other casualties among the soldiers during the voyage from Manila. No stop was made at Honolulu.

On board the transports were 32 members of the California signal corps and several women, who, it is believed, are nurses.

The vessels were released from their temporary quarantine and anchored off the government dock this evening.

It is understood that General Shafter will recommend that the soldiers be given the opportunity to land here before returning to Astoria, where it was originally intended to muster them out.

SKETCH OF OREGON REGIMENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—In three weeks after the President issued his first call for troops the state of Oregon sent forth regiment. On May 16, 1898, the first detachment of the regiment took the train for San Francisco.

The military bearing of the Oregon regiment and its subsequent bravery in the Philippine campaign reflects the greatest credit on its commanding officer. Colonel Owen Summers, who now ranks as brevet brigadier general of volunteers, the President's reward for conspicuous gallantry in action.

At the Presidio the Oregon regiment had but little time to learn the attributes of military life. On May 22d of last year an order was issued from headquarters directing that the first expedition set sail for the Philippines and the Oregon soldiers were included in the detachment.

The first of July of last year saw the Oregon regiment encamped at Cavite, ready for the fray. In Camp Dewey the men learned the routine of military life. On August 2d the President decided to hold the city of Manila and the bay pending the acceptance of the terms of peace offered to Spain. On the night of July 31st the Spanish outposts and the American forces at Malate engaged in battle, the Spanish troops starting the fight. The enemy was defeated and the volunteers from the Pacific states received "baptism of fire." Events in the Philippines rapidly approached a crisis.

On the morning of August 13th the American forces advanced to the attack on the Spanish trenches, while the ships of the fleet bombarded the enemy's position. The fight was a sanguinary one, but nothing could resist the valor of the young American soldiers. The next day the whole world thrilled with the news that Manila with 7000 prisoners, had been captured by the Americans, whose loss was five men. The Oregon regiment bore itself bravely in the fray, and the dispatches testify to the valor of the men. For the six months following the capture of Manila, while there was no fighting with the Spaniards or the Filipines, the time was a trying one for the Americans. On the night of February 5th of this year the hordes of Aguinaldo attacked the outposts and attempted to capture Manila. General McArthur, in command of a division in which the California and Oregon regiments played an important part, sent the Filipinos pell mell up the Pasig river. Following up the victory gained after the attack on Manila, General McArthur was given the pick of the American army as a flying column to clear the country where the Filipinos were entrenched. The Oregon regiment was part of this column and in all the desperate fighting which followed, it bore itself bravely. On February 19th General Kingf joined the Brigade of General Overshine, after a fierce battle at Guadaloupe church. The capture of the water works at Marcil on February 21st, was followed on the next day by a desperate attempt by the insurgents to set the city of Manila on fire. An hour before midnight fires were started all over the city and the American soldiers were called upon to save the city from destruction and at the same time defend themselves from the attacks of the enemy who were entrenched in houses. Volleys of bullets were showered on the men of the Oregon, Minnesota, Pennsylvania and artillery regiments detailed to put out the fires. In two days the Oregon regiment was called to proceed to the front and take part in the desperate fighting in the trenches at Caloocan. The capture of Caloocan caused the enemy to make a pause. The month of February ended with the loss of 83 American soldiers and 347 wounded. March was to see some desperate fighting. Gen. Wheaton's flying column was ordered to carry the enemy's position at Mariquini, which commanded the water works which the Filipinos still hoped to capture. The flying brigade consisted of the Oregon, Washington, Twentieth and Twenty-second infantry, Fourth cavalry and two battalions of artillery, and the fighting which tooks place March 13th to 20th, was perhaps the most desperate in the whole campaign. The Oregon regiment took part in the desperate fighting which marked the advance of the flying column, and participated in the capture of Pasig and Guadaloupe. On March 9th the province of Morong was in the hands of the Americans and the advance on Malolos, Aguinaldo's capital, was commenced on March 22d. On the 25th McArthur's division, consisting of 8000 men, gave battle to the enemy in the trenches before Malolos. At Bagbag and Polo, and near the town of Maloban the contest of arms was most severe, and the Oregon regiment suffered heavily. The bravery of the Oregon regiment was the subject of much favorable comment at the time.

Santa Cruz was captured, and on April 23d Lawton's forces met the enemy at Quenga, six miles northeast of Malolos. The end of April saw the American forces in control of the province and the army suing for peace. The victory had cost from February 4th to April 28th, 139 soldiers killed and 1111 wounded.

On May 5th the Oregon regiment took part in the fighting which resulted in the capture of San Fernando. The Oregon regiment returned to Manila and on May 24th Major General Otis recommended Colonel Summers for promotion.

After a stay of two weeks in Manila the Oregon regiment received orders to return home on the transports Ohio and Newport.

ESTRAYED—On Monday last from the Galbraith ranch, Fowler, valuable English setter bitch, white with black spots; tan on head and fore paws; black and tan. Information that will lead to recovery of same will be well paid for by Jos P. Galbraith, Fresno postoffice. jy13t1

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OF PERFECTION IN STOCK AND ASSORTMENT OF : : :
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AT
W. PARKER LYON'S
DON'T STOP DOING BUSINESS BECAUSE I'M AWAY. YOU'LL FIND MY CLERKS AS WILLING TO TAKE YOUR MONEY AS I AM. TRY THEM.

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Bacteriologic, Pathologic and Chemic
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STOCK MARKET.

Railroad Rumors Excites the Market.

Heavy Buying and Most All Securities Had an Upward Tendency.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The stock market showed continued strength and buying by professional operators was on a large scale. There was a good demand from outsiders through commission houses at the opening, encouraged by the rise in prices yesterday and yesterday's professional buyers were free sellers to realize while this lasted. The market then came to the customary halt after such a process before taking up an advance. An eager demand developed for Missouri Pacific and affected nearly all the Gould southwestern group in sympathy. Not only the stocks alone, but the securities of this group of railroads were affected. Missouri Pacific held the leadership of the market throughout the day and made a late advance to $49\frac{5}{8}$, an extreme rise of 2 points. The motive of this buying was the Wall Street rumors of plans for merging the various railroad properties in the southwest in which the Goulds are interested. Good buying set in early for the grangers' Pacifics and Atchison preferred and after midday New York Central was suddenly pushed up an extreme 2-3. Large buying of Pennsylvania at an advance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ seemed to be associated with the New York Central movement, but later an attempt was made to connect the latter with Union Pacific and Northwestern by manipulating the price of those two stocks. All of Northwestern's gain was subsequently lost. The manner in which the buying demand progressed through the railroad list, together with the upward tendency in sugar, prompted the professionals to attempt a movement in the industrial stocks, leather preferred, federal steel, tin plate and central electric, were bid between one and two points, and New York Air brake made a characteristic upward dash of 19 points.

Mexican Central rose quite conspicuously $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent under the sentimental influence of the opening in New York of subscriptions for the new Mexican refunding loan. Sugar, Manhattan and Brooklyn transit dropped sharply from top figures and many of the gains in the industrials were practically wiped out. Prices of the railroads sagged considerably from the top and the closing of the market was decidedly heavy, net gains only partly retained. The money market was easier today and confidence is felt that the supply will become still more abundant at a very early date.

Total sales par value $3,365,000.

U. S. 2's registered declined a $\frac{1}{4}$ and the 3's and $\frac{1}{8}$, while the old 4's registered advanced a $1\frac{1}{4}$ in the bid price.

What is Shiloh?

A grand old remedy for Cough, colds, and Consumption; used through the world for a half century, has cured innumerable cases of incipient consumption and relieved many in advanced stages. If you are not satisfied with the results we will refund your money. Price 25 cents, 50 cents and $1. For sale by Webster Bros., druggists.

You Try It.

If Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure, which is sold for the small price of 25 cents, 50 cents and $1, does not cure take the bottle back and we will refund your money. Sold for over fifty years on this guarantee. Price 25 cents and 50 cents. For sale at Webster Bros., druggists.

Many a Lover

Has turned with disgust from an otherwise lovable girl with an offensive breath. Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the breath by its action on the bowels, etc., as nothing else will. Sold for years on absolute guarantee. Price 25 cents, 50 cents. For sale by Webster Bros., druggists.

Sick Headaches,

The curse of overworked womankind, are quickly and surely cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea, the greatest blood purifier and tissue builder. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Price 25 cents and 50 cents. For sale by Webster Bros., druggists.

Young Mothers.

Croup is the terror of thousands of young mothers because its outbreak is so agonizing and frequently fatal. Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure acts like magic in cases of Croup. It has never been known to fail. The worst cases relieved immediately. Price 25 50 cents and $1. For sale by Webster Bros., druggists.

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The largest and only house on the Pacific Coast who handle exclusively the Eastern Oil Well Supply Co.'s machinery and tools, and the ONLY FIRM selling oil well supplies who have OPERATED and had EXPERIENCE in the Pennsylvania and West Virginia oil fields. We furnish EXPERIENCED well drillers when desired and handle the very latest improved machinery and tools.

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All communications addressed to our Hanford house will be promptly answered.

ANOTHER COMBINATION.

All the Eastern Granite Quarries to Combine.

PORTLAND, Me., July 12.—J. G. Batterson Jr., vice president of the New England granite works, confirms the report that a combination of various Eastern quarries is under way. There are about fifteen properties which will be included in the combine which will represent some $12,000,000 capital.

All the work in the consolidation movement is being done by the owners themselves and not a share of stock will be offered to the public.

In explaining why the consolidation was necessary, Mr. Batterson said that the high grade granite industry in New England had been to some extent injured by the large quantity of poor quality granite which had been placed on the market during the past few years. It is understood that John Pierce one of the largest owners of granite quarries in this section, together with Booth Bros., who own the Hurricane Isle granite works in Maine, are supporting the movement.

COOPER'S WILL

Filed for Probate in San Francisco.

His Estate Divided Very Evenly Between His Wife and His Children.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—The will of J. B. H. Cooper, who died at Santa Cruz on June 21st, leaving an estate estimated to be worth $3,000,000, was filed for probate today.

The estate consists of landed property in various parts of the state, stocks, bonds, cash in bank, etc. The devisees are the widow and four children of decedent.

The will devises to Marth M. Cooper, the widow, one-fifth of the Moro Cojo ranch, in Monterey county, a tract of 2500 acres, and the remaining four-fifths to J. B. R. Cooper, Abelardo E. and Alfred H. G. Cooper and Alice F. Dillon, children of decedent.

To the widow is also given other realty holdings in Monterey county, as well as decedents stock in the bank of Monterey, together with all life insurance, paid up and otherwise.

Large amounts of property are devised to the children named. All of this has been deeded by testator and the will ratifies each conveyance. Mrs. Cooper and J. B. R. Cooper are named as executors of the will. The witnesses are S. F. Geil and M. Hughes of Salinas City.

In a codicil J. B. R. Cooper is given valuable pieces of property in Kings City and certain shares of stock of the Cooper Ulrey Company at Kings City.

N. Nathan has returned from San Francisco where he attended the funeral of his father-in-law, Mr. L. Euphrat, who died on his way from Florida to San Francisco.

Kodaks and Cameras,

Photographic supplies at Buker & Colson's.

To Cure a Cough Quickly

Use "974" cough syrup, at Buker & Colson's.

Solio

Eastman's solio paper and films always fresh at Buker & Colson's.

NEWS OF SELMA.

E. K. Dustin, a pioneer of Kingsburg, but a recent resident of Selma, died Sunday, July 9th, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. C. Warner, east of Selma. He had resided long in this county and came to Kingsburg from Kansas and from there moved to near Selma. The funeral took place from the Presbyterian church, Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and interment was in the I. O. O. F. cemetery. A large number of friends followed the remains to the cemetery. A widow and several children are left to mourn his loss.

Monday Thomas H. Ellis died in Selma from cancer of the mouth, at the age of 72 years, 10 months and 22 days. His funeral took place today at 10 o'clock from his residence. By the death of Mr. Ellis another of the early pioneers is gone. He came to California in '49 and resided in Merced county until four years ago, when he moved to Selma, where he had since resided. A wife and eleven children remain to mourn his loss. Although taken in the fullness of years, nevertheless, his death will be regretted none the less by those to whom he was dear.

The Union Temperance meeting at the Presbyterian church, Sunday night, was well attended. All the churches in town had been invited to take part in the meeting. Mrs. L. F. King, State Organizer for the W. C. T. U. made the address of the evening and it was listened to with close attention. Remarks were made by Rev. Woolpert, Skaggs and Thompson, and special music was rendered by the choirs of the several churches.

The fire department was called out Sunday to extinguish a fire in a pile of lumber back of Vincent's blacksmith shop. The lumber was all burned and the blacksmith shop had a close call from destruction.

Professor and Mrs. Lindsey left Monday morning for the coast. Mr. Lindsey drove to Alcalde and Mrs. Lindsey went that far on the train so as to avoid the hot drive across the West Side.

Luther Elliott left Sunday for Ventura, where he will spend his summer vacation.

Henry Berry returned Sunday from Alaska. He reports that Fred Berry and wife, who recently started for Alaska, had returned to San Francisco and would not go to the land of cold and gold until this fall.

J. P. Lester returned Saturday night from Alaska. He came down when Berry did, but left him in San Francisco. He does not bring very flattering reports from Alaska. He says that the Berrys are about the only ones from Selma that have made anything there this year. Fred Otis, Gilbert and others from Selma are working for Berry Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. V. I. Willis returned from Antioch this week, where they had gone to spend the Fourth of July.

CORRESPONDENT.

Selma, July 11, 1899.

COMING HOME.

Will Start a Bank With a Branch in Argentina.

NEW YORK, July 12.—A dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says: W. I. Buchanan, United States minister, has sailed for Montevideo, where he will remain two days. He will go then to Rio Janeiro and embark there on the steamer Buffin for New York.

It is stated that Minister Buchanan intends to resign his position and start a banking house with a branch office in Argentina.

Mr. Buchanan has signed the commercial treaty between Argentina and the United States.

DICK WILLIAMS ALIVE

He is Now Guarded by a Squad of Deputy Sheriffs.

CHICAGO, July 12.—A special to the Times-Herald from Topeka, Kas., says: "Dick" Williams, who was hanged to a telephone pole in Alma on Sunday afternoon, and after six minutes was rescued by City Marshal Pipps, is still a live and physicians at Alma say he may survive. Williams' neck was not broken because he was raised slowly and did not receive a fall. A squad of twenty-five armed deputy sheriffs is on guard at the jail They have orders from Sheriff Treu to shoot to kill if another attempt is made to lynch Williams.